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#  <br> MEDEA OF EURIPIDES, <br> WITH NOTES AND AN INTRODUCTION, 

BY

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## PREFACE.

Of the conjectural emendations in the text of the Medea which have been, especially during the last few decades, proposed in great numbers, such and such only have been adopted in the present edition as seemed to me either quite certain or in the highest degree probable. For the rest the best manuscripts have been closely followed in the main. Anything like an incisive treatment of the text is, in my opinion, out of place in editions intended for learners. Only in a few hopelessly garbled passages the need of furnishing a readable text in decent metrical form has led me to admit bolder and more uncertain alterations. Here due warning is given the reader in the notes.

In interpretation I have striven for correctness rather than for originality, and have of course derived much from others. Brevity had to be studied, but I have not knowingly slurred over any real difficulty.

The following editions have been used: Porson's; Elmsley's (German reprint with Hermann's notes); Kirchhoff's editions of 1855 and 1867; Dindorf's (Oxford edition 1841, and Poetae Scenici 1868); Nauck's 3d edition, 1871, 841619
also his Euripideische Studien; Schoene's Medea, 1853; Pflugk and Klotz's 3d edition, 1867; Witschel's, 1858; Paley's 2d edition, 1872; Weil's, 1868; Hogan's Medea, 1873; Wecklein's Medea, 1874. This last-named excellent work has been of especial use.

Corrections or suggestions from any quarter will be gratefully received.
F. D. A.

Cincinnati, September, 1876.


## INTRODUCTION.

## I. EURIPIDES.

§ 1. Life. - What we know of Euripides' personal history, excluding what is plainly fabulous, is substantially this. He lived from 480 , or a little earlier, to 406 в. o. The current belief was that he was born in Salamis on the day of the seafight, but this has the air of an invention. His father's name was Mnesarchus or Mnesarchides; his mother's, Clito. The latter at least was of humble origin. Euripides was of a studious and speculative turn, an ardent disciple of the philosophers and sophists of his day, Anaxagoras, Prodicus, Socrates, and others. His first play he exhibited at the age of twenty-five; thirteen years later he gained for the first time the first prize. Of a gloomy temperament, never personally popular with his countrymen, and not successful in his profession at first (he won only five dramatic victories), he seams to have suffered from a morbid sensitiveness, a consciousness of being misunderstood, a feeling sometimes reflected in his works. He lived aloof from the world, in the midst of his large collection of books. There was some trouble in his domestic relations; with neither his first nor his second wife did he live happily. His last years were spent abroad, first in Magnesia, then at the court of Archelaus, the Macedonian king, at Pella, where he died and was buried, a cenotaph being erected at Athens. He left three sons, the youngest of whom followed his father's profession. The popularity of his plays at the close of his life and throughout later antiquity was extraordinary.
§ 2. WOrks. -Öf Euripides' 75 (according to others 92) plays, there have come down to us 19 , or excluding the ${ }^{\text {'P }} \hat{\eta} \sigma o s$, which is almost universally thought to be spurious, 18. These



 following six are known with certainty : Alcestis, 438; Medea, 431 ; Hippolytus, 428; Troades, 415; Helena, 412; Orestes, 408. A few others can be approximately placed. The Bacchae and Iphigenia in Aulis were produced after the poet's death.
§ 3. Spirit and Tendency. - Though a contemporary of Sophocles, Euripides belongs in spirit to a different age. He is a representative of the new Athens of his time, of the new ideas, political, moral, and aesthetic, which were just coming into vogue, supplanting the sterner and simpler notions of the old-fashioned citizens. It is the Athens of Demosthenes and Praxiteles, rather than that of Pericles and Phidias, for which Euripides wrote. Rhetoric and philosophical speculation had much to do with this change. Euripides shares the artificial tastes and the sceptical spirit of the new school.

To give vivid pictures of human passion is Euripides' chief aim, and in this his strength lies. He is in no sympathy with the mythical spirit ; the myths he uses only as the vehicle of his own conceptions. The notion of an all-controlling Fate and of a hereditary family curse are much less prominent than with Aeschylus and Sophocles. There is less lofty ideality in his conceptions ; his characters are more like those of every-day life, their passions less removed from common experience. This accords in general with modern taste ; indeed, it has often been observed that Euripides stands nearer to the modern dramatists than do his predecessors. He excites often a livelier sympathy; hence Aristotle calls him "the most tragic of the poets." But Euripides has sometimes gone too far in this direction, and introduced characters too commonplace and incidents altogether trivial.
§ 4. Style. - Euripides is smooth and dexterous in the use of language; free from the turgidity of Aeschylus, but not free from rhetorical artifice. Even smaller verbal quibbles, paradoxical expressions, alliterations, and the like, he does not disdain. Characteristic of him are the long arguments between his personages on questions of right and wrong, sometimes quite irrelevant to the matter in hand. Almost every play has one or more of these. The author delights, even when one side is manifestly in the wrong, to display his skill in making out a specious argument. He is fond of philosophizing through the mouths of his characters, and the abundance of maxims ( $\gamma \nu \hat{\omega} \mu a l$ ), reflections, and generalizations on social and religious topics - another effect of the rhetorical training of that day - went far to render Euripides attractive in later times. The histrionic art had developed in his day, and this influenced composition; the actors had to be furnished with telling and pointed speeches and striking situations. Scenery, too, had come to be a matter of importance, and some plays (Troad., Her. Fur.) must have depended largely on their scenic effects for success.
§ 5. Form. - The internal economy of his plays is often defective; his plots lack coherence and compactness. In general he relies on striking passages and thrilling scenes more than on unity and symmetry of the whole. But there is much difference among his plays in this respect. Two things have been especially blamed: 1. The so-called $\theta$ єòs $\dot{a} \pi \grave{̀} \mu \eta \chi \mu \nu \hat{\eta} s$, the express interference of a god at the end of the play to solve the difficulties of the situation. 2. His prologues, long soliloquies in which the situation is expounded, often baldly and awkwardly, to the hearers. Euripides was responsible for metrical and musical innovations concerning the merits of which we can no longer judge. The chorus is diminished in importance; its odes are often mere interludes, having little to do with the dramatic situation. His later pieces show frequent resolutions in the iambi, and contain long and irregularly constructed monodies.
§ 6. Moral Tendency. - Euripides has been unjustly at-
tacked (notably by Aristophanes the comedian, and in modern times by Schlegel) on ground of exercising a debasing influence on morals. But much that seemed corrupting to his conservative contemporaries, as Aristophanes, cannot appear so to us; and those sentiments which have been cited as inculcating false morality seem mostly harmless when taken in connection with the situation and the persons who utter them. They are not to be taken for Euripides' own sentiments. To a few places in which the justice and providence of the gods are openly denied, exception may, perhaps, be fairly taken.
§ 7. His Misogynism was much blamed by the ancients, but this trait has been greatly exaggerated. Euripides brings forward in several plays women of strong passions and doing great mischief (Medea, Phaedra, Hecuba), but on the other hand has depicted noble and admirable types of womanhood (Alcestis, Iphigenia, Macaria). He possessed a deep insight into female character, and was fond of portraying it in all its phases, the dark as well as the light. He is particularly skilful in this, and his women, even the bold and unlovely ones, are thoroughly feminine.

Without trying to excuse his many defects, and without pretending to rank him with Aeschylus and Sophocles, we must yet recognize in Euripides dramatic genius of a high order.
§ 8. Manuscripts and Scholia. - The Euripidean manuscripts were first classified by Kirchhoff in his edition of 1855. Those which possess any authority form two classes. Nine plays (Hec., Or., Phoen., Med., Hipp., Alc., Andr., Troad., Rhes.) are extant in Mss. of both classes, the remaining ten in those of the second class only. These last plays were little known and read by the Byzantines, and have narrowly escaped perishing altogether.

Class 1. Uninterpolated copies (complete or partial) of a recension current in the Middle Ages, comprising the nine plays above mentioned. These Mss. have the highest authority. The principal ones are: Codex Marcianus in Venice (5 plays),

Cod. Vaticanus (9 plays), Cod. Havniensis (Copenhagen, 9 plays), Cod. Parisinus (6 plays).

Class 2. Copies of a different and far rarer recension which embraced at least 19 pieces, but contained a text of less purity, which had been tampered with by would-be correctors. The authority of these Mss. is therefore inferior, and the plays found only in them are accordingly difficult of criticism and cannot be so nearly restored. The two most important Mss. of this class are Cod. Palatinus at Rome (13 plays) and Cod. Florentinus ( 18 plays).

Scholia exist only to the nine plays found in Mss. of Class 1. Some of them are old and valuable. They are edited by W. Dindorf, Oxford, 1863, in 4 vols.
§ 9. Editions. - I name only the most important and comprehensive, omitting all of single plays:-
R. Porson (4 plays), 1797-1811.
P. Elmsley (3 plays), 1813-1821.
G. Hermann (12 plays), 1800-1841.
A. Matthiae, large edition, 10 vols., 1813-1837. Now antiquated.
W. Dindorf, Oxford edition with notes, 4 vols., 1832-1840. Most recently in Poetae Scenici Graeci, Leipzig, 1870.

Pflugk and Klotz (11 plays), Gotha and Leipzig, 1840-1867. Overconservative.
A. Kirchhoff, larger edition with critical notes only, 2 vols., Berlin, 1855. This edition marks a new epoch in the text-criticism. Smaller edition with chief variants, 3 vols., Berlin, 1868.
A. Nauck, Text, 2 vols., Leipzig, 1871. Valuable emendations.
f. A. Paley, English notes, 3 vols., London, 1858-1860 (Vols. I. and II. now in second edition, 1872-1875).
H. Weil (7 plays), French notes, Paris, 1868.

## II. THE MEDEA.

§ 10. The Medea was produced в. c. 431, with the Philoctetes, Dictys, and Theristae, and took only the third prize. It is presumably the earliest of the preserved plays, except the Alcestis. In merit it ranks at least as high as any.
§ 11. Outline of the Plot. - Medea is the daughter of Aeetes, king of Colchis, and like her father's sister, Circe, is .endowed with knowledge of magic. Enamored of Jason, who comes with the Argonauts in quest of the Golden Fleece, she has enabled him by her arts to accomplish the tasks imposed on ${ }^{\prime}$ him by Aeetes, - the yoking of the fire-breathing bulls, the sowing of the dragon's teeth, the destruction of the crop of armed warriors, -and finally to slay the dragon which guarded the fleece itself; she has killed her brother Apsyrtus to facilitate their escape by detaining the pursuers, and has fled with Jason to Greece. They arrive at Iolcus in Thessaly, where the crafty Pelias, Jason's uncle, is king. The throne is rightfully Jason's, for Pelias had seized it from Aeson, Jason's father, and between the usurper and the rightful claimant there is mutual fear and distrust. In Jason's behalf Medea compasses the death of $\mathrm{Pe}-$ lias; she persuades his own daughters to slay him and boil him in a kettle, in the belief that through her enchantments they will thus be able to renew his youth. From the consequences of this deed Jason and Medea seek refuge in flight, and make their abode in Corinth. Here they live peacefully as exiles for a time, but Jason presently tires of his barbarian spouse, devoted though she is, and longs for a connection which shall advance him in wealth and dignity in his new home; accordingly he deserts Medea, and receives in marriage the daughter of Creon, the king of the country. | All the passion of Medea's wild and unbridled nature is roused by this indignity. Here the play opens.

Prologue (1-130). - Medea's nurse in a soliloquy sets forth
the situation and describes her mistress's passionate grief, which she fears may lead her to some desperate deed. The tardaywós or slave-guardian of Medea's two children enters with his charge. He has heard a rumor that Medea and the children are banished by a royal edict. He is bidden to withhold this from Medea, and to keep the boys in close seclusion. Medea's voice is heard from within in outbursts of despair and rage.

Parodus (131-213). - The Chorus of Corinthian women, friends of Medea, approach to express their sympathy. Medea still speaks from within. The nurse, at the request of the chorus, enters the house to persuade her mistress to appear.

First Episode (214-409). - Medea comes forth in answer to the summons, in a calmer mood. She describes her forlorn condition feelingly, and exacts from the chorus a promise of silence in case she shall find means for requiting her enemies. Creon now enters to announce the decree of exile against her, on ground of threats uttered against the royal family. Medea feigns submission and innocence, and by humble entreaty obtains a respite of one day. No sooner is Creon's back turned than her mien changes, and she declares her intention of accomplishing her revenge within the allotted day, - by her secret arts, should any refuge open to her where she may afterwards seek safety, otherwise openly, dagger in hand. She will meanwhile wait to see whether such means of safety shall present themselves.

First Stasimon (410-445). - A choral ode.
Second Episode (446-626). - A spirited scene between Jason and Medea. The former comes to offer Medea money for her journey. To her passionate invective Jason replies with what sophistry he may. The calm impudence with which he proffers his wretched excuses for his conduct, and even feigns to act the magnanimous toward the woman he has wronged, reveal him as a heartless villain. His offers of assistance are scornfully rejected.

Second Stasimon (627-662). - A choral song.
Third Episode (663-823). - The hoped-for aid comes to Me-
dea in the person of Aegeus, who chances to be passing through Corinth on his way to consult Pittheus concerning an obscure oracle which has been given him at Delphi. He asks the cause of Medea's grief, and at her entreaty promises her protection if she will come to his court at Athens. When Aegeus is gone, Medea unfolds to the chorus the plan which she has dimly had in mind from the outset. She will send her children to the princess, Jason's bride, entreating her intercession in their behalf, and they shall take her as a present a poisoned robe, to put on which will be certain death. Having thus destroyed her rival, she will slay her own children as the bitterest retaliation she can inflict on Jason. In pursuance of this plan the nurse is despatched to summon Jason to a new interview.

Third Stasimon (824-865). - Choral ode.
Fourth Episode (866-975). - Jason reappears, and Medea in an altered tone pretends to have considered the matter anew, and to have laid aside her wrath. She asks forgiveness for her former language, expresses approval of his course, and begs for his good offices with his bride in behalf of the children. Jason, thrown completely off his guard, promises this, and the boys are sent with the gifts. Remarkable in this scene is the mixture of real and pretended feeling on Medea's part; in the midst of her feigned contrition she is melted to real tears at the thought of what awaits the children.

Fourth Stasimon (976-1001). - Choral ode.
Fifth Episode (1002-1250). - The paedagogus, returning with the children, announces that their mission has been successful, and that the boys are freed from the sentence of banishment. Medea bids him retire, and struggles long with herself; her heart fails her when she thinks of child-murder, but her evil passions nerve her to the deed. A pause ensues while they await further news, which is filled by a long anapaestic passage from the chorus. Then a messenger arrives in breathless haste to bring tidings of the catastrophe. The princess and Creon are killed by the poisoned robe. Their death is described at length. Medea enters the house to slay her children.

Fifth Stasimon (1251-1292). -The chorus implores the gods to prevent the unnatural crime. The cries of the ill-fated children are heard from within.

Exodus (1293-1419). - Jason comes hoping to save his children from the hands of the exasperated Corinthians. Learning what has just happened, he is overwhelmed with rage and sorrow. As he is trying to force his way into the dwelling, Medea, with the bodies of the children, appears aloft in a chariot drawn by winged dragons, which has suddenly been sent to her aid by Helios. After some further parley, Medea annonnces that she will bury the bodies in the temple of Hera Acraea, and institute a solemn feast in their honor ; then predicting Jason's death, she departs exulting in the completeness of her revenge.
§ 12. Remarks. - The interest all centres in Medea and her all-absorbing passion. Her love and hate are terrible in their strength. The poet lays stress on her being a foreigner; he means to depict human nature in its wilder phase, with passions unmitigated by the restraining influences of laws and Hellenic civilization. Aside from this vehemence there is no grandeur in the character, no moral elevation. Our sympatiny can only partly go with her; we cannot, even from a Greek point of view, approve her revenge, nor regard it as a deed necessary under the circumstances; yet there is a vivid reality in it.

But how is it that the murder of his children is so terrible a punishment for Jason, worse than even his own death, which Medea is perfectly able to bring aboat? Certainly it is not that Jason loves the children so extraordinarily. For although 562 flg., 914 fig. he affects great interest in their welfare, still this does not prevent his acquiescing quite unconcernedly in the decree which banishes them, nor does it occur to him to attempt to have this decree revoked until Medea, 940, proposes it ; his indifference to his children is subject of remark, 76, and Medea taunts him with it, 1396, 1401. He first shows real solicitude in their behalf after the death of his bride. The real force of the punishment consists then in leaving him without children to
perpetuate the family and to support him in old age, and is fully felt only in connection with the murder of his new wife, which cuts off all hope of future offspring. The bitterness of this lot to a Greek mind can be only imperfectly understood by us. To him the extinction of his race was a terrible misfortune. And that herein lies the weight of Medea's revenge is plain from 803 fig. and 1348. It is, however, to be noted that the poet ignores the obvious possibility that Jason may take yet a third wife and beget children. We might, indeed, understand the prediction of Jason's death, 1386, as intended to cut off this resource, if we supposed a speedy death to be meant; but that again is hardly consistent with the words $\mu$ éve кai $\gamma \hat{\eta} p a s, 1396$. There is, therefore, plainly, this weak point in the construction of the piece.

The sending of the dragon-chariot is a sudden intervention on the part of the god, for otherwise Medea's excuse for her childmurder, that the boys must in any case die (1060, 1236), would not hold good, since there would be the possibility of her saving them as well as herself by flight. Aristotle blames this supernatural intervention at the close, but there is this to be said for it, that the winding-up of the action does not depend in any great measure on it, there being nothing to show that Medea herself could not escape without the chariot, as she has expected to do throughout. The most that the chariot does is to enable her to rescue and bury the bodies of the children, and to appear triumphant in the last colloquy with Jason, while it enhances, of course, the scenic effect of the close. With more justice one might find fault with the introduction of Aegeus, whose appearance just at the nick of time is purely accidental and not brought about by anything in the action itself. In fact this scene has little dramatic interest or import, and seems to be introduced mainly to bring on the stage an Athenian national hero.

It is somewhat surprising to find Medea at the end imposing a festival in atonement for her own crime on the Corinthians, whom she has just made her bitter enemies. We must suppose
that the authority of Hera is to effect this, who is the protectress of Medea as of all the Argonauts.*
The character of Jason is that of complete selfishness, a selfishness which has overrun and stifled his natural good impulses. Creon is imperious but well-meaning. Aegeus is a mere layfigure. The servants, on the other hand, are well conceived; the nurse, with her bustling anxiety, is particularly good.
§ 13. Question of Double Recension. - There seems to be some reason for thinking that the Medea has undergone a revision or alteration since its first production, and that we have not the play exactly in its original. form. Porson, Boeckh, Hermann, and others have thought this; Elmsley, Matthiae, Pflugk, have denied it. The chief considerations in favor are: 1. The dittography (passage written in two ways), 723, 724, 729, $730=$ $725-728$; see note. Hermann thinks $777=778,779$, another such. 2. Words quoted from Medea, but not found in our play. Such are the words $\AA \theta \epsilon \rho \mu o ́ \beta o v \lambda o v ~ \sigma \pi \lambda \alpha^{\prime} \gamma \chi^{\nu} o v$, said by the Schol. Aristoph. Ach. 119 to be èv $\boldsymbol{\tau} \hat{\eta}$ M $\eta \delta \in \epsilon i ́ a$ Eúpınídov. Aristophanes Pax 1012 quotes èк M Mocías (whose Medea he does not say) ódó$\mu a v$, ỏ $\lambda_{o ́ \mu} \mu \nu$, not in our Medea (yet see 97), but found Iph. T. 152. Lastly in Ennius' Medea is a translation of the verse $\mu \sigma \sigma \hat{\omega} \sigma 0 \phi \iota-$
 from Euripides. None of these reasons are cogent; the dittography may be due to an interpolator, the Scholiast and Aristophanes might have quoted carelessly, and the Ennian verse is probably a case of contaminatio. Other things that have been urged as evidence of a double recension are altogether trifling.
§ 14. Relation to Neophron's Medea. - Neophron, a contemporary of Euripides, wrote a Medea which, according to Aristotle and Dicaearchus (see the first Hypothesis), served as a model for Euripides; nay, they seem to think the latter guilty of plagiarism in appropriating Neophron's work.

[^0]And in trath Neophron's play, as is plain from the extant fragments (see Appendix), was very like Euripides'. Aegeus was introduced, but as coming expressly to consult Medea about the oracle, not as on his way to Pitthets. There was likewise a scene corresponding to 1021 flg ., in which Medea wavered between love for her children and desire for revenge. And at the end Jason's death was predicted by Medea as at 1386, not, however, the same manner of death, but suicide.

If, as is implied in the above statement, Neophron's play was written before Euripides', the credit for the design must be due in large measure to the former; Euripides must have followed him closely in the plot and construction of the piece, though that he borrowed his language is unlikely.* But the peculiar power of the Euripidean play seems to have thrown its predecessor quite into the shade.
§ 15. Scenery, etc. - The scene represents the front of Medea's house, the orchestra an open space before it. The palace and Jason's house are supposed to be on the right, the side whence personages coming from the city or harbor regularly entered. At the end of the piece Medea and her dragon-car appear aloft, either upon the $\mu \eta \chi$ aví, a contrivance for sudden apparitions situated at the top of the scene-wall, or on the aiopppa, a swinging machine suspended with cords from above.

The Protagonist had of course the part of Medea; the Deuteragonist probably those of the nurse, Jason, and the messenger; the Tritagonist those of the paedagogus, Creon, and Aegens. The few lines assigned the boys (outcries from behind the scene) would also be spoken by the Deuteragonist and Tritagonist.

[^1]
## III. ORIGIN AND DEVELOPMENT OF THE MYTH.

§ 16. Medea's adventures at Corinth seem at first view to be a sort of appendage or sequel to the story of the Argonautic expedition; in reality, however, they are a separate and independent legend which was only later brought into connection with the Argonauts. The Corinthian Medea is essentially a distinct personage from the Argonautic, although both are perhaps developments of the same germinal idea.
§ 17. The Argonautic Story. - This legend was at home among the Minyae of Iolcus and Orchomenus; it was their national epic in the earliest times, later modified and enlarged beyond its original boundaries by the poets, so that it became common Hellenic property. Aea, the land where the Golden Fleece is kept, is a sunny enchanted island in the distant sea. Homer thinks of it as somewhere in the west, but the Minyans, whose sea-outlook was an easterly one, must naturally have sought it in the east, and there it became at last fixed.

The Homeric Poems allude simply to the Argonaut myth as something well known, mention Jason as having passed the $\pi \lambda a \gamma \kappa \tau a i ́$ or clashing rocks, and as having visited Lemnos, know Aeetes as son of Helios and sister of Circe.* Medea is not spoken of.

Hesiod's Theogony, 960 flg., 992 flg. Here is the earliest mention of Medea. She is daughter of Aeetes and Idyia, helps Jason perform the orovóevtes ä́ $\theta \lambda$ or laid on him by Pelias, returns with Jason to Iolcus, lives with him there and bears a son, who is reared by Chiron the centaur. Medea is here distinctly a goddess.

[^2]Pindar in the fourth Pythian ode gives a long and beautiful
HeCOI account of the sending of the expedition, and the adventures of the Argonauts, which closes with the return of Jason and Medea. Colchis is now for the first time fixed as the abode of Aeetes.

Of other poets' treatment of this theme we know next to nothing. Only in its latest phase, with many embellishments, it reappears in the Argonautica of Apollonius.

Medea's rôle in this myth is a subordinate one. She is but the enchantress who helps Jason obtain the fleece. Preller thinks that the old fable closed with the death of Pelias through her wiles.
§ 18. The Corinthian Legend. - That this is not a mere amplification of the Argonautic story, but a primitive local myth, is clear from this, that it was bound up with very ancient religious rites. The Corinthians had, we know, the custom of performing yearly propitiatory sacrifices to atone for the murder of Medea's children; this rite was celebrated in connection with the worship of Hera ákpoía, a national divinity of Corinth. Their sepulchre was shown at Corinth in Pausanias' time. The tale was variously told, and its earlier forms are quite unlike the tragic story. The germ is everywhere the killing of the children, either by Medea herself or by the Corinthians.

Medea is a benefactress of Corinth; she is said to have delivered the city from a famine ;* she appears at first as queen; indeed, she was conceived of as divine. $\dagger$

Eumelus, a Corinthian poet (about 750 в. с.) in his Kopıvөıaкá treated this subject at length. $\ddagger$ According to him Medea was queen of Corinth. The sovereignty belonged to her, since the throne had formerly been assigned her father Aeetes by Helios; and

[^3]the Corinthians, being without a ruler, had sent for her to Iolcus. Jason is joint ruler with her. As fast as her children are born she hides * them in the temple of Hera, $\dagger$ hoping to make them immortal ; failing in this she is discovered by Jason, who returns to Iolcus, and Medea departs also, leaving the throne to Sisyphus. Doubtless the poem further described the institution of the expiatory sacrifice.

Parmeniscus, an Alexandrine commentator, gives, we know not from what source, a different account. $\ddagger$ The Corinthians, uneasy under Medea's rule, plotted to kill her and her children, seven boys and seven girls. The latter fled to the temple of Hera Acraea, and the Corinthians slew them at the altar. For this desecration they were visited with a pest which raged until, directed by an oracle, they instituted yearly expiatory rites, which were observed up to his (Parmeniscus') time. Seven boys and seven girls, offspring of noble families, were every year shut up apart in the sacred enclosure and there offered sacrifices.

A curious variation was that given in the Naviákrıa èn $\boldsymbol{\eta}$, § an obscure epic of the Hesiodean school, which narrated the Argonautic story. Here we learn that Jason (and of course Medea) went, not to Corinth, but to Corcyra, and that their son Mermerus was killed in hunting. Now as Corcyra was a Corinthian colony, this notice is interesting as showing that a legend very like the Corinthian was current there.

The early epic poet, Creophylus, author of the Oixadías $\tilde{a}^{\lambda} \omega \omega$

* кaтaxpúmtєıv. Or buries? Perhaps somewhat as Demeter (Hymn. Hom. v. 239) buried (крט́ntєбкє) Celeus' infant in fire to make him immortal.
$\dagger$ The friendship of Hera for Medea is explained by Schol. Pind. Ol. xiii. 52, thus: Zeus was enamored of Medea, but she rejected his suit, and in return Hera promised to make her children immortal.
$\ddagger$ Schol. Med. 273.
$\&$ Paus. ii. 3, 7.
$\sigma$ s, had the story in a less primitive form.* Medea is no longer queen; she kills the king Creon by drugs, and flees to Athens, leaving her children behind her on the altar of Hera, thinking that Jason will care for them. Here the relatives of Creon slay them, but give out that Medea has done the deed herself.

Simonides seems somewhere to have touched on this theme (Bergk, frag. 48). Medea and Jason he makes again rulers of Corinth, and expressly contradicts the older tale that Jason nemained in Iolcus. Further than this we know nothing of his treatment.

Yet a step nearer the tragic form of the tale is that which Pausanias $\dagger$ gives as the current account in his time. Glance the princess now appears; she meets her death through gifts brought her by Medea's sons, Mermerus and Pheres, who are stoned to death by the Corinthians. A pestilence then comes upon their children, to avert which the statue of Terror ( $\Delta$ eipua) is set up, and the regular sacrifices are instituted, at which they wear black and shave their children's heads. These solemnities were observed, he says, down to the destruction of Corinth by Mummius. A fountain was moreover shown, into which Glance cast herself when in the agonies of death.

The tragedians were thought to have first hit upon. the idea of making Medea kill her own children, and in this sense an absurd report $\ddagger$ was current, which represented that Euripides was bribed by the Corinthians to lay the murder upon Medea. But we see traces of this same conception of Medea as the murderer in Creophylus' account and the mystical narrative of Eumelus, so that it evidently existed long before, side by side with the commoner story. Nor can we doubt that Jason's unfaithfulness and Medea's revenge were elements ingrafted on the legend before it came into the tragedians' hands.

[^4]The original elements of the Corinthian story are, we see, these : Medea is a wise and divine benefactress, who comes from afar and rules the state. She and her mortal offspring stand under the protection of Hera. The children are destroyed how, was less clearly defined - and Medea departs as she came.

Jason is clearly no part of this tale, and perhaps the connection of Medea with Sisyphus, hinted at by the Scholiast to Pindar on Theopompus' authority, points to the older local tradition as to the paternity of the children. After the fusion of the Corinthian Medea with the Argonautic heroine, the poets were at great pains to connect the two legends, and Jason is introduced along with other new features.

There can be little doubt that Medea was originally worshipped as a goddess, and that the sacrifices were intended for her, but that she sank in time to the level of a mortal, while the original ceremonial was still maintained, transferred to the patronage of Hera.
§ 19. Physical Significance of the Myth. - Medea is the Moon, one of the many mythical impersonations of that luminary. The Moon, like the Sun, is all-wise because all-seeing, but to her belong especially occult wisdom and the mysterious arts of enchantment, such as flourish under the weird influences of her light. Hence her name M $\eta^{\prime} \delta \epsilon a(\mu \eta \delta \epsilon \sigma-\iota a$ ), "wise woman," from $\mu \hat{\eta} \delta o s$. She is the Sun's offspring (originally, no doubt, his daughter), for the new moon seems to emanate from the sun. She comes from the far west, deserting her Sun-father's house on the western horizon, for the new moon is first seen in the west. Or she is thought of (doubtless later) as coming from the east, where the full moon rises. She abides for a time with increasing splendor; then wanes and disappears. Her children are probably stars, in particular the short-lived morning and evening stars.

This figure, which in Corinth took the shape of a preserver
and divine ruler,* became in the Thessalian myth rather an enchantress, and nothing was easier than for her to be incorporated into the story of the Argonauts, who sail into the same enchanted regions of the east or west in search of the Golden Fleece, which is nothing but the ruddy clouds of sunrise or sunset.

* Wecklein thinks Medea a Phoenician goddess, and that her worship was supplanted at Corinth by that of Hera, when she was transformed into a priestess of Hera. This seems very uncertain. More reasonable is his idea that the shutting up of the children stood instead of former human sacrifices.


## ErPIIIIDOヘ MH $\Delta$ EIA.

## YIIOOEEIE MHDEIA乏.

## [DIRAIAPXOT.]



















 те入єutŋ̄бal à̀тóv.








## APIZTOФANOY乏 TPAMMATIKOY YIIO@EEIL.



 жонía.



 pors. ov̀ $\sigma \dot{〔} \zeta$ eтa.

## TA TOY $\triangle$ PAMATOE IIPOZ』חA.

TPOФ0玉.
IIAIAAT®ГOг.
MHAEIA.
XOPOE TMNAIKON.
KPERN.
IAENN.
AIPETE.

ATLEAO2.
IIAIAES MHAEIAZ.

## MH $\Delta$ EIA.

## TPOФOE.

 Kó $\lambda \chi \omega \nu$ є́s aỉav кvavéas $\Sigma v \mu \pi \lambda \eta \gamma a ́ \delta a s$,
 $\tau \mu \eta \theta \epsilon \hat{\imath} \sigma a \pi \epsilon ข ́ \kappa \eta, \mu \eta \delta^{’}$ є’ $\rho \epsilon \tau \mu \omega ิ \sigma a \iota$ Хє́ $\rho a s$ $\dot{a} \nu \delta \rho \omega \nu$ ả $\rho i ́ \sigma \tau \omega \nu$, oî $\tau o ̀ ~ \pi a ́ \gamma \chi \rho v \sigma o \nu ~ \delta e ́ \rho o s ~$


 ov̉ ${ }^{\prime}$ à $\nu \kappa \tau a \nu \epsilon i ̂ \nu ~ \pi \epsilon i \sigma a \sigma a ~ \Pi \epsilon \lambda \iota a ́ \delta a s ~ к o ́ \rho a s ~$

 $\phi \nu \gamma \hat{\eta} \pi о \lambda \iota \tau \omega ิ \nu \boldsymbol{\omega} \nu$ áфíкєто $\chi$ Өóva
 $\ddot{\eta} \pi \epsilon \rho \mu \epsilon \gamma i \sigma \tau \eta$ रí $\boldsymbol{\gamma} \nu \in \tau a \iota$ б $\omega \tau \eta \rho i ́ a$, ö $\tau \alpha \nu \gamma \nu \nu \grave{\eta} \pi \rho o ̀ s ~ a ̈ \nu \delta \rho a ~ \mu \eta ̀ ~ \delta \iota \chi o \sigma \tau a \tau \hat{\eta}$.
 $\pi \rho o \delta o u ̀ s ~ \gamma a ̀ \rho ~ a u ̛ \tau o u ̂ ̀ ~ \tau \epsilon ́ к \nu a ~ \delta \epsilon \sigma \pi o ́ \tau \iota \nu ~ \tau ' ~ \epsilon ̇ \mu \eta ̀ \nu ~$





 $\kappa \epsilon i ̄ \tau a \iota \delta^{\prime}$ ä $\sigma \iota \tau \circ \varsigma, \sigma \hat{\omega} \mu^{\prime} \dot{v} \phi \in i \sigma^{\prime}$ ả $\lambda y \eta \delta o ́ \sigma \iota$,


 $\pi \rho o ́ \sigma \omega \pi o \nu \cdot$ ©s $\delta \grave{\epsilon} \pi \epsilon ́ \tau \rho o s$ ท̀ $\theta a \lambda a ́ \sigma \sigma \iota o s$


 каì үaîav oîkous $\theta^{\prime}$, ov̂s $\pi \rho o \delta o \hat{v} \sigma^{\prime}$ àфiкєто









 $\left.\kappa a ̈ \pi \epsilon \epsilon \tau \alpha \mu \epsilon i \zeta \omega \sigma \nu \mu \phi о \rho a ̀ \nu \lambda \alpha \beta_{\eta} \tau \iota \nu \alpha ́ \cdot\right]$

 45
 $\sigma \tau \epsilon i ́ \chi o v \sigma \iota, \mu \eta \tau \rho o ̀ s ~ o u ̉ \delta e ̀ \nu ~ e ̇ v \nu o o u ́ \mu \epsilon \nu o \iota ~$ $\kappa а к \bar{\omega} \nu \cdot \nu \in ́ a ~ \gamma a ̀ \rho ~ \phi \rho o \nu \tau i s ~ o u ̀ k ~ a ̀ \lambda y \epsilon i v ~ \phi \iota \lambda \epsilon \hat{i}$.

## MAIDAFתFOZ.

$\pi a \lambda a \iota o ̀ \nu$ оїкผע кт $\hat{\eta} \mu \alpha \delta \epsilon \sigma \pi о i \nu \eta s \in \epsilon \in \hat{\eta} s$, тí $\pi \rho o ̀ s ~ \pi u ́ \lambda \alpha \iota \sigma \iota ~ \tau \eta ́ \nu \delta^{\prime} a ̈ \gamma o v \sigma^{\prime} \epsilon \rho \eta \mu i \alpha \nu$ 50



TРОФОЕ.

 $\dot{\kappa} \alpha \kappa \bar{\omega} s \pi i \tau \nu o \nu \tau a$ каì $\phi \rho \epsilon \nu \omega \nu \nu \dot{\alpha} \nu \theta a ́ \pi \tau \epsilon \tau \alpha \iota$.

 $\lambda \epsilon ́ \xi a \iota \mu o \lambda o v ́ \sigma \eta ~ \delta \epsilon v ̂ \rho o ~ \delta \epsilon \sigma \pi o i ́ v \eta s ~ \tau v ́ \chi a s . ~$

## HAI AAFתГOE.


ТРОФО
$\zeta \eta \lambda \hat{\omega} \sigma^{\prime} \cdot$ év $^{\nu} \rho \chi \hat{\eta} \pi \hat{\eta} \mu a$ коv̇ $\delta \in ́ \pi \omega \mu \in \sigma o \hat{\imath}$. 60

## HAI $\triangle A \Gamma \Omega \Gamma O \Sigma$.

む $\mu \hat{\omega} \rho o s, ~ \epsilon i ̉ ~ \chi p \grave{\eta} \delta \epsilon \sigma \pi o ́ \tau a s ~ \epsilon i \pi \epsilon i \nu ~ \tau o ́ \delta \epsilon . ~$ $\bar{\omega} s$ ov̉ $\delta \grave{\nu} \nu$ oỉ $\epsilon \tau \tau \hat{\omega} \nu \nu \epsilon \omega \tau \epsilon ́ \rho \omega \nu \kappa а \kappa \hat{\omega} \nu$.

TPOФOE.


## MAIDAГתГO玉.

ov̉ס́́v • $\mu \epsilon \tau \epsilon ́ \gamma \nu \omega \nu$ каì $\tau \grave{a} \pi \rho o ́ \sigma \theta^{’}$ єíp $\eta \mu \in ́ \nu a$.

TPOФO』.
$\mu \eta^{\prime}, \pi \rho o ̀ s ~ y \in \nu \in ́ i o v, ~ к \rho v ́ \pi \tau \epsilon ~ \sigma u ́ \nu \delta o v \lambda o \nu ~ \sigma \epsilon ́ \theta є \nu \cdot ~ 65 ~$


## IIAI $\triangle A \Gamma \Omega \Gamma O \Sigma$.

ท้коvбá тov $\lambda \epsilon ́ \gamma o \nu \tau o s, ~ o v ̉ ~ \delta o \kappa \hat{\omega} \nu \kappa \lambda v ́ \epsilon \iota \nu$,


 70 $\sigma \grave{\nu}, \mu \eta \tau \rho i ̀ \mu \epsilon ́ \lambda \lambda о \iota \tau \hat{\eta} \sigma \delta \epsilon$ коípavos $\chi$ Oovòs Kрє́ $\omega \nu$. ó $\mu \in ́ \nu \tau o \iota ~ \mu \hat{v} \theta$ os $\epsilon i$ $\sigma a \phi \eta ̀ s ~ o ̊ \delta \epsilon ~$


TРОФО玉.



IIAIAAFתГOS.
$\pi a \lambda \alpha \iota \alpha ̀ ~ \kappa \alpha \iota \nu \hat{\omega} \nu \lambda \epsilon i ́ \pi \epsilon \tau \alpha \iota \kappa \eta \delta \epsilon \nu \mu a ́ \tau \omega \nu$,


TPOФOE.
à $\pi \omega \lambda o ́ \mu \epsilon \sigma \theta^{\prime}{ }^{a} \rho^{\prime}{ }^{\prime}, \epsilon i$ какò̀ $\pi \rho о \sigma о i ́ \sigma о \mu \in \nu$


IIAIDAFתFOS.



TРОФО




## MAIAAFתГOZ.

 85 és $\pi \hat{a} s$ тıs avitò $\tau$



TPOФO:.

 каi $\mu \eta ̀ \pi \epsilon ́ \lambda a \zeta \epsilon \mu \eta \tau \rho i \delta v \sigma \theta v \mu о \nu \mu \epsilon ́ \nu \eta$.
 $\tau 0 i ̂ \sigma \delta^{’} \omega \check{\omega} \tau \iota \delta \rho a \sigma \epsilon i ́ o v \sigma a \nu \cdot$ ov̉ $\delta \grave{\text { è }} \pi a v ́ \sigma \epsilon \tau a \iota$ Хó入ov, $\sigma a ́ \phi '$ oỉסa, $\pi \rho i \nu ~ к а \tau а \sigma \kappa \eta ̂ \psi a i ́ ~ \tau เ \nu a . ~$


MHDEIA.
' ${ }^{\prime} \dot{\prime}$,



TРОФО $\mathbf{\Sigma}$.
тó $\delta^{\prime}$ є̇кєivo, фí入oı $\pi a i ̂ \delta \epsilon s \cdot \mu \eta ́ \tau \eta \rho$ $\kappa \iota \nu \epsilon \hat{\imath} \kappa \rho a \delta i ́ \alpha \nu, \kappa \iota \nu \in \imath ̂ ~ \delta \epsilon ̀ ~ \chi o ́ \lambda o \nu . ~$ $\sigma \pi \epsilon u ́ \delta \epsilon \tau \epsilon \theta \hat{\alpha} \sigma \sigma o \nu \delta \omega ́ \mu a \tau o s \epsilon \ddot{\imath} \sigma \omega$,
$\kappa a i \mu \grave{\eta} \pi \epsilon \lambda a ́ \sigma \eta \tau$ ’ö $\mu \mu a \tau o s$ є́ $\gamma \gamma v ̃ s$, $\mu \eta \delta \grave{\epsilon} \pi \rho \circ \sigma \dot{\sigma} \epsilon ́ \lambda \theta \eta \tau^{2}, \dot{a} \lambda \lambda \grave{\alpha} \phi v \lambda a ́ \sigma \sigma \epsilon \sigma \theta^{\circ}$
 фрєעòs aủ日áSovs.
íтє $\nu \hat{v} \nu, \chi \omega \rho \epsilon \hat{\imath} \theta^{\prime} \dot{\omega} s \tau a ́ \chi o s ~ \epsilon i ̋ \sigma \omega$.


 $\mu \epsilon \gamma a \lambda o ́ \sigma \pi \lambda a \gamma \chi \nu o s \delta^{\prime} \delta \sigma \kappa a \tau a ́ \pi a v \sigma \tau 0$ ' $^{\prime}$ $\psi v \chi \grave{\eta} \delta \eta \chi \theta \epsilon \hat{\imath} \sigma a$ какоі̂бір ;

MHDEIA.
aiâ.

 $\pi a \hat{\imath} \delta \epsilon s$ ở ồ $\sigma \theta \epsilon \sigma \tau v \gamma \epsilon \rho \hat{a} s \mu d \tau \rho o ̀ s$


TPOФOE.
 тí $\delta \epsilon ́ ~ \sigma o \imath ~ \pi a i ̂ \delta \epsilon s ~ \pi a \tau \rho o ̀ s ~ a ́ \mu \pi \lambda \alpha к i ́ a s . ~$
 тє́к $\nu a, \mu \eta \eta^{\tau} \tau \pi \alpha^{\prime} \theta \eta \theta^{\prime} \dot{\omega} s$ vi $\pi \epsilon \rho a \lambda \gamma \omega$. $\delta \epsilon \iota \nu \grave{a} \tau v \rho a ́ \nu \nu \omega \nu \lambda \eta ́ \mu a \tau a$ каí $\pi \omega s$ ỏ入íy' ả $\rho \chi o ́ \mu \epsilon \nu о \iota \pi о \lambda \lambda \grave{a}$ кратоขิขтєs $\chi a \lambda \epsilon \pi \hat{\omega} \varsigma$ ó $\rho \gamma \dot{a} s \mu \epsilon \tau \alpha \beta a ́ \lambda \lambda o v \sigma \iota \nu$.
 $\kappa \rho \epsilon \hat{\imath} \sigma \sigma o \nu \cdot \epsilon \in \mu o i ̀ ~ \gamma o v ̂ \nu, ~ \epsilon i ̉ \mu \grave{\eta} \mu \epsilon \gamma a ́ \lambda \omega s$, ó $\chi v \rho \hat{\omega} s \gamma^{\prime} \epsilon i ̈ \eta$ катаүךрáбкєเข.
$\tau \hat{\omega} \nu \gamma$ à $\mu \epsilon \tau \rho i ́ \omega \nu \pi \rho \hat{\omega} \tau \alpha \mu \epsilon ̀ \nu ~ \epsilon i ̉ \pi \epsilon \hat{\imath} \nu$ 125 той $\nu о \mu a$ עıкâ, $\chi \rho \hat{\eta} \sigma \theta a i ́ ~ \tau \epsilon \mu \alpha к \rho \hat{\omega}$ $\lambda \hat{\omega} \sigma \tau \alpha \beta \rho о \tau о \stackrel{\imath}{\sigma} \iota \nu \cdot \tau \dot{\alpha} \delta^{\prime} \dot{v} \pi \epsilon \rho \beta \alpha^{\prime} \lambda \lambda о \nu \tau{ }^{\prime}$ ov̉ס́́va кацрò $\delta v ́ \nu a \tau a \iota ~ \theta \nu \eta \tau o i ̂ s, ~$ $\mu \epsilon i \zeta o v s \delta^{\prime}$ ä $\tau a s$, ö $\tau a \nu$ ỏ $\rho \gamma \iota \sigma \theta \hat{\eta}$ $\delta а i ́ \mu \omega \nu$, оїкоıs $\dot{a} \pi \epsilon ́ \delta \omega \kappa \in \nu$.

## XOPOE.

 $\tau \hat{\varsigma} \delta \nu \sigma \tau \alpha ́ \nu o v$



 е̇ $\pi \epsilon i ́ ~ \mu о \iota ~ \phi i ́ \lambda o \nu ~ к є ́ к р а \nu \tau а \iota . ~$

## TPOФOE.



 סє́ $\sigma \pi o \iota \nu a, \phi i ́ \lambda \omega \nu$ ov̉ $\delta \epsilon \nu o ̀ s ~ o u ̉ \delta e ̀ \nu ~$ $\pi \alpha \rho a \theta a \lambda \pi о \mu \epsilon ́ \nu \eta ~ \phi \rho \in ́ \nu a \mu v ́ \theta o \iota s$.

> MHDEIA.
aiaî.
$\delta \iota a ́ \mu o v \kappa \epsilon \phi a \lambda a ̂ s ~ \phi \lambda o ̀ \xi ~ o v ̉ \rho a \nu i ́ a$
 145 $\phi \epsilon \hat{v} \phi \in \hat{v} \cdot \theta a \nu a ́ \tau \omega$ ката入vбаípav
$\beta \iota o \tau \alpha ̀ \nu \sigma \tau v \gamma \epsilon \rho a ̀ \nu \pi \rho о \lambda \iota \pi o v ̂ \sigma a$.

## XOPOE.

äi $\epsilon \mathrm{s}, \hat{\omega} \mathrm{Z} \epsilon \hat{v}$ каì $\gamma \hat{\alpha}$ каì $\phi \hat{\omega} \mathrm{s}, \quad$ नтp.

$\mu \epsilon ́ \lambda \pi \epsilon \iota \nu u ́ \mu \phi a ;$ 150
 коítas ${ }^{\epsilon} \rho o s, \hat{\omega} \mu \alpha \tau \alpha i ́ a$, $\sigma \pi \epsilon v ́ \sigma \epsilon \iota$ Oaváтov тє $\boldsymbol{\lambda} \epsilon \tau \tau$ áv; $\mu \eta \delta e ̀ v ~ \tau o ́ \delta \epsilon ~ \lambda i ́ \sigma \sigma o v . ~$ єí $\delta$ è $\sigma o ̀ s ~ \pi o ́ \sigma ı s ~$ 155
$\kappa \alpha \iota \nu a ̀ ~ \lambda \epsilon ́ \chi \eta ~ \sigma \epsilon \beta i \zeta \zeta \epsilon i$, $\kappa \in i ́ \nu \notin \tau o ́ \delta \epsilon \notin \eta ̀ \chi \alpha \rho a ́ \sigma \sigma o v$. Zєús бо८ тóסє $\sigma \nu \nu \delta \iota \kappa \eta ́ \sigma \epsilon \iota$. $\mu \grave{~ \lambda i ́ a \nu ~ т a ́ к o v ~}$ סv $\rho \circ \mu$ éva $\sigma$ òv $\epsilon$ v̉vétav.

MHAEIA.
 $\lambda \epsilon v ́ \sigma \sigma \epsilon \theta^{\circ}$ à $\pi a ́ \sigma \chi \omega, \mu \epsilon \gamma$ ádoıs ő $\rho к о \iota s$ évסךбaرćva тò̀ катápaтov
 aủvoîs $\mu \in \lambda a ́ \theta \rho o \iota s$ סıaкעaıo $\mu$ évovs,
今 $\pi a ́ \tau \epsilon \rho, \hat{\omega} \pi o ́ \lambda \iota s, ~ \grave{\omega} \nu$ ả $\pi \epsilon \nu a ́ \sigma \theta \eta \nu$ aíб $\chi \rho \hat{\omega} \varsigma ~ \tau o ̀ \nu ~ \epsilon ̉ \mu o ̀ \nu ~ к \tau \epsilon i ́ \nu a \sigma a ~ к а ́ \sigma \iota \nu . ~$

TPOФO:
$\kappa \lambda \nu ́ \in \theta^{\prime}$ oîa $\lambda \epsilon ́ \gamma \in \iota ~ к \alpha ̉ \pi \iota \beta o a ̂ \tau \alpha \iota$


Өәךтoîs raцias $\nu \in \nu o ́ \mu \iota \sigma \tau a l ;$



## XOPOS．

 dyt．
 $\delta \epsilon ́ \xi a \iota \tau^{\prime} \dot{\jmath} \mu \phi a ́ \nu$, 175
$\epsilon i ँ \pi \omega s$ ßapú $\theta \nu \mu o \nu$ ỏp $\gamma \dot{a} \nu$ $\kappa \alpha i ̀ ~ \lambda \eta ̂ \mu a ~ \phi \rho \epsilon \nu \omega ̂ \nu ~ \mu \epsilon \theta \epsilon i ́ \eta$ ． $\mu \eta ं т о \iota ~ \tau o ́ ~ \gamma ं ~ \epsilon ' \mu o ̀ \nu ~ \pi \rho o ́ \theta v \mu o \nu ~$ фí入o七 $\sigma \iota \nu$ à $\pi$ ध́ $\sigma \tau \omega$.
$\dot{\alpha} \lambda \lambda a ̀ \beta a ̂ \sigma \alpha ́ \nu \nu \nu$
180
$\delta \epsilon \hat{v} \rho o \pi o ́ \rho \epsilon v \sigma o \nu$ oïк $\omega \nu$ $\notin \xi \omega$ ，фí入a каì тá $\delta^{\prime}$ aṽ $\delta a$ ， $\sigma \pi \epsilon \dot{\sigma} \sigma a \sigma a$ т $\rho i ́ \nu \tau \iota ~ к а к \omega ิ \sigma a \iota ~$
 रàp $\mu \epsilon \gamma^{\prime} \lambda \omega s$ тód＇ó $\rho \mu \hat{\alpha} \tau \alpha l$.

## TРОФOE．

$\delta \rho a ́ \sigma \omega \tau a ́ \delta^{\prime} \cdot \dot{a} \tau \grave{a} \rho$ фóßos $\epsilon i \pi \epsilon i \sigma \omega$ $\delta \epsilon ́ \sigma \pi о \iota \nu a \nu \epsilon \notin \eta{ }^{\prime} \nu$.
$\mu o ́ \chi \theta o v \delta \grave{\epsilon} \dot{\chi} \alpha{ }^{\rho} \rho \iota \nu \tau \eta \eta^{\prime} \delta^{\prime} \dot{\epsilon} \pi \iota \delta \omega ́ \sigma \omega$. каíтоь тока́סоs $\delta$ éf $\gamma \mu a$ $\lambda \epsilon a i ̀ \eta s$

 $\sigma \kappa a \iota o v ̀ s ~ \delta e ̀ ~ \lambda \epsilon ́ \gamma \omega \nu ~ к o v i \delta e ́ v ~ \tau \iota ~ \sigma o \phi o v ̀ s ~$ 190 тov̀s $\pi \rho o ́ \sigma \theta \in \beta \rho o \tau o u ̀ s ~ o u ̉ \kappa ~ a ̀ \nu ~ a ́ \mu a ́ \rho \tau o u s, ~$


єข̃ $о \nu \tau$ то $\beta$ íov $\tau \epsilon \rho \pi \nu$ às àкоás.
$\sigma \tau v \gamma i ́ o u s ~ \delta e ̀ ~ \beta \rho o \tau \omega ̂ \nu ~ o u ̛ \delta \epsilon i ̀ s ~ \lambda u ́ \pi a s ~$


סєıvaí $\tau \epsilon \tau u ́ \chi a \iota ~ \sigma \phi a ́ \lambda \lambda o v \sigma \iota ~ \delta o ́ \mu o v s . ~$


סаîтєs, $\tau i ́ \mu a ́ \tau \eta \nu \tau \epsilon i \nu 0 v \sigma \iota$ ßо $\eta^{\prime}$;


ठaıròs $\pi \lambda \dot{\eta} \rho \omega \mu a$ ß $\rho о \tau o i ̂ \sigma \iota \nu$.

> XOPOE.


$1 \pi \varphi 6$. 205

$\theta \epsilon \circ \kappa \lambda \nu \tau \epsilon \hat{\imath} \delta^{\prime}$ ädıка $\pi \alpha \theta$ ồ $\sigma a$


210
 $\pi o ́ \nu \tau o v ~ \kappa \lambda \hat{p} \delta^{\prime} \dot{\alpha} \pi \dot{\epsilon} \rho a \nu \tau о \nu$.

## mHaEia.









$\chi \rho \eta ̀ ~ \delta \epsilon ̀ ~ \xi € ́ \nu o \nu ~ \mu \epsilon ̀ \nu ~ к а ́ \rho \tau а ~ \pi \rho о \sigma \chi \omega \rho \epsilon i ̂ \nu ~ \pi o ́ \lambda \epsilon \iota . ~$

$\pi \iota \kappa \rho o ̀ s ~ \pi о \lambda i ́ \tau a \iota s ~ \epsilon ̇ \sigma \tau i ̀ \nu ~ a ̉ \mu a \theta i ́ a s ~ v i \pi o . ~$





 уvעаі̂кє́s є̇ $\sigma \mu \epsilon \nu \dot{\alpha} \theta \lambda \iota \omega ́ \tau a \tau о \nu ~ ф v \tau o ́ \nu . ~$ âs $\pi \rho \hat{\omega} \tau \alpha \mu \epsilon ̀ \nu \delta \epsilon \hat{\imath} \chi \rho \eta \mu \alpha ́ \tau \omega \nu$ vi $\pi \epsilon \rho \beta o \lambda \hat{\eta}$ $\pi o ́ \sigma \iota \nu \pi \rho i ́ a \sigma \theta a \iota ~ \delta \epsilon \sigma \pi o ́ \tau \eta \nu ~ \tau \epsilon \sigma \omega ́ \mu a \tau o s$


 रuvaı$\xi^{\prime} \nu \nu$, ov' $\delta^{\prime}$ oîó $\tau^{\prime}$ ả $\nu \eta^{\prime} \nu a \sigma \theta a \iota \pi o ́ \sigma \iota \nu$. єis каıvà $\delta^{\prime} \eta{ }^{\prime} \theta \eta$ каì $\nu o ́ \mu o v s ~ a ̉ \phi \iota \gamma \mu \epsilon ́ \nu \eta \nu$ $\delta \epsilon i ̂ \mu a ́ \nu \tau \iota \nu$ єî̀al, $\mu \grave{\eta} \mu a \theta o \hat{v} \sigma \alpha \nu$ oîко $\theta \in \nu$,






 $\dot{\eta} \mu \hat{\imath} \nu \delta^{\prime}$ á $\nu a ́ \gamma \kappa \eta$ т $\rho o ̀ s ~ \mu i ́ a \nu ~ \psi v \chi \grave{\eta} \nu \beta \lambda \epsilon ́ \pi \epsilon \epsilon \nu$.





 ßiov $\tau^{\prime}$ ö $\nu \eta \sigma \iota s$ каì фì $\lambda \omega \nu$ $\sigma v \nu o v \sigma i ́ a, ~$

$\pi \rho \bar{s}$ à $\nu \delta \rho o ́ s$, èk $\gamma \hat{\eta} \mathrm{s} \beta a \rho \beta a ́ \rho o v ~ \lambda \epsilon \lambda \eta \sigma \mu e ́ \eta \eta$,
 $\mu \epsilon \theta_{o \rho \mu i \sigma \alpha \sigma \theta a \iota ~}^{\tau \hat{\eta} \sigma \delta^{\prime}}{ }^{\epsilon} \chi о v \sigma \alpha ~ \sigma v \mu ф о \rho a ̂ s$.


$\pi о ́ \sigma \iota \nu$ ठікŋข $\tau \omega ิ \delta^{\prime} \dot{\alpha} \nu \tau \iota \tau i \sigma a \sigma \theta a \iota \kappa \alpha \kappa \omega ิ \nu$
 $\sigma \iota \gamma \hat{\alpha} \nu . \quad \gamma v \nu \grave{\eta} \gamma \grave{\alpha} \rho \tau a ̈ \lambda \lambda \lambda a \mu \epsilon ̀ \nu$ фóßov $\pi \lambda \epsilon ́ \alpha$,




## XOPOE.

$\delta \rho a ́ \sigma \omega ~ \tau a ́ \delta^{\prime}: ~ \epsilon ̇ \nu \delta i ́ \kappa \omega ऽ ~ \gamma \grave{\alpha} \rho$ é $\kappa \tau i \sigma \epsilon \iota \pi o ́ \sigma \iota \nu$,




## KPERN.





 275


MHAEIA.
$\alpha i \alpha i ̂ \cdot \pi \alpha \nu \omega ́ \lambda \eta s$ 并 $\tau \alpha ́ \lambda \alpha \iota \nu \nu^{\prime} \alpha \pi o ́ \lambda \lambda \nu \mu \alpha \iota$.





## KPERN.




 285 $\lambda \nu \pi \epsilon \hat{\epsilon}$ ठè $\lambda \epsilon ́ \kappa \tau \rho \omega \nu$ ả $\nu \delta \rho o ̀ s ~ \epsilon ̇ \sigma \tau \epsilon \rho \eta \mu \epsilon ́ \nu \eta$.






MHAEIA.
$\phi \in \hat{v} \phi \in \hat{v}$.
ov̉ $\nu \hat{v} \nu \mu \in \pi \rho \hat{\omega} \tau о \nu, a ̉ \lambda \lambda \grave{\alpha} \pi о \lambda \lambda a ́ \kappa \iota \varsigma, К \rho \epsilon ́ o \nu$,




 $\sigma \kappa \alpha \iota o i ̄ \sigma \iota \mu \grave{e} \nu \gamma$ à $\kappa \alpha \iota \nu \grave{a} \pi \rho о \sigma \phi \epsilon ́ \rho \omega \nu$ $\sigma \circ \phi \grave{a}$.

 $\kappa \rho \epsilon i \sigma \sigma \omega \nu \nu 0 \mu \iota \sigma \theta \epsilon i s \lambda \nu \pi \rho o ̀ s ~ \grave{\epsilon} \nu \pi o ́ \lambda \epsilon \iota ~ \phi \alpha \nu \epsilon i ̂$.












 $\sigma \iota \gamma \eta \sigma o ́ \mu \epsilon \sigma \theta a, \kappa \rho \epsilon \iota \sigma \sigma o ́ \nu \omega \nu \nu \kappa \kappa \omega ́ \mu \in \nu о \iota$.

KPERN.


 $\gamma v v \grave{\eta} \gamma$ à $\rho$ ỏ





MHAEIA.
$\mu \eta ́, \pi \rho o ́ s ~ \sigma \epsilon ~ \gamma о \nu a ́ \tau \omega \nu ~ \tau \hat{\eta} s \tau \epsilon \nu \epsilon o \gamma a ́ \mu o v$ кóp $\eta s$.
KPEתN.
$\lambda o ́ j o v s$ ả $\nu a \lambda o i ̂ s \cdot ~ o v ̉ \gamma a ̀ \rho ~ a ̀ \nu ~ \pi \epsilon i ́ \sigma a l s ~ \pi o \tau \epsilon ́ . ~ \quad 325 ~$
MHAEIA.

KPERN.
$\phi \iota \lambda \hat{\omega} \gamma$ à $\rho$ oủ $\sigma \grave{\epsilon} \mu \hat{\alpha} \lambda \lambda o \nu \hat{\eta}$ סó $\mu o v s$ é $\mu o u ́ s . ~$
MHDEIA.

KPERN.
$\pi \lambda \grave{\eta} \nu \gamma \grave{a} \rho \tau \epsilon ́ \kappa \nu \omega \nu$ ë $\mu o \iota \gamma \epsilon \phi i \lambda \tau a \tau o \nu \pi o \lambda v$.
MHAEIA.

KPE』N.

MHAEIA.
$Z \in \hat{v}, \mu \eta \lambda^{\prime} \hat{\theta} \theta o \iota \sigma \epsilon \tau \hat{\omega} \nu \delta^{\prime}$ ôs $\alpha i ̈ \tau \iota o s \kappa \alpha \kappa \hat{\omega} \nu$.
KPE $\Omega$.


MHAEIA.

KPESN.

MHAEIA.

KPERN.

MHAEIA.

KPERN.
$\tau i ́ \delta^{\prime} a v ̃ \beta \iota a ́ \zeta \epsilon \iota ~ к о v ̉ \kappa ~ a ̉ \pi a \lambda \lambda a ́ \sigma \sigma \epsilon \iota ~ \chi$ Oovós;
MHAEIA.


 ov̉ $\delta \grave{\nu} \nu \rho \rho о \tau \iota \mu \hat{a} \mu \eta \chi a \nu \eta \dot{\eta} \sigma a \sigma \theta a i \tau \epsilon ́ \kappa \nu o \iota s$. оїктє८рє $\delta^{\prime}$ aủ $\tau о$ v́s. каi $\sigma v ́ \tau o \iota \pi a i ́ \delta \omega \nu \pi a \tau \eta ̀ \rho$

 $\kappa \epsilon i ́ \nu o v i s ~ \delta e ̀ ~ \kappa \lambda a i ́ \omega ~ \sigma v \mu ф о \rho a ̂ ~ к є \chi \rho \eta \mu \epsilon ́ \nu o v s . ~$

KPESN.


каî $\nu v ิ \nu ~ o ́ \rho \hat{\omega} \mu \epsilon ̀ \nu ~ \epsilon ’ \xi a \mu a \rho \tau a ́ \nu \omega \nu, \gamma v ́ \nu a \iota$,
 $\epsilon \bar{\epsilon} \dot{\sigma}^{\prime} \dot{\eta}{ }^{\prime} \pi \iota \circ \hat{v} \sigma a \quad \lambda a \mu \pi a ̀ s ~ o ै \psi \epsilon \tau \alpha \iota \theta \epsilon o \hat{v}$ каi $\pi \alpha i ̂ \delta a s ~ \epsilon ́ \nu \tau o ̀ s ~ \tau \hat{\eta} \sigma \delta \epsilon \tau \epsilon \rho \mu o ́ \nu \omega \nu \chi$ $\chi$ ооós,

 355 ov̉ $\gamma$ á $\rho_{\sim} \tau \iota \delta \rho a ́ \sigma \alpha \iota s \delta \epsilon \iota \nu o ̀ \nu \hat{\omega} \nu$ фóßos $\mu^{\prime}$ є้ $\chi \in \iota$.]

XOPOE.
Sú $\sigma \tau \alpha \nu \epsilon$ qúval,
$\phi \epsilon \hat{v} \phi \epsilon \hat{v}, \mu \epsilon \bar{\lambda} \epsilon \underline{a} \tau \hat{\omega} \nu \quad \sigma \hat{\omega} \nu \dot{a} \chi \epsilon ́ \omega \nu$. $\pi 0 \hat{\imath} \pi о \tau \epsilon \tau \rho \epsilon ́ \psi \epsilon \iota ; ~ \tau i ́ \nu a \operatorname{\pi òs} \xi \in \nu i ́ a \nu$. $\overline{\hat{\eta}}$ ठó $\mu о \nu$ शै $\chi$ Өóva $\sigma \overline{\omega \tau} \hat{\eta} \rho a \kappa \alpha \kappa \hat{\omega} \nu$

є' $\xi \in v \rho \eta{ }^{\prime} \sigma \epsilon \iota \varsigma ;$



## MHAEIA.

$\kappa а \kappa \hat{\omega} s \pi \epsilon ́ \pi \rho а к \tau а \iota ~ \pi а \nu \tau \alpha \chi \hat{\eta} \cdot \tau i ́ s \dot{\alpha} \nu \tau \epsilon \rho \epsilon \hat{\imath} ;$


 ठокєîs $\gamma a ̀ \rho \stackrel{a}{\nu}_{\nu}^{\nu} \mu \epsilon \tau o ́ \nu \delta \epsilon \theta \omega \pi \epsilon \hat{v} \sigma \alpha i ́ \pi o \tau \epsilon$, $\epsilon \mathfrak{\epsilon} \mu \eta \eta^{\prime} \tau \iota \kappa \epsilon \rho \delta a i ́ \nu о v \sigma \alpha \nu \hat{\eta} \tau \epsilon \chi \nu \omega \mu \in ́ \nu \eta \nu ;$





 $\pi \circ \lambda \lambda a ̀ s \delta^{\prime} \epsilon^{\prime} \chi o v \sigma \alpha$ Oavaбímovs av̉roî ódov̀s








 $\epsilon i \epsilon \nu$.
каї $\delta \grave{\eta} \pi \epsilon \theta \nu \hat{a} \sigma \iota \cdot \tau i ́ s \mu \epsilon \delta_{\epsilon} \xi \epsilon \tau a \iota \pi o ́ \lambda \iota s$;










'Екáт $\bar{\nu}, \mu \nu \chi o i ̂ s ~ \nu a i ́ o v \sigma a \nu ~ e ́ \sigma \tau i ́ a s ~ \epsilon ̇ \mu \eta ̂ s, ~$



 400






$\gamma \nu \nu a i ̂ \kappa \epsilon$, $\epsilon$ is $\mu \in ̀ \nu$ ë $\sigma \theta \lambda^{\prime}$ ä $\mu \eta \chi a \nu \omega \tau a \tau a \iota$,


## XOPOE.


 à $\nu \delta \rho a ́ \sigma \iota \mu \epsilon ̀ \nu ~ \delta o ́ \lambda \iota a \iota ~ \beta o v \lambda a i ́, ~ \theta \epsilon \omega ิ \nu ~ \delta ' ~$ oùкє́тı $\pi i \sigma \tau \iota s$ ă $\rho a \rho \in \nu$.



 $\tau \grave{\alpha} \nu \epsilon_{\mu} \dot{\alpha} \nu \dot{v} \mu \nu \epsilon \hat{v} \sigma a \iota ~ \dot{a} \pi \iota \sigma \tau о \sigma u ́ v a \nu$.
 $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\omega} \pi a \sigma \epsilon \theta \epsilon \in \sigma \pi \iota \nu$ ảoı $\delta a ̀ \nu$ 425





$\pi \in ́ \tau \rho a s \cdot \bar{\epsilon} \pi i \quad \delta \epsilon ̄ \xi \in ́ v a$.
$\nu \alpha i ́ \epsilon \iota \bar{\chi} \chi$ O$\nu i, \tau \hat{a} s \dot{a} \nu a ́ \nu \delta \rho o v$
коíтаs ỏ入є́ $\sigma a \sigma a$ 入є́ктрог，
тáXaıva，＇фvyàs $\delta \grave{\epsilon} \chi \omega ́ \rho a s$
äтıนos ẻ̉ $\lambda$ aúvєı．
 avt． $\boldsymbol{\beta}^{\prime}$ ．

$\sigma o i ̀ \delta^{\prime}$ oüt $\epsilon \pi \tau \rho o ̀ s ~ \delta o ́ \mu o \iota$,
$\delta v ́ \sigma \tau \alpha \nu \epsilon, \mu \epsilon \theta о \rho \mu i \sigma a \sigma \theta a \iota$
нó $\chi \theta \nu \pi \alpha \dot{\rho} \rho a, \tau \hat{\omega} \nu \delta \epsilon ̀ ~ \lambda \epsilon ́ к \tau \rho \omega \nu$
ä̀ $\lambda \lambda \dot{\alpha} \beta a \sigma i ́ \lambda \epsilon i a$ крєí $\sigma \dot{\sigma} \omega \dot{\nu}$
סópoıs émavéбтa．
IA $\underset{\sim}{2} \Omega$ ．
Ov̉ $\nu \hat{\nu} \nu \kappa a \tau \epsilon \hat{\imath} \delta \frac{\nu}{\pi} \pi \hat{\omega} \tau o \nu$ ả入入̀̀ $\pi о \lambda \lambda a ́ \kappa \iota s$



 $\kappa \dot{a} \mu o i ̀ \mu \epsilon ̀ \nu ~ o v ̉ \delta e ̀ \nu ~ \pi \rho a ̂ \gamma \mu a \cdot \mu \eta ̀ ~ \pi a v ́ \sigma \eta ~ \pi о \tau \grave{\epsilon}$
 à $\delta^{\prime}$ єis $\tau v \rho a ́ \nu \nu o u s ~ \epsilon ̇ \sigma \tau i ́ ~ \sigma o \iota ~ \lambda \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \gamma \mu \epsilon ́ v a, ~$ $\pi \hat{a} \nu \kappa \epsilon ́ \rho \delta o s ~ \dot{\eta} \gamma o \hat{v} \zeta \eta \mu \iota o v \mu \epsilon ́ v \eta$ фv $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ． $\kappa \alpha ̉ \gamma \omega ̀ \mu \epsilon ̀ \nu ~ a ̉ \epsilon \grave{~} \beta a \sigma \iota \lambda \epsilon \epsilon \omega \nu$ $\theta \nu \mu о \nu \mu \epsilon ́ \nu \omega \nu$ 455




 460





## MHAEIA.

 465


 oữoı $\theta \rho a ́ \sigma o s ~ \tau o ́ \delta ' ~ \epsilon ̇ \sigma \tau i ̀ \nu ~ o v ̉ \delta ' ~ \epsilon u ̉ \tau o \lambda \mu i ́ a, ~$
 470


 $\psi v \chi \eta ̀ \nu ~ \kappa \alpha \kappa \hat{\omega} s ~ \sigma \epsilon ~ \kappa a i ~ \sigma u ̀ ~ \lambda u \pi \eta ́ \sigma \epsilon \iota ~ \kappa \lambda v ́ \omega \nu . ~$


 $\pi \epsilon \mu \phi \theta \in ́ \nu \tau a$ тav́ $\rho \omega \nu \pi \nu \rho \pi \nu o ́ \omega \nu$ є̇ $\pi \iota \sigma \tau a ́ \tau \eta \nu$

 $\sigma \pi \epsilon i \rho a \iota s$ є̈ $\sigma \omega \zeta \epsilon \pi о \lambda v \pi \lambda o ́ к о \iota s$ ä̈̈ $\pi \nu o s \ddot{\omega}$,

 $\dot{\tau} \eta ̀ \nu \Pi \eta \lambda \iota \omega \tau \iota \nu \epsilon i s{ }^{\text {' }} \mathrm{I} \omega \lambda \kappa o ̀ \nu$ iко́ $\mu \eta \nu$

бv̀v $\sigma o i ́, \pi \rho o ́ \theta \nu \mu o s \mu \hat{\alpha} \lambda \lambda o \nu \hat{\eta}$ бoф $\omega \tau \epsilon ́ \rho a, \quad 435$
$\Pi \epsilon \lambda i ́ a \nu \tau^{\prime}$ ả $\pi \epsilon ́ \kappa \tau \epsilon \iota \nu \nu^{\prime}, \stackrel{\omega}{\omega} \sigma \pi \epsilon \rho$ ä $\lambda \gamma \iota \sigma \tau о \nu \quad \theta a \nu \epsilon \hat{\iota} \nu$,

$\kappa \alpha i ̀ \tau \alpha \hat{v} \theta^{\prime} \dot{v} \phi^{\prime} \dot{\eta} \mu \hat{\omega} \nu, \dot{\omega} \kappa \alpha ́ \kappa \iota \sigma \tau^{\prime} \dot{a} \nu \delta \rho \hat{\omega} \nu, \pi a \theta \grave{\omega}$

 490 ' $\sigma v \gamma \gamma \nu \omega ́ \sigma \tau^{\prime}$ à $\nu \hat{\eta} \nu \sigma o \iota \tau 0 \hat{\nu} \delta^{\prime} \epsilon \in a \dot{\sigma} \theta \hat{\eta} \nu a \iota \lambda \epsilon ́ \chi o v s$.




 $\kappa а і ̈ ~ \tau \hat{\omega} \nu \delta \epsilon \gamma о \nu a ́ \tau \omega \nu$, $\dot{\omega} \mu a ́ \tau \eta \nu$ кєХ $\rho \dot{\omega} \sigma \mu \epsilon \theta a$ како仑 $\pi \rho o ̀ s ~ a ̉ \nu \delta \rho o ́ s, ~ \epsilon ’ \lambda \pi i ́ \delta \omega \nu ~ \delta^{\prime} \dot{\eta} \mu a ́ \rho \pi о \mu \epsilon \nu$.
 ठокоv̂ $\sigma a \mu \epsilon ̀ \nu$ đí $\pi \rho o ́ s ~ \gamma \epsilon \sigma o v ̂ \pi \rho a ́ \xi \epsilon \iota \nu ~ \kappa a \lambda \omega ̂ s ; ~ \quad ~ 500 ~$
 $\nu \hat{v} \nu \pi \alpha \hat{\imath} \tau \rho a ́ \pi \omega \mu a \iota ; ~ \pi o ́ \tau \epsilon \rho a ~ \pi \rho o ̀ s ~ \pi a \tau \rho o ̀ s ~ \delta o ́ \mu o v s, ~$ ov̂s $\sigma o i \pi \rho o \delta o v ̂ \sigma a$ каi $\pi a ́ \tau \rho a \nu ~ a ̉ ф \iota к o ́ \mu \eta \nu ;$
$\hat{\eta} \pi \rho o ̀ s ~ \tau a \lambda a i ́ \nu a s ~ \Pi \epsilon \lambda \iota a ́ \delta a s ; ~ к a \lambda \omega ิ s \gamma^{’}$ à $\nu$ ov̂̀


 $\delta \rho \hat{a} \nu, \sigma o i \not \chi \alpha{ }^{\alpha} \rho \iota \nu$ фє́ $\rho о v \sigma a \pi o \lambda \epsilon \mu i o v s{ }_{\epsilon}^{\epsilon} \chi \omega$. тоıүа́ $\mu \in \pi о \lambda \lambda a i ̂ s ~ \mu а к а \rho i ́ a \nu ~ a ̉ \nu ’ ~ ‘ E \lambda \lambda a ́ \delta a ~$
 510










## XOPOS.




## $I A \Sigma \Omega N$.


 aٌk


 $\sigma \omega ́ \tau \epsilon \iota \rho a \nu \epsilon i ้ \nu a \iota \theta \epsilon \hat{\omega} \nu \tau \epsilon \kappa \alpha \dot{\nu} \nu \rho \omega \dot{\pi} \omega \nu \mu o ́ \nu \eta \nu$.


 ả $\lambda \lambda^{\prime}$ ои̇к $\dot{\alpha} \kappa \rho \iota \beta \hat{\omega} s$ av̉тò $\theta \dot{\eta} \sigma о \mu \alpha \iota ~ \lambda i ́ a \nu . ~$
 $\mu \epsilon i ́ \zeta \omega \gamma \in \mu \epsilon ́ \nu \tau о \iota \tau \hat{\eta} s \dot{\epsilon} \mu \eta \bar{\eta} \dot{\sigma} \omega \tau \eta \rho i ́ \alpha s$
 535

 ро́цоıs $\tau \epsilon \chi \rho \hat{\eta} \sigma \theta a \iota \mu \grave{\eta} \pi \rho o ̀ s ~ i \sigma \chi$ v́os $\chi a ́ \rho \iota \nu$.







 à $\delta^{\prime}$ єis $\gamma$ á $\mu$ ous $\mu$ о८ $\beta a \sigma \iota \lambda \iota \kappa o v ̀ s ~ \omega ̀ \nu \epsilon i ́ \delta \iota \sigma a s, ~$











 $\kappa \alpha i ̀ \mu \eta ̀ ~ \sigma \pi a \nu \iota \zeta о i ́ \mu \epsilon \sigma \theta a, \gamma \iota \gamma \nu \omega \sigma \kappa \omega \nu$ öть


 єis $\tau \alpha u ̉ \tau o ̀ ~ \theta \epsilon i ́ \eta \nu ~ к \alpha i ̀ ~ \xi u \nu a \rho \tau \eta ́ \sigma a s ~ \gamma \epsilon ́ \nu o s ~$





 670 .





xOPOZ.

 סокєîs $\pi \rho \circ \delta o u ̀ s ~ \sigma \eta ̀ \nu ~ a ̈ \lambda o \chi o \nu ~ o u ̉ ~ \delta i ́ k a ı a ~ \delta \rho a ̂ \nu . ~ . ~$

MHAEIA.

 580




 $\chi \rho \hat{\eta} \nu \sigma^{\prime}, \epsilon \ddot{\prime} \pi \epsilon \rho \hat{\eta} \sigma \hat{\theta} \alpha \mu \dot{\eta}$ какós, $\pi \epsilon i \sigma \alpha \nu \tau \alpha ́ \mu \epsilon$


## $I A \Sigma \Omega N$.





MHAEIA.


$I A \Sigma \Omega N$.
 $\gamma \hat{\eta} \mu a i ́ \mu \epsilon \lambda \epsilon ́ \kappa \tau \rho a \beta a \sigma \iota \lambda \epsilon ́ \omega \nu$ ă $\nu \hat{v} \nu$ é $\chi \omega$,

 $\phi \hat{v} \sigma a \iota \tau v \rho a ́ \nu \nu o v s \pi a \hat{\imath} \delta a s,{ }_{\epsilon} \rho v \mu a \quad \delta \omega \dot{\mu} \mu a \sigma \iota \nu$.

MHAEIA.


$I A \Sigma \Omega N$.

 $\mu \eta \delta^{\top} \epsilon v ่ \tau v \chi o \hat{v} \sigma a$. $\delta v \sigma \tau v \chi \eta ̀ s$ єîvaı ठóкєє.

MHAEIA.


$I A \Sigma \Omega N$.

MHAEIA.
$\tau i ́ \delta \rho \hat{\omega} \sigma a ; \mu \hat{\omega} \nu \gamma \alpha \mu o \hat{v} \sigma a$ каì $\pi \rho o \delta o \hat{v} \sigma a ́ \sigma \epsilon ;$
$I A \Sigma \Omega N$.
ảpàs tvpávvoıs ả $\nu 0 \sigma i o v s ~ a ̉ \rho \omega \mu e ́ v \eta . ~$
MHDEIA.
каì $\sigma$ ois ảpaía $\gamma^{\prime}$ oṽ $\sigma a$ тv $\chi$ á $\nu \omega$ Só $\mu$ ols.
$I A \Sigma \Omega N$.

 610


 каi тav̂тa $\mu \grave{\eta} \theta \epsilon \in \lambda o v \sigma a \mu \omega \rho a \nu \epsilon i ̂ s, \gamma v ́ \nu a \iota \cdot$


MHAEIA.




IAESN.

 боì $\delta^{\prime}$ оv̉к ápé $\sigma \kappa \in \iota ~ \tau \dot{a} \gamma a^{\prime} \theta^{\prime}, \dot{a}^{\prime} \lambda \lambda^{\prime}$ av̇ $\theta a \delta_{i ́ a}^{a}$ фídovs ả $\pi \omega \theta \epsilon \hat{\imath} \cdot ~ \tau о \iota \gamma a ̀ \rho ~ a ̉ \lambda \gamma v \nu \epsilon i ̂ ~ \pi \lambda \epsilon ́ o \nu . ~$

MHAEIA.





## XOPOZ.




E1





69
$\pi \rho o \sigma \beta a ̊ \lambda o \iota ~ \delta \epsilon \iota \nu a ̀ ~ K v ́ \pi \rho \iota s, ~ a ̀ \pi \tau o \lambda \epsilon ́ \mu o v s ~ \delta^{\prime} \epsilon \dot{v} v a ̀ s ~ \sigma \epsilon \beta i ́-$ らova'


$\sigma$ тр. $\beta^{\prime}$.




G45

 $\gamma$ âs $\pi a \tau \rho i ́ a s ~ \sigma \tau \epsilon ́ \rho \epsilon \sigma \theta a l$.

652
 алт. $\beta^{\prime}$.

 $\delta \epsilon \iota \nu o ́ \tau \alpha \tau \alpha \pi \alpha \theta \epsilon ́ \omega \nu$. 655

 é $\mu o i ̀$

AITEYE.
Mク́ $\delta \epsilon \iota a, \chi a \hat{\imath} \rho \epsilon \cdot \tau 0 \hat{\delta} \delta \epsilon \gamma$ à $\rho \pi \rho о о i ́ \mu \iota о \nu$ $\kappa a ́ \lambda \lambda \iota o \nu$ ov̉ $\delta \epsilon i s ~ o i ̂ \delta \epsilon \pi \rho o \sigma \phi \omega \nu \epsilon i ้ \nu$ фídous.

MHAEIA.


AITEYE.

MHAEIA.

AITEYE.

mhatia.
$\pi \rho o ̀ s ~ \theta \epsilon \omega ̂ \nu, ~ a ̈ \pi a \iota s ~ \gamma \grave{a} \rho \delta \epsilon \hat{v} \rho$ 'ả $\epsilon i ̀ \tau \epsilon i v \epsilon \iota s \beta i ́ o \nu ;$
AITEYE.
ä $\pi$ aı $\delta e ́ s ~ \epsilon ̇ \sigma \mu \epsilon \nu ~ \delta a i ́ \mu о \nu o ́ s ~ \tau ı \nu o s ~ \tau u ́ X \eta . ~$
MHAEIA.


AITEYE.
ov̉k $\mathfrak{\epsilon} \sigma \mu \epsilon ̀ \nu ~ \epsilon v ่ \nu \eta ̂ s ~ a ̆ \zeta v \gamma \epsilon s ~ \gamma a \mu \eta \lambda i ́ o v . ~$
MHAEIA.
тí $\delta \tilde{\eta} \tau \alpha$ Фоîßos єíтє́ $\sigma \circ \iota \pi \alpha i ̂ \delta \omega \nu \pi \epsilon ́ \rho \iota ;$
AITEYE.
 675

MHAEIA.

AITEXE.


## MHAEIA.


AITEYE.

MHAEIA.

AITEYE.

MHAEIA.


AITEYZ。

MHAEIA．

AITEYス．

685

MHDEIA．
бoффòs $\gamma$ à $\rho a ́ \nu \eta ̀ \rho$ каì $\tau \rho i \beta \omega \nu \tau a ̀ ~ \tau о \iota a ́ \delta \epsilon . ~$
AITEXE．

MHAEIA．

AITEXE。

MHDEIA．

690
AITESE．
тí $\phi \hat{\eta} s ; \quad \sigma a \phi \hat{\omega} s$ нoı $\sigma a ̀ s \phi \rho a ́ \sigma o \nu ~ \delta v \sigma \theta v \mu i \alpha s$.
MHAEIA．


AITEYE.
тí $\chi \rho \hat{\eta} \mu a$ ס $\rho a ́ \sigma a s ; ~ ф \rho a ́ \zeta є ~ \mu о \iota ~ \sigma а ф є ́ \sigma \tau є \rho о \nu . ~$
MHAEIA.


AITEYE.
 608

MHAEIA.

AITEME.

MHAEIA.

AITEYE.

MHDEIA.
$\alpha \dot{\alpha} \nu \delta \rho \hat{\omega} \nu \tau \cup a^{2} \nu \nu \omega \nu \kappa \hat{\eta} \delta o s ~ \eta ̉ \rho a ́ \sigma \theta \eta ~ \lambda a \beta \in \imath \nu$. 700

AITEYE.

MHDEIA.
K $\rho \in ́ \omega \nu$, ôs ẩ $\rho \chi \epsilon \iota \tau \hat{\eta} \sigma \delta \epsilon \gamma \hat{\eta} s$ Kopı ${ }^{2}$ ías.

AITEXE.


MHAEIA.
ö̀ $\lambda \omega \lambda a \cdot$ кai $\pi \rho o ́ s \gamma^{’}$ è $\xi \in \lambda a v ́ v o \mu a \iota ~ \chi$ Oovós.

AITEYE.

MHAEIA.

AITEYE.


## MHDEIA.

 áa $\lambda \lambda^{\prime}$ ä้ $\nu \tau o \mu a i ́ ~ \sigma \epsilon \tau \hat{\eta} \sigma \delta \epsilon \pi \rho o ̀ s ~ \gamma \epsilon \nu \in \iota a ́ \delta o s$ $\gamma о \nu a ́ \tau \omega \nu \tau \epsilon \tau \hat{\omega} \nu \sigma \hat{\omega} \nu$ iкє $\boldsymbol{\tau} i a \quad \tau \epsilon \gamma^{i} \gamma \nu о \mu a \iota$, 710 оїкктєьроע оїкктє८ро́ $\nu \mu \epsilon \tau \grave{\eta} \nu \delta v \sigma \delta a i ́ \mu о \nu a$



 715

 $\sigma \pi \epsilon i ̂ \rho a i ́ ~ \sigma \epsilon \theta \eta ́ \sigma \omega \cdot \tau о \iota a ́ \delta ’$ оỉסa фа́р $\mu \alpha к а$.

## AITEYE.

 रưval, $\pi \rho o ́ \theta \nu \mu o ́ s ~ \epsilon i \mu \iota, \pi \rho \omega ิ \tau a ~ \mu \grave{\nu} \nu \epsilon \omega ิ \nu$,






 $\ddot{\mu} \in \nu \in i \hat{s} a ̈ \sigma v \lambda o s ~ \kappa о и ̆ ~ \sigma \epsilon \mu \eta ̀ ~ \mu \epsilon \theta \hat{\omega} \tau u \nu \iota$.]
 àvaítıos $\gamma$ à $\kappa$ кaì $\xi \in \in ́ v o \iota s ~ \epsilon i v a l ~ \theta \epsilon \lambda \omega . ~$

## MHAEIA.




## AITEYE.



## MHDEIA.









## AITEYE.

 ả $\lambda \lambda^{\prime}$ єí $\delta о к є \hat{\imath} ~ \sigma o \iota, ~ \delta \rho a ̂ \nu ~ \tau a ́ \delta ' ~ о v ̉ к ~ a ̉ \phi i ́ \sigma \tau \alpha \mu a \iota . ~$

 тò $\sigma o ́ \nu \tau^{3}$ ä $\rho a \rho \epsilon \mu \hat{a} \lambda \lambda o \nu$ • $\epsilon \in \xi \eta o v ̂ \theta \epsilon 0 u ́ s$.

MHAEIA.
oै $\mu \nu v \pi \epsilon \delta o \nu$ Г $\hat{\eta} s \pi a \tau \epsilon ́ \rho a \theta^{\text {" }} \mathrm{H} \lambda \iota \circ \nu \pi a \tau \rho o ̀ s$ тоข̉นov̂ $\theta \epsilon \hat{\omega} \nu \tau \epsilon \sigma \nu \nu \tau \iota \theta \epsilon i s ~ a ̈ \pi a \nu ~ \gamma \in ́ \nu o s . ~$

AITEYE.
тí $\chi \rho \hat{\eta} \mu a \quad \delta \rho a ́ \sigma \epsilon \iota \nu$ ท̂̀ $\tau i ́ \mu \eta ̀ ~ \delta \rho a ́ \sigma \epsilon \iota \nu ; ~ \lambda e ́ \gamma \epsilon . ~$
MHDEIA.




AITEYE.



MHDEIA.

AITEYE.
ă тоî $\iota \iota \nu \sigma \sigma \epsilon \beta \circ \hat{v} \sigma \iota \gamma^{i} \gamma \nu \epsilon \tau a \iota \beta \rho о \tau \hat{\omega} \nu$.

## MHDEIA．





XOPOS．
ả $\lambda \lambda a^{\prime} \sigma^{\prime}$ ó Maías $\pi о \mu \pi a i ̂ o s ~ a ̈ \nu a \xi$

$\sigma \pi \epsilon \cup ́ \delta \epsilon \iota \varsigma$ катє́ $\chi \omega \nu \pi \rho a ́ \xi \epsilon \iota a s$, є̇ $\pi \epsilon \grave{\imath}$ $\gamma \in \dot{\nu} \nu a$ îos ả $\nu \dot{\eta} \rho$,


## MHAEIA．


 765


 $\dot{\lambda} \iota \mu \grave{\nu} \nu \pi \epsilon ́ \phi a \nu \tau \alpha \iota \tau \hat{\omega} \nu \dot{\epsilon} \mu \omega ิ \nu \beta o v \lambda \epsilon \nu \mu \alpha ́ \tau \omega \nu$.
 770 $\mu о \lambda o ́ v \tau \epsilon \varsigma$ ä $\sigma \tau v$ каì тó入ı$\sigma \mu a$ Па入入áSos：

 $\pi \epsilon ́ \mu \psi a \sigma^{\prime} \epsilon ่ \mu \omega ิ \nu \tau \iota \nu$＇оікєє $\omega \bar{\omega} \nu$＇Iá $\sigma о \nu a$
 775

 ［ $\gamma a ́ \mu o v s ~ \tau v \rho a ́ \nu \nu \omega \nu ~ o v ̂ s ~ \pi \rho o \delta o v ̀ s ~ \dot{\eta} \mu \hat{a} s$ є̈ $\chi \epsilon \iota$

$\pi a i ̂ \delta a s ~ \delta \grave{\epsilon} \mu \epsilon i \nu a \iota ~ \tau o v ̀ s ~ \epsilon ̇ \mu o v ̀ s ~ a i r \eta ́ \sigma o \mu a l, ~$














${ }^{\epsilon} \xi \epsilon \epsilon \mu \iota$ үaías, $\phi \iota \lambda \tau a ́ \tau \omega \nu \pi a i ́ \delta \omega \nu$ фóvov





Sópous $\pi a \tau \rho \varphi{ }^{\circ}$





$\mu \eta \delta \epsilon i ́ s \mu \epsilon$ фаv̀̀ $\eta \nu \kappa \dot{a} \sigma \theta \epsilon \nu \eta \hat{\nu} \nu 0 \mu \iota \zeta \epsilon \epsilon \epsilon \omega$ $\mu \eta \delta^{\prime} \dot{\eta} \sigma v \chi a i a \nu$, à $\lambda \lambda \grave{\alpha}$ Өaté $\rho o v \tau \rho o ́ \pi o v$,

 810

XOPOS.




MHAEIA.



815
XOPOS.

MHDEIA.


## XOPOE.


MHAEIA.

 820




XOPOZ.


 фíav,







 $\dot{\alpha} \nu \theta \epsilon ́ \omega \nu$


$\pi \omega ̂ \varsigma ~ o u ̂ \nu ~ i \epsilon \rho \omega ิ \nu \pi o \tau a \mu \omega ิ \nu$
$\sigma$ тр. $\beta^{\prime}$.
$\hat{\eta} \pi o ́ \lambda \iota s{ }_{\eta} \boldsymbol{\eta} \phi i \lambda \omega \nu$
$\pi o ́ \mu \pi \iota \mu o ́ s ~ \sigma \epsilon \chi \omega ́ \rho a$ тà̀ $\pi a \iota \delta o \lambda \epsilon ́ \tau \epsilon \iota \rho a \nu \epsilon \in \xi \epsilon \epsilon$, т $̀ \nu$ oủX ó $\sigma i ́ a \nu \mu \epsilon \tau^{\prime} a ̈ d \lambda \omega \nu$;

бкє́భaı тєкє́ఱ $\boldsymbol{\pi} \lambda \lambda \gamma^{\prime} \nu$,

$\mu \dot{\eta}, \pi \rho o ̀ s ~ \gamma o \nu a ́ \tau \omega \nu \dot{\nu} \sigma \epsilon \pi a ́ \nu \tau \omega s$


${ }^{885}$
$\pi \delta^{\prime} \theta \in \nu \quad \theta \rho a ́ \sigma o s ~ \hat{\eta}$ ф $\phi \in \nu o ̀ s ~ \hat{\eta} \quad$ avt. $\beta^{\prime}$.
$\chi \in \iota \rho i, \tau \in ́ \kappa \nu \circ \nu, \sigma \in \in \theta \in \nu$
кар8ía $\tau \epsilon \lambda \eta \dot{\eta} \psi \epsilon \iota$,
סєıvà̀ $\pi \rho о \sigma a ́ \gamma o v \sigma a$ тó $\lambda \mu \alpha \nu ;$ $\pi \omega \varsigma \delta^{\prime}$ oै $\mu \mu a \tau a \operatorname{\pi \rho o\sigma \beta a\lambda ov} \sigma a$
 $\sigma \chi \eta ́ \sigma \epsilon \iota s$ фóvov; ov̉ $\delta v \nu a ́ \sigma \epsilon \iota$, $\pi \alpha i ́ \delta \omega \nu ~ i \kappa \epsilon \tau \hat{\alpha} \nu \pi \iota \nu o ̄ \nu \tau \omega \nu$,
тє́ $\boldsymbol{\gamma} \xi a \iota \chi$ Х́́pa фоıvíà
тла́цоขı $\theta \nu \mu థ ิ$.
$I A \Sigma \Omega N$.




## MHAEIA.




 $\kappa \alpha ̉ \lambda \lambda o \iota \delta o ́ \rho \eta \sigma a \cdot \sigma \chi \epsilon \tau \lambda i a, \tau i \mu a i \nu o \mu a!$

 875




 $\phi \epsilon \dot{\gamma} \gamma o \nu \tau a s \dot{\eta}^{\eta} \mu a ̂ s ~ \kappa a i ̀ ~ \sigma \pi a \nu i ́ \zeta o \nu \tau a s ~ \phi i ̀ \lambda \omega \nu ;$



 शै $\chi \rho \hat{\eta} \nu \mu \epsilon \tau \epsilon \hat{\nu} \nu a \iota \tau \hat{\omega} \nu \delta \epsilon \tau \hat{\omega} \nu$ ßоv $\epsilon \epsilon \nu \mu a ́ \tau \omega \nu$. каí $\xi v \mu \pi \epsilon \rho a i ́ \nu \epsilon \iota \nu ~ к а i ̀ ~ \pi а \rho \epsilon \sigma \tau a ́ \nu a \iota ~ \lambda \epsilon ́ \chi \epsilon \iota, ~$ $\nu \nu ́ \mu \phi \eta \nu \tau \epsilon \kappa \eta \delta \epsilon \cup ́ o v \sigma a \nu \eta^{\boldsymbol{\eta}} \delta \epsilon \sigma \theta a \iota \sigma \epsilon \in \theta \epsilon \nu$.

 oủ $\delta^{\prime} \dot{a} \nu \tau \iota \tau \epsilon \bar{i} \nu \epsilon \iota \nu \nu \eta \eta^{\prime} \dot{a} \nu \tau i \quad \nu \eta \pi i \omega \nu$.
 то́т', ả $\lambda \lambda^{\prime}$ ä́ $\mu \epsilon \iota \nu о \nu \nu \hat{v} \nu \beta \epsilon \beta$ oú $\lambda \epsilon v \mu a \iota \tau o ́ \delta \epsilon$.






 900

 ©ंs ảpтíठакри́s єiци каi фóßov $\pi \lambda \epsilon ́ a$.
 ö $\psi \iota \nu . \tau \epsilon \in \rho \epsilon \iota \nu a \nu \tau \eta \eta^{\prime} \nu \delta^{\prime}$. $\epsilon \pi \lambda \eta \sigma a$ $\delta a \kappa \rho v ́ \omega \nu$ :

XOPOS.



IA $\Sigma \Omega \mathrm{N}$.

 $\gamma$ á $\mu$ ovs $\pi a \rho \epsilon \mu \pi о \lambda \hat{\omega} \nu \tau о s$ ảd $\lambda o i o v s, \pi o ́ \sigma \epsilon \iota$.














mhatia.

IA $\sum \Omega \mathrm{N}$.

MHAEIA.



IA $\mathbb{I} \Omega \mathrm{N}$.


MHAEIA.


 $\tau \dot{\alpha} \mu \epsilon ̀ \nu \lambda \epsilon ́ \lambda \epsilon \kappa \tau a \iota, \tau \hat{\omega} \nu \delta^{\prime} \epsilon^{\prime} \chi^{\omega} \mu \nu \eta \sigma \theta \eta ́ \sigma о \mu a \iota$.

 935





$I A \Sigma \Omega N$.
oưk oif' à $\nu$ єỉ $\pi \epsilon i \sigma a \iota \mu \iota, \pi \epsilon \iota \rho \hat{a} \sigma \theta a \iota$ ठє̀ $\chi \rho \eta \eta^{\prime}$.
MHAEIA.


$I A \Sigma \Omega N$.


## MHAEIA.

$\epsilon \stackrel{\imath}{*} \pi \epsilon \rho . \gamma v \nu \alpha \iota \kappa \hat{\omega} \nu \dot{\epsilon} \sigma \tau \iota \tau \hat{\omega} \nu \dot{a} \lambda \lambda \omega \nu \mu i ́ a$. 945


 [ $\epsilon \epsilon \pi \tau о ́ \nu \tau \epsilon \pi \epsilon ́ \pi \lambda о \nu ~ к а і ~ \pi \lambda о ́ к о \nu ~ \chi \rho v \sigma$ ŋ̀ $\lambda a \tau о \nu]$
 ко́ $\sigma \mu о \nu$ ко $\bar{i} \zeta \epsilon \iota \nu$ $\delta \epsilon \hat{v} \rho о ~ \pi \rho о \sigma \pi o ́ \lambda \omega \nu ~ \tau ו \nu a ́ . ~$





968
 каî тท̂ тvрávעఱ $\mu a \kappa \alpha \rho i ́ a ~ \nu v ́ \mu ф \eta ~ \delta o ́ \tau \epsilon ~$


## IA $\mathbf{I} \Omega \mathrm{N}$.

$\tau i \delta^{\prime}, \hat{\omega} \mu a \tau \alpha i ́ a, \tau \hat{\omega} \nu \delta \epsilon \sigma a ̀ s \kappa \in \nu o i ̂ s ~ \chi \in ́ \rho a s ;$ סокєis $\sigma \pi a \nu i \zeta \epsilon \iota \nu$ $\delta \hat{\omega} \mu a \beta a \sigma i ́ \lambda \epsilon \iota о \nu \pi \epsilon ́ \pi \lambda \omega \nu$, סокєîs $\delta \grave{\epsilon} \chi \rho v \sigma o \hat{v} ; \quad \sigma \hat{\varphi} \zeta \epsilon, \mu \grave{\eta}$ סíSov $\tau a ́ \delta \epsilon$.
 $\gamma \nu \nu \eta$, $\pi \rho \circ \theta \eta^{\prime} \sigma \epsilon \iota \chi \rho \eta \mu a ́ \tau \omega \nu, \sigma a ́ \phi^{\prime}$ oỉ ' $\delta^{\prime} \gamma \omega$.

## MHDEIA.

$\mu \eta{ }^{\prime} \mu о \iota \sigma v ́ \cdot \pi \epsilon i ́ \theta \epsilon \iota \nu$ $\delta \hat{\omega} \rho a$ каì $\theta \epsilon o \grave{s}$ 入óyos. хрvбòs $\delta \grave{̀} \kappa \rho \epsilon i ́ \sigma \sigma \omega \nu \mu \nu \rho i ́ \omega \nu \lambda o ́ \gamma \omega \nu$ ß $\rho о \tau 0 i ̂ s . ~ 965$ $\kappa \epsilon i ́ \nu \eta s$ ó $\delta a i ́ \mu \omega \nu, \kappa \in i \nu \alpha a \nu \hat{v} \nu a v ̃ \xi \epsilon \iota \theta \epsilon o ́ s$,
 $\psi v \chi \hat{\eta} s \stackrel{a}{a} \nu \dot{a} \lambda \lambda \alpha \xi \alpha i \mu \epsilon \theta^{\prime}, ~ o v ̉ ~ \chi \rho v \sigma o \hat{v} \mu o ́ \nu o \nu$. $\dot{\alpha} \lambda \lambda^{\boldsymbol{j}}, \boldsymbol{\omega} \tau \epsilon ́ \kappa \nu^{\prime}, \epsilon \mathfrak{l} \sigma \epsilon \lambda \theta o ́ \nu \tau \epsilon \pi \lambda o v \sigma i ́ o u s ~ \delta o ́ \mu o v s$
 iкє $\epsilon \epsilon \cup \cup \in \tau^{\prime}, \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\xi} \alpha a \tau \epsilon \hat{i} \sigma \theta \epsilon \mu \grave{\eta} \phi \epsilon v ́ \gamma \epsilon \iota \nu \chi \theta$ óva,





XOPOE.
 ov̉кє́т८• $\sigma \tau \epsilon i ́ \chi o v \sigma \iota ~ \gamma a ̀ \rho ~ \epsilon ́ s ~ \phi o ́ v o \nu ~ \eta ̉ \delta \eta$. $\delta \epsilon ́ \xi \epsilon \tau a \iota \nu v ́ \mu \phi a \chi \rho v \sigma \epsilon \in \omega \nu \dot{\alpha} \nu a \delta \epsilon \sigma \mu \hat{a} \nu$ $\delta \epsilon ́ \xi \in \tau a \iota \delta v ́ \sigma \tau a \nu o s a^{2} \tau \alpha \nu$.
 $\kappa o ́ \sigma \mu о \nu$ aủ $\alpha \dot{\alpha} \chi \in \rho o i ̂ \nu \lambda a \beta o v ̂ \sigma a$.
 avt. $a^{\text {a }}$. $\chi \rho v \sigma o ́ \tau \epsilon v к \tau o ́ \nu ~ \tau \epsilon ~ \sigma \tau є ́ \phi а \nu о \nu ~ \pi \epsilon \rho \imath \theta \epsilon ́ \sigma \theta a \iota . ~$ $\nu \epsilon \rho \tau \epsilon ́ \rho о \iota s \delta^{\prime} \eta \geqslant \delta \eta \pi a ́ \rho a \nu \nu \mu ф к о \mu \eta ́ \sigma \epsilon \iota$.

 . ov̉ $\boldsymbol{v} \pi \epsilon \epsilon \phi \epsilon \in \mathfrak{v} \xi \epsilon \tau \alpha \iota .$. $\sigma \grave{v} \delta^{\mathbf{\prime}}, \boldsymbol{\omega} \tau \alpha \dot{\lambda} \alpha \nu, \boldsymbol{\omega} \kappa \alpha \kappa o ́ \nu \nu \mu \phi \epsilon \kappa \eta \delta \epsilon \mu \omega \nu \tau \nu \rho a ́ \nu \nu \omega \nu, \quad 990$ $\pi a \iota \sigma i ̀ \nu ~ o v ̉ ~ к a \tau \epsilon \iota \delta \omega ̀ s$
 עатоע.
סv́ $\sigma \tau \alpha \nu \epsilon, \mu o i ́ \rho a s$ ö $\sigma о \nu \pi \alpha \rho o i ́ \chi \epsilon l$.
$\mu \epsilon \tau a \sigma \tau \in ́ \nu o \mu a \iota \delta \epsilon ̀ ~ \sigma o ̀ \nu ~ a ̈ ̀ \lambda y o s, \bar{\omega} \tau a ́ \lambda a \iota \nu a \pi \alpha i ́ \delta \omega \nu$ avr. $\beta^{\prime}$. $\mu \hat{a} \tau \epsilon \rho, \stackrel{a}{a}$ фоvєv́бєเs
 $\mu \omega s$

IHAIAAFתГOE.


 є̈a.

[ $\tau i \quad \sigma \grave{\eta} \nu \cdot \epsilon \ddot{\epsilon} \tau \rho \epsilon \psi a s \bar{\epsilon}_{\mu} \pi \pi a \lambda \iota \nu \pi a \rho \eta i \delta a$

MHAEIA.
aiaî.

## HAIAAГתГO末.


MHDEIA.
aiaî $\mu a^{\prime} \lambda^{\prime}$ aṽ $\theta c s$.
MAI $\triangle A \Gamma \Omega \Gamma O \Sigma$.
$\mu \omega ิ \nu \tau \nu \nu^{\prime}{ }^{\gamma} \gamma \gamma^{\prime} \lambda \lambda \omega \nu \tau \dot{\tau} \chi \eta \nu$

MHAEIA.

HAIDAFתFOE.
тí ס̀̀ катךфєîs ö $\mu \mu \alpha$ каì Saкрvppocîs;
MHAEIA.



## ПАI $\triangle$ AГתГO乏.



MHDEIA.


## MAIAAГתГOS.




MHDEIA.
$\delta \rho a ́ \sigma \omega \tau a ́ \delta^{\prime} . \quad$ à $\lambda \lambda a ̀ \quad \beta a i ̀ v \epsilon \delta \omega \mu a ́ \tau \omega \nu$ є̈ $\sigma \omega$ каì $\pi a \iota \sigma i ̀ \pi o ́ \rho \sigma v \nu ’$ оia $\chi \rho \grave{\eta} \kappa a \theta^{\prime}{ }_{\eta}^{\eta} \mu \epsilon ́ \rho a \nu$. 1020

 oik $\eta^{\prime} \sigma \epsilon \tau^{\prime} \dot{\alpha} \epsilon \grave{\iota} \mu \eta \tau \rho o ̀ s ~ \epsilon ̇ \sigma \tau \epsilon \rho \eta \mu \epsilon ́ \nu o \iota . ~$


$\pi \rho i \nu \lambda e ́ к \tau \rho a$ каì $\gamma \nu \nu \alpha i ̂ \kappa a ~ к а i ̀ ~ \gamma а \mu \eta \lambda i o v s ~$ $\epsilon \dot{\nu} \nu a ̀ s a \dot{\alpha} \gamma \hat{\eta} \lambda a \iota ~ \lambda a \mu \pi a ́ \delta a s \tau^{\prime} \dot{a} \nu a \sigma \chi \epsilon \theta \epsilon i v$.





 $\kappa a i ̀ ~ \kappa a \tau \theta a \nu o v ̂ \sigma a \nu \chi \epsilon \rho \sigma i ̀ \nu \in \tilde{J} \pi \epsilon \rho \iota \sigma \tau \epsilon \lambda \epsilon i \nu$,

 $\lambda \nu \pi \rho o ̀ \nu ~ \delta \iota \alpha ́ \xi \omega \beta i o \tau o \nu ~ a ̀ \lambda \gamma \epsilon \iota \nu o ́ \nu ~ \tau^{\prime} \notin \mu о i ́$.

 $\phi \epsilon \hat{v} \phi \epsilon \hat{v} \cdot \tau i ́ \pi \rho \circ \sigma \delta \epsilon ́ \rho \kappa \epsilon \sigma \theta \epsilon \in \mu^{\prime}{ }_{0}{ }^{\prime} \mu \mu \alpha \sigma \iota \nu, \tau \epsilon \in \kappa \nu \alpha ; 1000$ $\tau i{ }^{\prime} \pi \rho о \sigma \gamma \epsilon \lambda a ̂ \tau \epsilon \tau o ̀ \nu \pi a \nu v ́ \sigma \tau \alpha \tau o \nu \gamma^{\prime} \lambda \omega \nu ;$ aiaî. $\tau i ́ \delta \rho a ́ \sigma \omega ; ~ к а \rho \delta i ́ a ~ \gamma a ̀ \rho ~ o i ̈ \chi є \tau а и, ~$



$\tau i ́ \delta \epsilon i ̂ \mu \epsilon \pi a \tau \epsilon ́ \rho a ~ \tau \omega ิ \nu \delta \epsilon \tau 0 i ̂ s ~ \tau о u ́ \tau \omega \nu ~ к а к о i ̂ s ~$




 тò кaì $\pi \rho о$ é $\theta a \iota ~ \mu a \lambda \theta a \kappa o ̀ ̀ s ~ \lambda o ́ \gamma o v s ~ ф \rho \epsilon \nu o ́ s . ~$

 $\alpha \grave{\tau} \tau \underline{\varphi} \mu \epsilon \lambda \eta{ }^{\prime} \sigma \epsilon \iota \cdot \chi \epsilon \hat{\rho} \rho a \delta^{\prime}$ ov̉ $\delta \iota a \phi \theta \epsilon \rho \omega \hat{}$.
âa.


 $\mu a ̀ ~ \tau o v ̀ s ~ \pi a \rho ' ~ " A ı \delta \eta ~ \nu \epsilon \rho \tau \epsilon ́ \rho o v s ~ a ̉ \lambda a ́ \sigma \tau o \rho a s, ~$
 1060






 $\kappa a i ̀ ~ \tau о v ́ \sigma \delta \epsilon \pi \epsilon ́ \mu \psi \omega ~ \tau \lambda \eta \mu о \nu \epsilon \sigma \tau \epsilon ́ \rho a \nu \stackrel{\text { モ̈ }}{\tau} \iota$,
 סót' à $\sigma \pi \alpha ́ \sigma a \sigma \theta a \iota \mu \eta \tau \rho i ̀ \delta \epsilon \xi \iota a ̀ \nu \chi \epsilon ́ \rho \alpha$.
 $\kappa \alpha i ̀ ~ \sigma \chi \hat{\eta} \mu \alpha \kappa \alpha i ̀ ~ \pi \rho o ́ \sigma \omega \omega \pi о \nu ~ \epsilon ̉ ̉ y \epsilon \nu \epsilon ̀ s ~ \tau \epsilon ́ \kappa \nu \omega \nu$.





 $\theta \nu \mu o ̀ s ~ \delta \grave{~} \kappa \rho \epsilon i \sigma \sigma \omega \nu \tau \omega ิ \nu \epsilon \in \mu \omega \bar{\nu}$ ßov $\lambda \epsilon \nu \mu a ́ \tau \omega \nu$,


XOPOE.

 $\hat{\eta} \lambda \theta 0 \nu \mu \epsilon i \zeta o v s \hat{\eta} \chi \chi \eta ̀ \gamma \in \nu \epsilon \bar{\alpha} \nu$ $\theta \hat{\eta} \lambda \nu \nu \bar{\epsilon} \rho \epsilon v \nu a ̂ \nu \cdot a ̉ \lambda \lambda a ̀ ~ \gamma a ̀ \rho ~ \epsilon ̈ \sigma \tau \tau \nu ~$ $\mu о \hat{\sigma} \sigma \alpha$ каì $\dot{\eta} \mu i \nu, \hat{\eta} \pi \rho о \sigma о \mu \iota \lambda \epsilon \hat{\imath}$ бофías èvєкєע• $\pi a ́ \sigma a \iota \sigma \iota \mu e ̀ \nu ~ o v ̃ \cdot ~$
 $\epsilon$ viposs à $\nu$ ẗ $\sigma \omega s$ -

$\kappa \alpha i ́ \phi \eta \mu \iota \beta \rho \circ \tau \hat{\omega} \nu$ oìтıvés єícıข 1090
 $\pi a i ̂ \delta a s, \pi \rho \circ \phi \in ́ \rho \epsilon \iota \nu$ єis єủrvхià $\tau \omega ิ \nu \quad \gamma \iota \nu \alpha \mu \in ́ \nu \omega \nu$.

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 1095 |
| $\pi \alpha i ̂ \delta є s ~ \tau \epsilon \lambda \epsilon ́ \theta o v \sigma^{\prime}$ ov̀хi $\tau v \chi$ о́vtes |  |
|  |  |
| oî̄ı סè тéкข |  |
|  |  |
|  | 11 |
|  |  |
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|  |  |


$\pi \hat{\alpha} \sigma \iota \nu$ катєр̂̂ $\theta \nu \eta \tau о i ̂ \sigma \iota ~ к а к о ́ \nu \cdot ~$




Єávaтos $\pi \rho о ф \in ́ \rho \omega \nu ~ \sigma \omega ́ \mu a \tau a ~ \tau \epsilon ́ к \nu \omega \nu . ~$ $\pi \hat{\omega} s$ oṽv $\lambda$ v́є $\pi \rho o ̀ s ~ \tau o \imath ̂ s ~ a ̈ ̀ \lambda \lambda o ı s ~$ $\tau \eta ์ \nu \delta^{\prime}$ є̈т८ $\lambda u ́ \pi \eta \nu$ ả $\nu \iota a \rho o \tau a ́ \tau \eta \nu$ $\pi \alpha i ́ \delta \omega \nu \stackrel{\oplus}{\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}} \boldsymbol{\nu} \in \kappa \in \nu$


MHDEIA.
$\phi i ́ \lambda a \iota, \pi \alpha ́ \lambda \alpha \iota ~ \tau o \iota ~ \pi \rho o \sigma \mu \epsilon ́ \nu o v \sigma a ~ \tau \eta ̀ \nu ~ \tau บ ́ \chi \eta \nu$ карабок $\hat{\omega} \tau \dot{\alpha} к є \hat{\imath} \theta \epsilon \nu$ оî $\pi \rho о \beta \eta^{\prime} \sigma \epsilon \tau а \iota$.
 $\sigma \tau \epsilon i ́ \chi o \nu \tau^{\prime}$ ỏ $\pi a \delta \hat{\omega} \nu \cdot \pi \nu \epsilon \hat{v} \mu a \delta^{\prime} \eta ̉ \rho \epsilon \theta \iota \sigma \mu \in ́ \nu о \nu$ $\delta \epsilon i ́ \kappa \nu v \sigma \iota \nu \omega^{\omega} \tau_{\iota} \kappa \alpha \iota \nu o ̀ \nu . a ̉ \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \hat{\imath} \kappa \alpha \kappa o ́ \nu$.

АГГEMOE.

M $\lambda \iota \pi 0 \hat{\sigma^{\prime}}{ }^{3}$ ả $\pi \dot{\eta} \nu \eta \nu \mu \eta^{\prime} \tau^{3}$ ö $\chi o \nu \pi \epsilon \delta o \sigma \tau \iota \beta \hat{\eta}$.

MHAEIA.

АГГEMOE.
ö̀ $\omega \omega \lambda \epsilon \nu \dot{\eta} \tau \dot{v} \rho a \nu \nu o s \dot{\alpha} \rho \tau i \omega \varsigma$ ко́ $\eta \quad 112 s$

MHAEIA.
 тò $\lambda о \iota \pi o ̀ \nu ~ \eta ̈ \delta \eta ~ к а i ~ \phi i ́ \lambda o ı s ~ \epsilon ́ \mu o i ̂ s ~ \epsilon ̈ \sigma \epsilon \iota . ~$

ATPEAOE.
 ฑ゙т८s $\tau v \rho a ́ \nu \nu \omega \nu$ é $\sigma \tau i ́ a \nu \eta ̉ \kappa \iota \sigma \mu e ́ \nu \eta \nu$ хаípєıs кли́оvба коv̉ фоßєє̂ тà тоцáठє;

MHAEIA.


 $\tau \epsilon ́ \rho \psi \epsilon \iota a s \dot{\eta}^{\mu} \mu \hat{s}, \epsilon i ̉ \tau \epsilon \theta \nu \hat{a} \sigma \iota \pi а \gamma к a ́ k \omega s$.

ATPEAOE.

 $\eta{ }^{\eta} \sigma \theta \eta \mu \in \nu$ оï $\pi \epsilon \rho$ боîs éка́ $\mu \nu о \mu \epsilon \nu$ какоîs
 $\sigma \epsilon ̀ ~ \kappa a i ̀ ~ \pi o ́ \sigma \iota \nu ~ \sigma o ̀ \nu ~ \nu \epsilon i ̂ k o s ~ \epsilon ́ \sigma \pi \epsilon i ̂ \sigma \theta a \iota ~ \tau o ̀ ~ \pi \rho i ́ \nu . ~$



 $\pi \rho i ̀ \nu \mu \grave{\nu} \tau \in ́ \kappa \nu \omega \nu \quad \sigma \omega ิ \nu$ єí $\sigma \delta \in i ̂ \nu ~ \xi u v \omega \rho i ́ \delta a$, $\pi \rho o ́ \theta \nu \mu o \nu$ єíर' ỏ ò $\theta a \lambda \mu o ̀ \nu$ єis 'Iávova.
 $\lambda \epsilon v \kappa \eta_{\nu} \tau^{\prime} \dot{a} \pi \epsilon \epsilon \sigma \tau \rho \epsilon \psi^{\prime}{ }^{\prime} \mu \pi \pi a \lambda \iota \nu \pi \alpha \rho \eta i \delta a$,


 $\pi a v ́ \sigma \epsilon \iota ~ \delta \grave{~} \theta v \mu 0 \hat{v}$ каì $\pi a ́ \lambda \iota \nu ~ \sigma \tau \rho \epsilon ́ \psi \epsilon \iota \varsigma ~ \kappa \alpha ́ \rho a, ~$ $\phi i \lambda o v s \nu^{2} \mu i \zeta o v \sigma^{\prime}$ ov̋ $\sigma \pi \epsilon \rho \stackrel{a}{\nu} \nu \pi o ́ \sigma \iota s ~ \sigma \epsilon ́ \theta \epsilon \nu$,
 $\phi v y a ̀ s ~ a ̉ \phi \epsilon i v a l ~ \pi a ı \sigma i ̀ ~ \tau o i ̂ \sigma \delta ' ~ \epsilon ̇ \mu \eta ̀ \nu ~ \chi a ́ p ı \nu ; ~$ $115 \%$

 $\mu a \kappa \rho \alpha ̀ \nu$ à $\pi \epsilon \hat{\imath} \nu a \iota \pi a \tau \epsilon ́ \rho a ~ к а i ̀ ~ \pi a i ̂ \delta a s ~ \sigma \epsilon ́ \theta \epsilon \nu$,





 סcópoıs $\dot{v} \pi \epsilon \rho \chi a i ́ \rho o v \sigma a, \pi о \lambda \lambda a ̀ ~ \pi о \lambda \lambda a ́ \kappa \iota s$


 $\chi \omega \rho \epsilon i ̂ ̀ \tau \rho \epsilon ́ \mu о v \sigma \alpha \kappa \omega ิ \lambda a$ каì $\mu o ́ \lambda \iota s$ ф $\theta a ́ \nu \epsilon \iota$


 $\dot{\alpha} \nu \omega \lambda o ́ \lambda \nu \xi \epsilon, \pi \rho i ́ \nu \gamma^{\prime}$ ó $\rho a ̣ ̂ ~ \delta ı a ̀ ~ \sigma \tau o ́ \mu a ~$ $\chi \omega \rho о \hat{\nu} \nu \tau a$ 入єvкòv ádpóv, ò $\mu \mu a ́ \tau \omega \nu \delta^{\prime} \dot{a} \pi \grave{̀}$

 $\kappa \omega \kappa v \tau o ́ v . ~ \epsilon \grave{v} \theta \dot{v} s \delta^{\prime} \dot{\eta} \mu \grave{\nu} \nu$ єi's $\pi a \tau \rho o ̀ s ~ \delta o ́ \mu o v s$ $\omega^{\omega} \rho \mu \eta \sigma \epsilon \nu, \dot{\eta}$ ठè $\pi \rho o ̀ s ~ \tau o ̀ \nu ~ a ̀ \rho \tau i ́ \omega s ~ \pi o ́ \sigma \iota \nu$
 $\sigma \tau \epsilon ́ \gamma \eta \pi v \kappa \nu 0 i ̂ \sigma \iota \nu$ є̇ктúтєє $\delta \rho о \mu \eta \dot{\mu} \mu \sigma \iota \nu$.





 Өav $\mu a \sigma \tau o ̀ \nu ~ i ́ \epsilon \iota ~ \nu a ̂ \mu a ~ \pi a \mu \phi a ́ y o v ~ \pi v \rho o ́ s . ~$ $\pi \epsilon ́ \pi \lambda o \iota ~ \delta \grave{\epsilon} \lambda \epsilon \pi \tau о i ́, \sigma \hat{\omega} \nu \tau \epsilon ́ \kappa \nu \omega \nu \delta \omega \rho \eta \prime \mu \alpha \tau \alpha$,




 ё $\sigma \epsilon \iota \sigma \epsilon, \mu \hat{a} \lambda \lambda o \nu \delta i s ~ \tau o ́ \sigma \omega \varsigma ~ \tau ' ~ e ́ \lambda a ́ \mu \pi \epsilon \tau о . ~$



光 $\sigma \tau a \zeta \epsilon ~ к \rho a \tau o ̀ s ~ \sigma v \mu \pi \epsilon \phi \nu \rho \mu \epsilon ́ v o \nu \pi v \rho i ́$,
 $\gamma \nu a \theta \mu о i ̂ s a ̉ \delta \eta ́ \lambda o ı s ~ \phi а р \mu a ́ к \omega \nu ~ a ̀ \pi \epsilon ́ \rho \rho \epsilon о \nu$, $\delta \epsilon \iota \nu o ̀ \nu \theta \epsilon ́ a \mu a \cdot \pi \hat{a} \sigma \iota \delta^{\prime}{ }^{\eta} \nu$ фóßos $\theta \iota \gamma \epsilon \hat{\imath} \nu$ $\nu \epsilon \kappa \rho о \hat{v} \cdot \tau \dot{\chi} \chi \eta \nu \gamma$ à $\epsilon \epsilon \chi \chi о \mu \epsilon \nu \delta \delta \delta a ́ \sigma \kappa \alpha \lambda о \nu$. $\pi a \tau \eta ̀ \rho \delta^{\prime}$ ò $\tau \lambda \eta \eta_{\mu} \mu \nu \sigma v \mu \phi о \rho a ̂ s ~ a ̉ \gamma \nu \omega \sigma i ́ a$ $\stackrel{\alpha}{\alpha} \phi \nu \omega \pi \rho \circ \sigma \epsilon \lambda \theta \grave{\omega} \nu \hat{\omega} \mu \alpha \pi \rho \circ \sigma \pi i \tau \nu \epsilon \iota \nu \epsilon \kappa \rho \hat{\omega}{ }^{\cdot} \quad 120 \Delta$ $\ddot{\oplus} \mu \omega \xi \epsilon \delta^{\prime} \epsilon \dot{v} \theta \dot{\prime} s$, каì $\pi \epsilon \rho \iota \pi \tau u ́ \xi a s \delta^{\prime} \mu a s$ $\kappa v \nu \epsilon \hat{\imath ̂} \pi \rho \circ \sigma a v \delta \omega \hat{\nu} \boldsymbol{\tau o u}{ }^{\prime} \delta^{\prime} \cdot \hat{\omega} \delta v ́ \sigma \tau \eta \nu \epsilon \pi a \hat{\imath}$,
 тís тò̀ $\gamma \epsilon \in \rho о \nu \tau \alpha \tau v ́ \mu \beta o \nu$ ỏj $\phi \alpha \nu o ̀ \nu ~ \sigma \epsilon ́ \theta \epsilon \nu$ $\tau i \theta \eta \sigma \iota \nu ; ~ о і ̈ \mu о \iota, \sigma \nu \nu \theta a ́ \nu о \iota \mu i ́ \sigma o \iota, \tau \in ́ \kappa \nu о \nu . \quad 1210$


 $\lambda \epsilon \pi \tau o i ̂ \sigma \iota \pi \epsilon ́ \pi \lambda o \iota s, \delta \epsilon \iota \nu \alpha \delta^{\prime}{ }^{\eta} \nu \pi \alpha \lambda \alpha i ́ \sigma \mu a \tau \alpha$.





 $\pi \epsilon ́ \lambda a \varsigma, \pi о \theta \epsilon \iota \nu \grave{~} \delta a \kappa \rho v v_{0} \iota \sigma \iota \sigma v \mu \phi \circ \rho a ́$. $\kappa \alpha i ́ \mu o \iota ~ \tau o ̀ ~ \mu e ̀ \nu ~ \sigma o ̀ \nu ~ \epsilon ̇ \kappa \pi о \delta \omega ̀ \nu ~ \epsilon ̈ ̈ \sigma \tau \omega ~ \lambda o ́ \gamma o v . ~$


 סокои̂ $\nu \tau a s$ єival каi $\mu \epsilon \rho \iota \mu \nu \eta \tau$ às $\lambda o ́ \gamma \omega \nu$





## xOPOZ.

 какà $\xi \cup \nu a ́ \pi \tau \epsilon \iota \nu$ évסíкшs 'Iá ${ }^{\prime}$




MHAEIA.
фì $\lambda a \iota, \delta \in ́ \delta o \kappa \tau a \iota ~ \tau o v ̄ \rho \gamma o \nu ~ \grave{\omega} s \tau \alpha ́ \chi \iota \sigma \tau a ́ \mu o \iota$



 $\dot{\eta} \mu \epsilon i \hat{s} \kappa \tau \epsilon \nu \circ \hat{v} \mu \epsilon \nu$, oíтєן $\mathfrak{\epsilon} \xi \epsilon \phi \dot{v} \sigma \alpha \mu \epsilon \nu$.
 тà $\delta \epsilon \iota \nu a ̀ ~ \kappa a ̉ \nu \alpha \gamma к а i ̂ a ~ \mu \grave{~} \pi \rho a ́ \sigma \sigma \epsilon \iota \nu \kappa а к a ́ ;$

 $\kappa \alpha i ̀ \mu \eta े \kappa \alpha \kappa \iota \sigma \theta \hat{\eta} s \mu \eta \delta^{\prime}$ à $\nu \alpha \mu \nu \eta \sigma \theta \hat{\eta} s \tau \epsilon ́ \kappa \nu \omega \nu$





XOPOE.

 ỏ $\lambda о \mu \epsilon ́ \nu \alpha \nu \gamma \nu \nu a i ̂ \kappa a, \pi \rho i ̀ \nu$ фоıvía

 $\dot{\epsilon} \beta \lambda a \sigma \tau \epsilon \nu, \theta \epsilon \hat{\omega} \nu \delta^{\prime}$ ai $\mu a \ldots \pi i \tau \nu \epsilon \iota \nu$ фóßos $\dot{v} \pi^{\prime}$ ả $\nu \epsilon ́ \rho \omega \nu$. ả $\lambda \lambda a ́ \nu \iota \nu$, â фáos $\delta \iota o \gamma \epsilon \nu \in ́ s, ~ к a ́ т є \iota \rho-~$ $\gamma \epsilon, \kappa \alpha \tau \alpha ́ \pi \alpha \nu \sigma o \nu,{ }_{\epsilon} \epsilon \xi \in \lambda^{\prime}$ оїк $\omega \nu$ фо $\hat{\omega} \nu \tau^{3}$

 avtr. $a^{\prime}$.
 $\kappa v a \nu \epsilon \hat{a} \nu \lambda \iota \pi o v ิ \sigma a \Sigma \nu \mu \pi \lambda \eta \gamma a ́ \delta \omega \nu$ $\pi \epsilon \tau \rho \hat{a} \nu \dot{a} \xi \epsilon \nu \omega \tau \dot{\alpha} \tau \alpha \nu \epsilon \mathfrak{i} \sigma \beta o \lambda a ́ \nu$.
$\delta \epsilon i \lambda a i ́ a, ~ \tau i ́ \sigma o \iota \phi \rho \epsilon \nu \hat{\omega} \nu \beta a \rho v ̀ s$ $\chi$ дó入os $\pi \rho о \sigma \pi i \tau \nu \in \iota ~ к \alpha i ̀ . . ~ \delta v \sigma \mu \epsilon \nu \eta े s$ ф́óvos $\dot{\alpha} \mu \epsilon i \not \beta \in \tau a \iota ;$




XOPOE.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { बтр. } \beta^{\prime} \text {. }
\end{aligned}
$$


MAIE $a^{\prime}$.
oîцoı, тí $\delta \rho a ́ \sigma \omega ; \pi o i ̂ ~ \phi u ̛ \gamma \omega ~ \mu \eta \tau \rho o ̀ s ~ \chi \epsilon ́ \rho a s ; ~ ' ~ 1271 ~$
IIAIE $\beta^{\prime}$.

XOPOS.

HAIDEE.



XOPOS.

 1280

$\mu i ́ a \nu \delta \eta ̀ ̀ \kappa \lambda v ́ \omega \mu i ́ a \nu ~ \tau \omega ิ \nu \pi a ́ p o s$ div. $\boldsymbol{\beta}^{\prime}$.


$\delta a ́ \mu a \rho \nu \iota \nu$ ċ ${ }^{\prime} \in \dot{\prime} \pi \epsilon \mu \psi \epsilon \delta \omega \mu a ́ \tau \omega \nu$ ä $\lambda \eta$. 1285
 $\tau \epsilon ́ \kappa \nu \omega \nu \delta v \sigma \sigma \epsilon \beta \epsilon \hat{\imath}$,
 סvoì tє $\pi a i ́ \delta o \iota \nu ~ \sigma v \nu \theta a \nu o \hat{v} \sigma^{\prime}$ à $\pi o ́ \lambda \lambda \nu \tau a u$.
入éXos $\pi 0 \lambda$ र́movov, 1291


## IA $\Sigma \Omega \mathbf{N}$.




$\delta \epsilon i ̂ \gamma a ́ \rho \nu \iota \nu \ddot{\eta}^{\eta} \tau о \iota \gamma \hat{\gamma} s \sigma \phi \epsilon \kappa \rho v \phi \theta \hat{\eta} \nu a \iota \kappa \alpha ́ \tau \omega$,

 $\pi \epsilon ́ \pi o \iota \theta^{\top}$ à $\pi о к \tau \epsilon i ́ v a \sigma a$ коірávous $\chi$ Oovòs

$\dot{\alpha} \lambda \lambda^{\prime}$ ov̉ $\gamma \grave{\alpha} \rho$ aù $\tau \hat{\eta} s$ ф $\rho o \nu \tau i \delta^{\prime} \dot{\omega} \varsigma \tau \epsilon \in \kappa \nu \omega \nu$ 光 $\chi \omega$.

 $\mu \eta^{\prime} \mu$ оí $\tau \iota \delta \rho a ́ \sigma \omega \sigma^{\prime}$ oi $\pi \rho \circ \sigma \eta^{\prime} \kappa о \nu \tau \epsilon s$ үévєו,


## XOPOS.



$I A \Sigma \Omega N$.


## XOPOS.

$\pi a i ̂ \delta \epsilon s \tau \epsilon \theta \nu \hat{a} \sigma \iota \chi \epsilon \iota \rho \grave{\mu} \mu \tau \rho \varphi_{q}^{q} \sigma \epsilon \in \theta \epsilon \nu$.

IA $\sum \Omega \mathrm{N}$.

XOPOE.

IA $\boldsymbol{\Sigma} \boldsymbol{\Omega} \boldsymbol{\Omega}$.

XOPOE.
$\pi v ́ \lambda a s ~ a ̉ \nu o i ́ \xi a s ~ \sigma \omega ิ \nu \tau \epsilon ́ \kappa \nu \omega \nu ~ o ै ~ \psi \epsilon \iota ~ \phi o ́ \nu o \nu . ~$
IAESN.
$\chi$ व $\lambda \hat{a} \tau \epsilon \kappa \lambda \hat{\eta} \delta a s$ 凶́s $\tau a ́ \chi \iota \sigma \tau a, \pi \rho o ́ \sigma \pi o \lambda o \iota$,



MHAEIA.
$\tau i ́ \tau a ́ \sigma \delta \epsilon ~ \kappa \iota \nu \epsilon i s ~ \kappa a ̉ \nu a \mu o \chi \lambda \epsilon v ́ \epsilon เ \varsigma ~ \pi u ́ \lambda a s, ~$

 $\lambda \epsilon ́ \gamma^{\prime} \epsilon i ้ \tau \iota \beta o v ́ \lambda \epsilon \iota, \chi \epsilon \iota \rho i \delta^{\prime}$ ov̉ $\psi a v ́ \sigma \epsilon \iota s$ тотє́. $\quad 1320$ тocóv $\delta^{\prime}$ ö $\chi \eta \mu \alpha$ тat $\rho o ̀ s ~ " H \lambda ı o s ~ \pi a \tau \eta ̀ \rho ~$


IA $\underset{\sim}{2} \Omega \mathrm{~N}$.
 $\theta \epsilon 0 i ̂ s ~ \tau \epsilon \kappa \alpha ̉ \mu о i ̀ \pi \alpha \nu \tau i ́ \tau^{\prime} \dot{\alpha} \nu \theta \rho \omega ́ \pi \omega \nu \gamma^{\prime} \nu \epsilon \iota$,

 $\kappa \alpha i ̀ ~ \tau \alpha v ̂ \tau \alpha ~ \delta \rho a ́ \sigma a \sigma^{\prime}{ }_{\eta}{ }^{\lambda} \iota o ́ \nu ~ \tau \epsilon \pi \rho о \sigma \beta \lambda \epsilon ́ \pi \epsilon \iota s$ $\kappa \alpha i ̀ ~ \gamma \alpha i ̄ a \nu, ~ \epsilon ̈ \rho \gamma o \nu ~ \tau \lambda a ̂ \sigma a ~ \delta v \sigma \sigma \epsilon \beta \epsilon ́ \sigma \tau a \tau o \nu . ~$




 $\kappa \tau a \nu 0 \hat{\sigma} \sigma a$ रà $\rho$ ठ̀̀ $\sigma \grave{\nu} \nu \kappa \alpha ́ \sigma \iota \nu \pi a \rho \epsilon ́ \sigma \tau \iota o \nu$,





 $\gamma \hat{\eta} \mu a i ́ ~ \sigma \epsilon, \kappa \eta ̂ \delta o s ~ e ́ \chi \theta \rho o ̀ \nu ~ o ̉ \lambda \epsilon ́ \theta \rho t o ́ v ~ \tau ' ~ \epsilon ’ \mu o i ́, ~$

 à $\lambda \lambda^{\prime}$ ov̉ $\gamma$ à $\rho \stackrel{a}{*} \nu ~ \sigma \epsilon \mu v \rho i ́ o \iota s ~ o ̉ v \epsilon i ́ \delta \epsilon \sigma \iota ~$



 ov่ $\pi a i ̂ \delta a s ~ o v ̂ s ~ \epsilon ै \phi \nu \sigma a \kappa \alpha ̉ \xi \epsilon \theta \rho \in \psi a ́ \mu \eta \nu$


MHDEIA.
 $\lambda o ́ \gamma o \iota \sigma \iota \nu, \epsilon i \mu \grave{\eta} \mathrm{Z} \epsilon \grave{s} \pi a \tau \grave{\eta} \rho \dot{\eta} \pi i \sigma \tau a \tau o$


 1355 oủ $\delta^{\prime} \dot{\eta}$ тv́palvos oủ $\delta^{\prime}$ í $\sigma o i ̀ \pi \rho o \sigma \theta \epsilon i s ~ \gamma a ́ \mu o u s ~$
 $\pi \rho o ̀ s ~ \tau \alpha v ̂ \tau \alpha ~ к \alpha i ~ \lambda \epsilon ́ a \iota \nu a \nu, ~ \epsilon i ~ \beta o v ́ \lambda \epsilon \iota, ~ к a ́ \lambda \epsilon \iota, ~$



IA $\Sigma \Omega \mathrm{N}$.

MHAEIA.

$I A \Sigma \Omega N$.

MHAEIA.

IA $\mathbb{C} \Omega \mathrm{N}$.

MHAEIA.

$I A \Sigma \Omega N$.


MHAEIA.

IA $\mathbb{I} \Omega \mathbf{N}$.

MH $\Delta E I A$.

$I A \Sigma \Omega N$.

MHAEIA.

IA $\mathbb{I} \Omega \mathrm{N}$.
ï $\sigma a \sigma \iota \delta \hat{\eta} \tau a \sigma \dot{\eta} \nu \gamma^{\prime} \dot{\alpha} \pi o ́ \pi \tau v \sigma \tau ̇ o \nu ~ \phi \rho \in ́ \nu a$.
MHAEIA.
$\sigma \tau u ́ \gamma \epsilon \iota \cdot \pi \iota \kappa \rho a ̀ \nu ~ \delta \epsilon ̀ ~ \beta a ́ \xi \iota \nu ~ \epsilon ̇ X \theta a i ́ p \omega ~ \sigma \epsilon ́ \theta \epsilon \nu 。$
$I A E \Omega N$.

MHDEIA. .

$I A \Sigma \Omega N$.
$\theta a ́ \psi a \iota ~ \nu \epsilon к \rho o v ́ s ~ \mu o \iota ~ \tau о v ́ \sigma \delta \epsilon ~ к а i ̀ ~ к \lambda a v ̂ \sigma a \iota ~ \pi a ́ \rho \epsilon s . ~$

## MHAEIA.



 $\tau \dot{v} \mu \beta o v s$ à $\nu a \sigma \pi \omega \hat{\nu} \cdot \gamma \hat{\eta} \delta \epsilon ̀ ~ \tau \hat{\eta} \delta \epsilon \Sigma \iota \sigma u ́ \phi o v$ $\sigma \epsilon \mu \nu \grave{\nu} \nu$ є́opтウ̀ $\nu$ каi тє́ $\lambda \eta \pi \rho о \sigma a ́ \psi о \mu \epsilon \nu$ тò $\lambda o \iota \pi o ̀ \nu ~ a ̉ \nu \tau i ̀ \tau 0 \hat{\nu} \delta \epsilon \delta v \sigma \sigma \epsilon \beta o v ̂ s ~ \phi o ́ \nu o v$. $a u ̉ \tau \eta े ~ \delta \epsilon ̀ ~ \gamma a i ̂ a \nu ~ \epsilon i \mu \iota ~ \tau \eta े \nu ~ ' E \rho є \chi \theta e ́ \omega s, ~$ Aì $\epsilon \hat{\imath} \sigma v \nu o \iota \kappa \eta ́ \sigma o v \sigma a ~ \tau \hat{\varphi}$ Пavסíovos. 1385 $\sigma \grave{~} \delta^{\prime}, \dot{\omega} \sigma \pi \epsilon \rho$ єiкós, каг $\theta a \nu \epsilon \hat{\imath}$ какòs как $\omega$ s, 'Apyov̂s кápa $\sigma o ̀ \nu \lambda \epsilon \iota \psi a ́ \nu ఱ ~ \pi \epsilon \pi \lambda \eta \gamma \mu \epsilon ́ \nu o s$, $\pi \iota \kappa \rho a ̀ s ~ \tau \epsilon \lambda \epsilon v \tau \grave{\alpha} s \tau \omega \nu{ }^{\epsilon} \mu \hat{\omega} \nu \gamma^{a} \mu \omega \nu$ í $\delta \omega \dot{\nu} \nu$.

IA $\underset{\Omega}{ } \Omega \mathrm{N}$.
 фоvía $\tau \in \Delta i к \eta$.

MHDEIA.
 то仑̂ $\psi \in v \delta o ́ \rho к о v ~ к а i ~ \xi є є \iota \nu a \pi a ́ \tau о v ; ~$

IA $\mathcal{E} \Omega \mathrm{N}$.
$\phi \epsilon \hat{v} \phi \epsilon \hat{v}, \mu v \sigma a \rho a ̀$ каì $\pi a \iota \delta о \lambda \epsilon ́ \tau о \rho$.

## MHAEIA.

$\sigma \tau \epsilon \hat{\imath} \chi \in \pi \rho o ̀ s ~ o i ̆ k o u s ~ к а i ̀ ~ \theta a ́ \pi \tau ' ~ a ̈ \lambda о \chi o \nu . ~$
$I A \Sigma \Omega N$.


- MHDEIA.

IA $\boldsymbol{I} \Omega \mathrm{N}$.



## MHDEIA.

$\mu \eta \tau \rho i ́ \gamma \epsilon, \sigma o i ̀ \delta^{\prime}$ ouv.
IA $\boldsymbol{\Sigma} \boldsymbol{\Omega} \mathbf{N}$.
$\kappa \alpha ̈ \pi \epsilon \epsilon \tau^{3}$ є̈каעєS;
MHAEIA.
$\sigma \epsilon ́ \gamma \epsilon \pi \eta \mu a i \nu o v \sigma^{\prime}$.
IA $\mathcal{I} \Omega \mathrm{N}$.
 $\pi a i ́ \delta \omega \nu$ ó $\tau$ á入as $\pi \rho o \sigma \pi \tau v ́ \xi a \sigma \theta a \iota$. 1400

MHDEIA.
$\nu \hat{v} \nu \sigma \phi \epsilon \pi \rho o \sigma a v \delta a ̨ ̂ s, \nu \hat{v} \nu \dot{\alpha} \sigma \pi a ́ \zeta \epsilon \iota$, то́т' $\dot{a} \pi \omega \sigma \alpha^{\prime} \mu \in \nu 0 \varsigma$.

IA $\mathbb{Z} \Omega \mathrm{N}$.
סós $\mu \circ \iota \pi \rho o ̀ s \theta \epsilon \hat{\omega} \nu$
$\mu a \lambda \alpha \kappa o v ̂ \chi \rho \omega \tau o ̀ s ~ \psi a v ̂ \sigma a \iota \tau \epsilon ́ \kappa \nu \omega \nu$.
MHAEIA.


## $I A \Sigma \Omega N$.

 oíá $\tau \epsilon \pi \alpha ́ \sigma \chi о \mu \epsilon \nu$ द̇к $\tau \hat{\eta} s \mu v \sigma a \rho a ̂ s$ каì $\pi \alpha \iota \delta o \phi o ́ \nu o v ~ \tau \hat{\eta} \sigma \delta \epsilon \lambda \epsilon a i ́ \nu \eta s ;$
ả $\lambda \lambda ’$ ó $\pi o ́ \sigma о \nu ~ \gamma o v ̂ \nu ~ \pi a ́ p a ~ к а i ~ \delta u ́ v a \mu a \iota ~$ $\tau a ́ \delta \epsilon \kappa \alpha i \quad \theta \rho \eta \nu \hat{\omega} \kappa a ̉ \pi \iota \theta \epsilon a ́ \zeta \omega$, $\mu а \rho \tau v \rho o ́ \mu \in \nu o s ~ \delta a i ́ \mu о \nu a s ~ \grave{s} \mu \circ \iota$ 1410
 $\psi a \hat{v} \sigma a i ́ \tau \epsilon \chi \epsilon \rho \circ i ̂ \nu$ $\theta a ́ \psi a \iota \tau \epsilon \nu \epsilon \kappa \rho o u ́ s$,
 $\pi \rho o ̀ s ~ \sigma o v ̂ ~ \phi \theta \iota \mu \in ́ v o v s ~ \epsilon ́ \pi \iota \delta \epsilon ́ \sigma \theta a l . ~$

## XOPOE.

 1415




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# NOTES． 

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H．，Hadley＇s Greek Grammar．<br>G．，Goodwin＇s Greek Grammar．<br>GMT．，Goodwin＇s Syntax of the Greek Moods and Tenses．

## ON THE HYPOTHESES．

Hypothesis First．－Ascribed in one manuscript to Dicaearchus，who was a pupil of Aristotle，and whom we know，like his master，to have written such dramaturgical notes．A part is perhaps taken from him，but the last part is plainly written by some one else．－ह̀yvaital ：incorrect；
 does not mention her name；later writers call her sometimes Glauce，some－ times Creusa．－$\mu \omega^{\circ} 0 \delta$ v rฑ̂s Xápıros ：again inaccurate ；the gifts are sent ＇in suing for a new favor．－$\Phi_{\epsilon \rho \in \kappa ⿱ 亠 䒑} \delta \eta$ ，a native of Leros，who lived at Athens about the time of the Persian wars and made a collection of legends （l $\sigma \tau \sigma \rho\left(a \iota\right.$ ）in ten books．－$\Sigma \_\mu \omega v(\delta \eta s$ of Ceos，the famous poet（556－468
 larly have moiñal．－$\delta$ rov̀s Nóбтovs moufoas，the author of the Nosti， one of the poems of the Epic Cyclus ；it was commonly ascribed to Agias of Troezen．－$\Sigma$ réduл os，an Egyptian Greek of uncertain age，who wrote，
 Ba入éocai，falsely appropriated，palming it off as his own，as a woman an－ other＇s child．－＇El ${ }^{\text {dádos } \beta \text { los，in }}$ three books，was Dicaearchus＇chief work；it was an account of the customs，institutions，and topography of
 here referred to were in six books，attributed sometimes to Aristotle，some－ times to Theophrastus．－$\mu\{\mu \phi о \nu \tau a r, \kappa . \tau . \lambda .:$ an unjust criticism；see on
 ther development of the thought．－Tı $\mu a x$（ $\delta a d$ ，a glossographer and com－ mentator of uncertain time；his remark is wrong；see on v．3．－＂O ${ }^{\prime} \eta \eta_{\rho}$ os： Odys．є， 264.

Hypothesis Second. - Aristophanes of Byzantium, the famous Alexandrine scholar and librarian (about 200 B. c.), busied himself especially with the criticism of the poets. We possess many such brief notices of his on plays. The didascaliae, or statements as to date of representation, etc., were collected from the Athenian choregic inscriptions which commemorated the dramatic contests. - wap' oüठcrepy, к. т. $\lambda_{0}$ : that is, neither Aeschylus nor Sophocles composed a play on the same subject. - пр тos ( $\boldsymbol{j}_{\boldsymbol{\nu}}$ ), i. e. took the first prize. - Eủopi $\omega v$, son of Aeschylus. - ot $\sigma 4^{\prime-}$ yerah, namely, the satyric play Theristae. It was not, he means, in the Alexandrine library.

## ON THE PLAY.

The scene is in Corinth before Medea's house. The nurse, whose speech opens the play, is an old slave-woman, attached, according to Greek custom, to the person of her mistress for life, having been her attendant in childhood and her companion in flight from her father's house. She comes upon the stage from out the house. The prologue is better managed than most of Euripides' ; the nurse's soliloquy is naturally brought about and discloses the situation to the hearers in an unconstrained way.

1, 2. c $\theta^{\prime} \mathcal{M}^{\omega} \phi \lambda^{\prime}$ : for this formula of wishing, see GMT. § 83,2 ; H. 721, b (fine print). - 8iantddoda : the ship is said to fly, as Hel. 147 and elsowhere its sails are called wings. - $\Sigma \Sigma \mu \pi \lambda \eta \gamma{ }^{2} \delta a s$ is object of $\delta \iota a \pi \tau$. The Symplegades or $\sigma u \nu \delta \rho o \mu d \delta \epsilon s \pi \epsilon \in \tau \rho a \iota$ (in Homer $\pi \lambda a \gamma \kappa r a l$ ) are fabulous rocks believed to close together and crush ships which attempted to pass between them. Homer thinks of them as somewhere in the west, but later they were identified with two rocks at the mouth of the Bosporus, where it opens into the Euxine. kudyeal is their standing epithet, so that they are even called al kvdreac outright.
3. There is no hysteron proteron in this passage ; the nurse says, 'Would that the ship had never sailed, - nay, had never even been built.'
4. \&erpễat: this verb occurs nowhere else in classic Greek. Hesychius explains it by кผ́тacs dip $\mu \delta \sigma \alpha \iota$. The subject is still reúкท. And would that it had never equipped with oars the hands of those noblest men. The pine is thought of as furnishing material for oars as well as for ship.
 these words make it clear to the spectators who the speaker is. - тipyous: the place whither ; H. 551 ; G. § 162. - Oupoेv Eккллаүкía, crazed in heart; $\epsilon \kappa \pi \lambda \lambda \eta \sigma \sigma \omega$ of an overpowering passion such as deprives of self-control.

11 flg . A singular case of attraction. $\pi 0 \lambda \iota \tau \hat{\omega} v$ (for ro入íracs) takes the
case of iv．The reason is that $\phi v \gamma \hat{p}$ belongs not to divodroura but to d $\dot{\phi} \ell-$ $\kappa \in \tau 0$ ，so that the relative clause really begins with $\phi \nu \gamma \hat{n}$ ，and $\pi 0 \lambda \iota \tau \hat{\omega} v$ is inside of it，and therefore has to take the case of the relative；H．809； G．§ 154．The regular order would be inv ro入ıtŵr фvरण̂ dфixero $\chi \theta \delta \nu a$ ， standing，of course，for то入itals $\dot{\omega} \nu \phi u \gamma \hat{\eta} d \phi . \chi \theta$ ．，pleasing the citizens to whase land she has come in her flight．Had the poet written ronitals， $\phi v \gamma \hat{\eta}$ would be referred to desduovoa，and the sentence so be misunderstood． －àv $\delta d{ }^{2}$ changed through the influence of the intervening parenthesis $(14,15)$ ；the idea is，＇pleasing to be sure（ $\mu \notin \nu$ ）her adopted townsmen，and doing all she can to maintain friendly relations with her husband，but still（ $\delta \epsilon$ ）in－ volved in strife from his nefarious conduct．＇

13．aúrt，on her part，in opposition to Jason＇s faithlessness．
14．$\eta \pi \epsilon \rho$ by attraction for $\delta \pi \in \rho ;$ H． 513 c．
16．vorei rd̀ $\phi \lambda_{\tau}$ 1．ara，the tenderest ties are failing．

25，26．नuvtभккоvбa סaxpúous，dissolving it（ $\sigma \hat{\mu} \mu a$ ）in tears．Others construe $\sigma u v \tau i$ xovoa $\chi$ रpbov，justifying it by $\tau \eta$ rec $\beta$ corif，141，which，how－
 plementary participle ；H． 799 ；GMT．§ 113.

30．Av $\mu \eta$ тотe may be rendered except when．
 tinuance more prominent．This use of $\epsilon_{\chi} \omega$ with aor．partic．（GMT．§ 112， 2，Note 7 ；H．797）is a favorite one with Sophocles and Euripides，but is probably not found in Aeschylus．

35．$\alpha \pi 0 \lambda$ éreodau．is passive；to be bereft．लोे drtod．joined by synizesis，
37．wov $=\kappa a \kappa b v$ ，as often．
38．$\beta$ apeía，resentful．
40－43．The two first of these verses are plainly interpolated from 879 flg．；the others might be retained（reading $\mu \boldsymbol{\gamma}$ for t）but that rtpanvon is awkward and obscure．If the princess is meant，there should be some designation of the gender．

45．ка入入linkov means victory，or the honors of victory；so $\tau \boldsymbol{\delta}$ ка入入lvicov is used Pind．Nem．3，17．In the absence of the article it is better to take it as neuter，than as masc．with ortфavov nuderstood，as some have done．

46．otbe $\pi$ aibes $\sigma$ relxown，here come the children．For this use of $8 \delta e$ ， very common in the drama，see H． 678 a．－The learner should note the difference between $\tau \rho b$ xos and $\tau \rho o x b s$ ．

49．The sat $\delta a \gamma \omega \gamma b s$ ，who now enters with the two boys，is an aged family－slave of Jason＇s．Wealthy Greeks，when their boys had outgrown the nursery，gave them into the charge of such trusty slaves，whose duty
it was to attend them wherever they went. - $\delta \epsilon \sigma \pi o l v \eta s$ limits otk $\kappa \nu \overline{\kappa \tau} \hat{\eta} \mu a$ taken together.
50. Thube should be translated thus. It is similarly used in 689 below.
52. $\sigma$ ov̂ may depend upon either $\mu b \nu \eta$ or $\lambda \epsilon \epsilon \pi \in \sigma \theta a u$.
57. The Greeks had a superstitious belief in the efficacy of confiding secret anxieties to the natural elements. Andromache (Andr. 91), Electra (Eur. El. 59, Soph. El. 89), and Creusa (Ion 885)' do this. A disquieting dream is thus told to the air (Iph. Taur. 42) or the sun (Soph. El. 424).
58. $\mu \mathrm{o} \lambda$ о'von $n$, as if $\mu \mathrm{o}$, not $\mu \epsilon$, had gone before. Several such places are
 $\mu t \nu \psi$. Cp. below 744 and note. The comic poet Philemon (Athen. vii. p. 288) parodied this passage thus: A cook says,
59. ráp in questions expresses surprise. Transl. what I
 height, or in the niddle of its course.
61. $\mu \omega \bar{\omega}$ os : nom. of exclamation rather than of address. Medea is meant, $\mu \omega \overline{\rho o s}$ being used here exceptionally as adj. of two endings. This

65. Tpds yevelov: see on 709. - бivooviov, acc. of person (H. 553 ; G. § 164), the acc. of the thing being omitted.
67. ou่ Sokôv $\times \lambda$ óev, pretending not to be listening. Cp. Hipp. 119, $\mu$ خो

68. $\pi \in \sigma \sigma o u ́ s$, the gaming-place. So ol lx $\begin{gathered}\text { ôs, the fish-market, id } \lambda \text { dáava, }\end{gathered}$ the vegetable-market, and others. The game of $\pi \in \sigma \sigma o l$ resembled ours of draughts, in that it was played on a checkered board with men ( $\psi \hat{\eta} \phi o t)$. There were several varieties of it.
69. All fountains were considered sacred. The famous Pirene, after first welling up near the top of the Acrocorinthus into a basin with no visible outlet, flowed underground and reappeared in the lower town, near the street leading to the Lechaeum, where it was adorned with handsome stonework, and was a favorite place of resort. See Curtius's Pelop. Vol. II. p. 528.
72. नadhs, true, correct.
73. oúk єivau : a very exceptional use of oú. The rule would require $\mu \eta$. The expression seems to be analogous to $\chi \rho \dot{\eta}$ oó with infin., which is frequent

 where it is impossible to say that ou forms with the infin. a simple idea. The usage arose probably thas : first the ov was put directly after the $\chi \rho \eta$ ' for reasons of emphasis, still belonging to it (so Hipp. 507, and perhaps the
above passage of Androm．），then it gradually attached itself to the infin．， and allowed itself to be separated from $\chi \rho \eta$ ．

74，75．тáбXovтas is supplementary partic．；cp．38．See GMT．§ 112，1； H．800．－$\epsilon \mathrm{kal}$ because of the negative idea implied in the foregoing ques－ tion ：（surely he will not）even though he has，etc．

76．кทठєuमát $\omega v$ ：H． 581 ；G．$\S 175$ ，2．$\lambda \epsilon i \pi \epsilon \tau \alpha \iota$ expresses inferiority．
78，79．$\dot{\alpha} \pi \omega \lambda \dot{\alpha} \mu \in \sigma \theta a$ ：for the tense see GMT．§ 19，N．6．The nurse speaks for her mistress and the household．－тpoooloouev seems to mean receive in addition．A corrupt gloss of Hesychius，$\pi \rho o \sigma o i \sigma \eta \sigma \theta \epsilon \cdot \pi \rho o \sigma \delta \epsilon-$ $\xi \eta \sigma \theta \epsilon$ ，confirms this view，though we should have expected the middle． It is the idiom by which，roughly speaking，involuntary acts are spoken of as if they were voluntary．So Hipp． 831 d⿱亠䒑акощlऽоцаи，am receiving on myself；Heracl．296，$\psi v \chi \eta \eta^{\nu} \delta<a \kappa \nu a i ̂ \sigma a l, ~ l o s e ~ h i s ~ l i f e . ~ W e c k l e i n ~ a p t l y ~ c o m-~$
 ships a fresh wave before the sailors have bailed the first one out．Cp． Ion 927.

83．b入отто $\mu$ होv $\mu \boldsymbol{f}$ ：the meaning is，I will not indeed wish that he may
 $\mu \epsilon \tau o l \sigma \epsilon$ s．In both cases the curse is on the speaker＇s lips，but is revoked at the moment of utterance．

87．кépסous Xd́pıv，from motives of selfishness．This verse looks like an interpolation．

88．cl－ $\boldsymbol{\epsilon} \in=\epsilon^{2} \pi \epsilon l$ ，seeing that；hence ov，instead of $\mu \eta$ ，is admissible． Jelf＇s Grammar，$\S 744,1$ ．The clause depends on đ $\rho \tau \iota \gamma \iota \gamma \nu \omega \sigma \kappa \epsilon \iota s$ ，the idea being，＇Are you just beginning，in view of Jason＇s neglect，to recognize the self－love of men？Did you never meet with an instance of it be－ fore？＇
 760，but has its ordinary intrans．sense， 101.

93．Sparelovaav ：a desiderative verb；H．472，Rem．j．
94．трlv катабкभीษal тlva：＂$\pi \rho / \nu$ with the infin．after negative sen－ tences is rare in the Attic poets，but more frequent in the Attic prose．＂ Goodwin，MT．§106，2，N．2．катабкोлт $\omega$ only here takes the accus．It probably means，strike down as with a thu 1 derbolt（Schol．$\beta \lambda$ á $\psi a t . . . o t o \nu$ кєраuvêбac）；with dat．on the contrary，simply fall upon．

96，97．Medea＇s voice is heard in soliloquy within the palace．The ana－ paests which she speaks are tinctured with Doric forms，while those of the nurse are free from them．Anapaestic systems admit Dorisms only excep－ tionally，to impart greater solemnity or pathos．－$\pi \delta{ }^{\circ} v o v$ is causal genitive in exclamation（H． $592 a ;$ G．$\S 173,3$ ）joined to an adjective，as often； cp．1028．－$\pi \omega \hat{s}$ dv $3 \lambda o l \mu a v$ ：would that I might die．This form of wish （GMT．§82，N．5），not rare in tragedy，occurs again 173.
98. ro8' kxelvo, There it is / literally, 'this is that' (spoken of before). A common colloquial formula.
106 fig. It is plain that the storm-cloud of wailing, just beginning to risc, will shortly dart upward with greater fury. I have given à ${ }^{\prime} \dot{\xi} \xi \in l$ (from duq́a $\sigma \sigma \omega=$ duat $\sigma \sigma \omega$ ), a suggestion of Elmsley's, based on an old variant dyá $\xi \in \epsilon$ found in the Schol. and one Ms. The common reading, $\dot{a} v \dot{a} \psi \epsilon \epsilon$, is hard to explain. Some take it as active for middle, ' will blaze forth' (with lightning), but neither $\alpha \pi \tau \epsilon \nu$ nor its compounds ever use the active in this sense. Others supply Medea as subject, 'that she will light up,' but this accords ill with the opening of the sentence, which shows that



112. © xardparo raifes: in spite of the nurse's caution, the children, who here enter the house with their attendant, are espied by Medea
116. oot may be rendered pray. The exact sense is, ' What share do you fancy that,' etc. The nurse does not, of course, intend this for Medea's ears.
118. iтєра入 $\boldsymbol{\omega}$, as implying anxiety, takes the construction of a verb of fearing. ixє $\rho$-, exceedingly.
119. Seavd tuparvov $\lambda_{\text {fpara }}$ : the nurse has Medea in mind, by no means Creon, as Paley thinks. Medea, as a king's daughter, may be called a túpavoos. For the sentiment the Schol. compares Il. a, 80 fig.

122, 123. ydp may be justified by supplying the thought, 'All this I disapprove,' implied in the tone of the preceding sentence. Meanwhile, one might translate, The fact is. See, however, on 573. - $\mathbf{k \pi ^ { 3 }}$ ' $\boldsymbol{\sigma}$ otviv, on a footing of equality with one's fellow-citizens, as in a democracy. To live thus, the nurse says, is better than to be a king. A like sentiment Ion 621, Iph. A. 16. - $\mu$ eydaos : not to be understood of regal state, which is entirely deprecated, but of a less dangerous magnificence, the sense being, 'securely at least, even at the expense of all grandeur.'

125-130. Construe тoťvopa niкq̣ elicivv, the name is a better one to speak.

 к. $\tau$. 入., what exceeds due bounds avails no wholesome thing to mortals. ' $\mu \eta \delta \delta^{2} \nu$ drav' is the mainspring of Grecian ethics. All excess is $\quad \bar{\beta} \rho \rho s$, which the gods punish by sending $\mathfrak{a} \tau \eta$. - à $\pi \in \delta \omega \kappa \kappa v$ : gnomic aorist;

131. The chorus of Corinthian women now appears in the orchestra and sings the Parodos, which consists of four parts, - proöde, strophe, antistrophe, and epode, - separated from each other by anapaests of Medea and the nurse.
 They are，I think，best taken thus，I heard a cry near the doorway within the house；the chorus inferring Medea＇s nearness to the door from the dis－ tinctness of her voice． $\boldsymbol{\epsilon} \pi l$ as Heracl．239， $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}^{\prime} \phi$＇ov．Other ways are pos－ sible ：1．Being near the porch（Medea＇s）I heard a cry within the house． But the chorus has just arrived and was not＇near the porch＇when Medea last spoke，111．2．Being near（ $m y$ own）doorway I heard a cry in （Medea＇s）house．So Wecklein．3．Joining d $\mu \phi$ ．$\mu \varepsilon \lambda d \theta$ ．，being near the double－doored house，I heard a cry within．So Elmsley，Paley，Klotz． To this the same objection applies as to 1 ，and the position of $\boldsymbol{\varepsilon} \sigma \omega$ is，be－ sides，unfavorable．4．I heard a cry inside，in the double－doored house；
 $\phi l \pi u \lambda o s ~ o c c u r s ~ o n l y ~ h e r e . ~ K l o t z ~ a n d ~ P a l e y, ~ t a k i n g ~ i t ~ a d j e c t i v e l y, ~ r e f e r ~ i t ~$ to the outer and inner door（aj̀ccos and $\mu \notin \tau a \nu \lambda o s$ ），but the word as applied to a house can only mean having a door on both sides．But as a substan－ tive $\tau \delta$ d $\mu \phi i \pi v \lambda o v$ can mean doorway．or vestibule；cp．$\dot{\alpha} \mu \phi l \theta \nu \rho o v$, Theocr．

 any idea of motion．

136．ouvfoopal for rejoicing at misfortunes is rare，but Hippol．1286，ol тd入as toíoठe $\sigma u p y \delta e t$ ；cp．Rhes． 958.

138．imel．．．кéxparrau，since it（the household，especially Medea，see v．11） has endeared itself to me．кéxpaytal（sing．）from крalvw．

139． 8 8нои，house，i．e．family．－тdie，all that．
142．ou6tv rap．\＄ptiva，nothing comforted at heart．
147．ßcotav，object of кaтa入vбaluav．The same expression，frag．984， ката入uбapévous $\beta$ lov；the active Suppl．1004，ката入и́боиба $\beta$ lotov．－тро－


149．dxdv（ $=h x \nmid \nu$ ）is a correction of Nauck，after Elmsley．The Mss． have laxdy，but the tragedians，so far as can be made ont，use the second syllable of lax $\dot{r}$ always long．
151－153．ris नof тотe，к．т．$\lambda$. ：What longing of thine for that dread resting－place（the grave）would fain hasten the final issue of death？ dridurov is due to Elmsley，the Mss．having dridárov or drinforou；some retain the latter，understanding kolras of the marriage－bed．The future बrevere expresses present intention or will ：GMT．§ $25,1, \mathrm{~N} .6$ ；Kühner， Ausf．Gramm．§ 387，4．Yet it is rather oddly used，and there is some probability in Weil＇s conjecture，who reads $\sigma \pi \in \dot{\sigma} \sigma \epsilon \subset$ Aapárov te入evtd，as a separate sentence ：＇death will of itself come quickly enough．＇On 0avd－ rov reheuthv see H． 561 ；G．§ 167，Note．

154．$\mu \eta \delta\{v=\mu \eta \delta \alpha \mu \hat{s}$ ．Not a common use．Androm． 88 and 463； Ar．Ban． 435 ；Aesch．Ag． 1438.
157. Be not exasperated with him for this. ThSe is properly the cognate accus., H. 547 c ; G. § 159 , N. 2. Elmsley takes it as thus, which, however, will not do in $\mu \dot{\eta} \mu 0<\boldsymbol{\tau} \delta \delta \boldsymbol{\chi} \chi \dot{\omega} \in 0, \mathrm{Od} . \epsilon 215, \psi 213$. See lexicon for the literal meaning of $\chi a \rho d \sigma \sigma \epsilon \sigma \theta a u$.

160 flg . Themis, as goddess of divine justice, is appealed to for redress of wrongs, as Soph. Elec. 1064. Hence she is called eiviala below, 169, and ikefla, Aesch. Suppl. 360. Artemis is the special protectress of females, so naturally invoked by them, as Soph. Elec. 626, 1238; Aesch. Suppl. 1031 ; Eur. Phoen. 152, 191. - 8pkots tvסךनapiva, namely, when she consented to leave her home with him.
 douceiv: "the Greek idea was, that to begin the wrong, ind $d \rho \chi \epsilon \omega$ d $\delta$ ikias, involved the entire guilt, any retaliation being then lawful. Cf. 1372." (Paley.) $\pi \rho b \sigma \theta \epsilon \nu$ may be rendered unprevoked.
 Apsyrtus; see Introduction, § 11, and note on v. 1334.
169. Zifva: whereas Medea, 160, has not invoked Zeus. This has troubled many commentators, ancient and modern. But Zeus $8 \rho \kappa$ ocos, the guardian of oaths, would be the first deity on whom Medea would naturally call; and we may suppose that in her previous outbursts (see V . 21) she has called upon him, and that the nurse forgets what particular divinities she has just appealed to. If an emendation is necessary, that of Nauck, $\mathrm{Z} \eta \mathrm{p}$ bs for $\mathrm{Z} \hat{\eta} \nu \dot{d} \theta^{\prime}$ (cp. 208, and note), is easy.
171. $v_{\nu} \operatorname{tin} \mu \mathrm{Lkp} \hat{\psi}$, with (the commission of) any trifing deed.

176. at $\pi \omega \mathrm{s}$, H. 830 at end ; somewhat differently GMT. § 53, N. 2. -


 party; so Aesch. Pers. 1. The meaning is, say too that we are her friends.
182. $\sigma$ meíra $\sigma$ is Wecklein's emendation (who, however, gives $\tau t \pi \rho(v)$. - The subject of кakक्ष̄ar, Medea, has to be understood.
184. ch as to whether; a simple indirect question after an expression of fearing ; GMT. § 46, Note 6 (c). Here and Heracl. 791 it stands for $\mu$ 市 ou, but Andr. 61 for $\mu$ r.
186. $\mu_{0} \mathrm{X}$ Oov $\chi$ daplv $\tau \nmid v \delta e$ means the favor of this trouble, as it were $\mu \mathrm{x}$.

187. Stpy

190 fig. The tenor of the following passage is that music might, if rightly employed, be made a comfort in grief, whereas it is only used to heighten needlessly the merriment of feasts.
192 fig. The correlative of $\mu \hat{e} v$ is $\delta \ell, 195$. - dxoas, entertainments.

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200-203. tva, where. - Telvovor (utter in long-drawn strains) of the
 satisfaction. The seuse : 'feasts are merry enough without the aid of song.' - The nurse here enters the house.
205 flg. Take $\lambda_{\text {urupa adverbially (or rather as predicate adj. of effect, }=}$

 And loudly crying forth her grievous woes she complains of the false bridegroom, etc. Such constructions, in which a verb and accus., taken together, govern a second accusative, are not infrequent in tragedy. Soph.


208. rdv Zquos OXurv, Zeus' ovon Themis ; that is, his $\pi d \rho \in \delta \rho o s$ (Pind. Ol. 8, ${ }^{\circ} 27$ ), and inseparable companion. So $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ є $\mu \mathrm{s}$ (ids $\kappa \lambda a p i o v$, Aesch. Suppl. 360. She is here said to have led Medea into Greece, the idea being that Medea went in reliance on Themis as guardian of the oaths of Jason.
 strait of the Bosporus ; called andpavros, impenetrable, because of the Symplegades which guard it. dxtearros has this meaning Aesch. Prom. 153 and 1078; elsewhere it means endless. Some give it the latter sense here, justifying it by Homer's 'Eג $\lambda$ ñ $\sigma$ zovros drelpar, Il. $\omega 545$. Both meanings of dxtpautos arise naturally, since $\pi \in \rho a l y \omega$ means either pass through or go through with.
214. Medea appears on the stage.

215 fig. A difficult passage. Probably the following interpretation (Seidler's) is the right one: I know many haughty men, some from personnl acquaintance ( $\delta \mu \mu \mathrm{dr} \mathrm{\omega v}$ a $\mathrm{a}_{0}$ ), others who are strangers; and these (namely, both the above classes, all the $\sigma \in \mu \nu 0$ ) from their reserved demeanor have got an evil name and a reputation for indifference. This use of $\dot{\alpha} \pi^{\prime} \delta \mu \mu \dot{d} \omega \boldsymbol{v}$, with my eyes, from my own observation, is found Aesch. Ag. 987 ; nearly the same Aesch. Suppl. 207, Soph. O. C. 14. Iv Aupalors, among foreigners or strangers, the usual meaning of avpaios in Eurip. The tovxos soús is one slow to make advances, not meeting one, as we say, half-way. (Some editors, with the Scholiast, explain rouvs mèp...Avpalous 'some in retirement, others in public life.') For $\kappa$ câo $\theta a l=$ get the reputation of, cp. I. T. 676, $\delta \in \lambda \lambda a \downarrow$ кeкт $\boldsymbol{\eta}^{\sigma} \circ \mu a$, and Soph. Ant. 924.
220. 8 ores after $\beta \rho o t \omega 0, H .514$ d, last part.

222-224. Strangers especially, she says, should adapt themselves (xpor$\chi \omega \rho e i v)$ to their adopted land, though, to be sure, not even in citizens are stubbornness and ill-breeding (d $\mu \mathrm{a} \theta$ ia) praiseworthy. Hermann sees in this last verse an allusion to the demagogue Cleon. The aoxist $\mathfrak{\eta} v e \sigma a$ and
some others are used to denote a feeling or resolution (or the expression of the same) which has already arisen in the speaker's mind, where we employ the present. GMT. \& 19, N. 5 ; H. 709.
226. $\ddagger v x \dot{\eta} y$ 8udQapre, has broken my heart.
228. tv $\$$...匹duta, for he with whom my all rested. - yrviexces: the Mss. have $\begin{aligned} \\ \text { ifviockeu, due, as the Schol. expressly says, to the actors, who }\end{aligned}$ misconceived the sense. rifvioxw and $\gamma$ rүviorket have also been conjectured.
231. фurov, like our creature, in a depreciatory sense.

232 fig. mpêra phy answered by $\tau \boldsymbol{c}$ : (' first buy the husband, then serve
 rightly explained by Paley, "by outbidding others in the offer of a wealthy
 in hard words. iviep $\beta$ d $\lambda \lambda$ ecu means outbid. Euripides has transferred the usage of his own time to the heroic age, in which the custom was quite the reverse, the suitor bidding for and buying, as it were, his wife. - roûto,
 trı kakov̀ kakbo, an evil woorse than evil.
 separation from the husband, attainable to a woman only through a diffcult process at law, and looked upon at best as scandalous. The husband, on the contrary, might repudiate (àror\& $\mu \pi \epsilon \omega$ ) his wife at pleasure. Here, again, Eurip. has Athenian institutions in mind.
238-240. The sense : ' $a$ woman who has come by marriage into a foreign land has need (in order to live happily) of supernatural foresight, if she has learned nothing from her relatives as to the disposition of him who is to be her husband.' This is the best that can be made of the Mss. reading. Srep is equivalent to oly. Not the difficulty of selecting a husband is meant (for that is not compatible with the tense of adorutervo), but that of living agreeably with him afterwards. And to make this meaning
 хрӭбета.
 able horse.
245. travor: gnomic aor. See on 130.
 fined women strictly to their homes. $\beta \boldsymbol{\lambda}$ 人nav implies devotion; cp. Ion

250. кaxcis фpovoovers: syntactically with $\lambda$ ejouv, yet standing by itself; wrongly though. Just so Heracl. 55.
252. dA1' of Yap, but (enough said, for)...not ; H. 870 d. - म $\times$ кa, applics.
258. $\mu$ elopploactah, (with whom) to seek a haven of refuge from, etc. Properly, to change moorings away from something.
259. roodve: observe the rather unusual accus, of the thing with rvy-
 the idea of the future fulfilment of the wish is in the speaker's mind and tries so to find expression. Just so Soph. Aj. 680, O. T. 1077, O. C. 1289.
261. Toforv 8 cknv: the construction is unusual, but right; riveodal тua 8iknv strictly means cause a man to pay a penalty.
262. \# $\tau \in=\dot{\epsilon} \times e l \nu \eta \nu \tau €$. The Mss. have to $\tau \in$, which cannot be satisfactorily explained. A man is said raرeiv twa, a woman raueional tıN, but what can rauciotai rwa mean! As a case of attraction, $\boldsymbol{p} \boldsymbol{\tau} \epsilon$ is not justifiable, for in such places the nom. is invariably retained; see $\mathbf{V}$. 515,
 the only one at all tenable is Hermann's, who thinks raرciofac properly a causative middle, to get (one's self or another) married, and that rapov̂mac
 'and her whom he (Creon) has given him to wife.' But, as no similar example can be found except it be Il. c, 394 (and even this is not quite parallel) this use remains, for Attic, more than doubtful. Elinsley first gave $\boldsymbol{H}^{\text {re. }}$

263, 264. The proper correlative of Tdila $\mu \hat{k}$ is 8 rav $8 \ell$ below. See on 413. - is $\dot{d} \lambda \times \nmid v$ and $\sigma i 8$. eloopâv, two separate modifiers of какخ.

271, 272. Creon appears with attendants ( $3 \pi a \delta o l, 335$ ). - simov, I command (finally, as something already resolved on), see on freaa, 223.

278, 279. кdidp are reefing-ropes; so estuvab wdices = shalke out reefs, set sail ( $=\lambda \hat{\sigma} \sigma a l \pi 6 \delta a$, Hec. 1020), cp. Tro. 94, H. F. 837. The figare is that of one ship pursuing another. - cimporowros Infaनis, accessible landing-place. $\quad \pi \rho \sigma \sigma \phi \in \rho \in \sigma \theta a c$ is used of putting in to shore, Xen. Cyr. 5, 4, 6.
 literally, contribute (a part) of this fear. H. 574 e ; G. 8 170. In the next line explanatory asyndeton ; H. 854.
288. tòv 8́bvia, к. т. $\lambda$. Medea's own words, as reported to Creon.
293. 86 ga, my reputation, for roфia.
295. Ex\&i8d́oxeodah, have instructed, causative middle; H. 689 b; G. 8 199, Note 2. - бoфofs : predicate adj. of effect, = ш̈re бофovs elval : cp. Elec. 376, $\delta \iota \delta \dot{\sigma} \sigma \kappa \iota \delta^{\circ}$ avঠןa...какסv. The thonght of the following verses was suggested by the poet's own experience. See Introd. § 1.
296. Xcopls... Apylas, for, aside from the charge of sloth which they have to bear besides. Execv dprlay is said like ктâनөat dq $\theta \nu \mu i a v, 217$. This idiomatic nse of adjos, on the other hand, besides, is well known. H. 538 e (end). So Ion 161, ád入os...кúkvos, a swoan besides.
304. Interpolated from 808.

314, 315. cal rap has not its usual force here, but кal $=$ каíтєp and
 plural, she uses masculine, not feminine forms ; H. 518 d . - kpetoodvov: H. 581 end ; G. \& 175, 2.

316, 317. diow фpevôv with $\beta$ ouneúns. - $\beta$ ovdeíns, lest you are devising. In strictness, the pres. subj. in such cases refers not to a present act, but the future disclosure of a present act ('lest it may turn out that you are now plotting'), so that the rule (GMT. $\$ \S 12$ and 20 ) that the subjunctive in final and object clauses refers to the future, still holds good. The Mss. here have $\beta$ ouncúvons, which could be retained only by translating, 'lest you may (prove to) have plotted.' This use of aor. subj. is Homeric (Il. a 555, к 97), but I know of no Attic example. The correction is Elmsley's.

319, 320. As $8^{\prime}$ adfrws, and just so. This adverb is often written aütcos, but wrongly. It comes from aúrós, with changed accent, not from oũros.
 watch of, not quite the same as $\phi \nu \lambda d \sigma \sigma \epsilon \sigma \theta a l$.
322. גpape: perf. of dpapiokw. Do not confuse this perf. dpäpa with the 2 d aor. d $\rho a^{2} \rho o v, x_{p a ̆} \rho o v$. The former is intrans., the latter transitive.
324. rpós $\sigma e$ youdruv, sc. ixereín. In adjurations, $\sigma \in$ is commonly placed between apbs and its genitive (so per te deos oro), and often the verb which governs it is left out. Cp. Alc. 275, $\mu \grave{\eta} \pi \rho \dot{\sigma} s \sigma \epsilon \theta \omega \hat{\nu} \tau \lambda \hat{\eta} s \mu \epsilon$
 in the attitude of a suppliant here and again 336.
329. (Well do you speak of country) for to me at least 't is far the most precious thing I have, save only ony children. Meaning that the safety of both requires Medea's banishment. - Irory in opposition to Medea; he really loves his country, he means, and is not minded to betray it, as Medea has hers.
331. That, I fancy, is just as circumstances come about. 8 $8 \pi m$ is here a simple relative, and so takes $\quad \mathrm{a}$; GMT. \& 62. - kal emphasizes rúxac ('circumstances too influence the matter').
334. (Your troubles forsooth !) ' $T$ is $I$ who am in trouble, and in trouble enough, too. For the two meanings of the perf. к'є $\chi \rho \eta \mu a l$ see lexicon, and cp. 347. The last part of this verse is added simply for fulness, according to the idiom of confirming a statement by denying its opposite, as $\lambda v \pi \rho \partial$ otama кoủ фi入oy, Tro. 1157. Others explain, 'I have no need of other troubles, and so cannot relieve you of yours,' in answer to the words $\dot{d} \pi \dot{d} \lambda$ $\lambda a \xi o \nu \pi \delta \nu \omega \nu$, as if Creon had asked her to take his troubles on her own shoulders. This involves a sort of grim witticism, and seems rather trifling.
 T 68 E.

341-343. фpovit8', accus., not dative. - if, qua; in what direction and so whither. - aфоринr, resources, means, properly a starting-point. The meaning, place of safety (Lidd. \& Scott), is wrong. - od8tv mportuq̂, does not at all care or think it worth while.
346. el фevકov́pefa: GMT. § 56.


356. 8pdoals, the best Mss., which without at is, of course, a solecism. $\therefore \therefore$ Others dodects. But these two verses are in all iikelihood intemplated;

358. $\mu c \lambda \in f_{a} . . d x f(0 v:$ see on 96.

359 flg . I give with Kirchhoff the reading of the best Mss. Take riva with $\sigma \omega T \hat{\rho} \rho a ;$ what savior through hospitality...? $8 \delta \mu 0 v$ and $X 06 v a$ are
 conformably to, or in the way of hospitality; with $\sigma \omega T \hat{\eta} \rho a$ as with a verb ('whom to save you in hosp.'), cp. on 479 . It must be confessed, however, that this is hard, and that probably $\epsilon \xi \in u \rho \eta \sigma \epsilon \epsilon s$ is to be bracketed with
 slender authority.
 Hipp. 822, Aesch. Pers. 599.
365. $\alpha \lambda \lambda^{\prime}$ ©ర̈тt....тw, but things are not yet come to that pass, don't think it. That $\pi$ ro belongs not with $\mu \eta$ סokeire, but the preceding, is seen from Arist. Eq. 843; Aesch. Prom. 511, where the same idiom occurs. The confused order here heightens the intensity.
367. тoift kybefracuv : Creon is meant.
370. oust-0i8t, not even-nor. - Xepoiv, dative, with my hands. If genitive, the sing. $x \in \rho 6$ would have been nsed.
 is not often so used with infinitive (except it be of a verb of motion, Soph. Phil. 1349), but Plat. Legg. 7, 806 c, тd $\theta \hat{\eta} \lambda \nu . . . \dot{d} \phi \ell \notin \tau a ~ \tau \rho \nu ф a ̂ \nu ; ~ a n d ~ i b i d . ~$ 2, 657 e.
382. trepßalvovora, said of passing the threshold, here in entering (so ن̇тepßa入ஸ்y $\pi$ úlas, Alc. 829), but Ion 514, in coming out.

384, 385. крdтьनта: H. 518 a. - тiv ciectav ( $\delta 86 \nu$ ), adverbial. - теф. oodah, namely, we women, the sex in general. Elmsley conjectured ooфof, so as to mean Medea herself : see on 314. But poison was a recognized woman's weapon; see Ion 616, 845, and frag. 467.
386. кal $\delta \hat{\eta}$ revvior, suppase now they are dead. Cp. 1107.
389. x'́ppos: metaphorical.
391. But if a fate devoid of all resource decree my exile.
393. $\tau \delta \lambda \mu \eta$ т $\boldsymbol{\text { ro }}$ кdeprepor, the height of daring.
396. Medea has an image of Hecate, patroness of witchcraft, in her house. Such'private shrines, 'Exdraw, were common at Athens.
398 flg . The $\gamma \mathrm{d} \mu \mathrm{c}$ w will be bitter to bride and bridegroom, the $\kappa \hat{\eta} \delta o s$ and фural to Creon.
400. $\mu \eta \delta t v$ is, of course, adverbial. Cp. Soph. El. 716, фeldoero кértpay oubtr, also Aj. 115, Eur. Hec. 1044, H. F. 1400.
404. то世: Pexphilous, к. r. 入.: from the Sisypheans and from Jason's bride, 'Thi fiative' with $\delta \phi \lambda / \sigma x d m$ denotes the person from whom or in whose, mind anythtpg is incurred. Nubupecoc is a contemptuous name for tha Corint thiaps fiom-greyphus, their ancient king, who was kefoocoos dr$\delta_{\rho} \hat{\nu} v$ (IL. $\dot{\zeta} 153$ ), and otherwise in ill repute. Creon especially is meant. Wedlock is put for the bride, as Andr. 103. (Others, joining 2 . and ráp., explain 'from the marriage of Sioyphus's descendanit and Jason,' as dat. of cause, I suppose. But the second reis forbids this; moreover, the context requires dat. of the person whose laughter is feared. Probably, however, we should read roîod' for toís $\tau$ ': 'from this Sisyphean bride of Jason's.')


406. trlotacau: referring back to 400. - тpos 8\& kal mad. Yuvafices, and, besides, we (I and the rest of my sex) are women.
410. Medea remains on the stage during the choral song, the burden of which is: (1) The infidelity of men; men will, the chorus eays, henceforth have that name for faithlessness which hitherto has been borne by
 "Rivers flowing backward" was a proverbial expression for whatever happens contrary to the ordinary course of thinge - lepiev: all rivers are sacred.
 $8 \epsilon$ is only continuative, or at most but slightly adversative. Just 90263 flg. It is a question whether we ought to read re in such cases. - ocior wiotus, faith plighted in the sight of the gods. (Paley.) - rdv $8^{\prime} . .$. фâpac, report woill bring about a change to my (that is ours, woomen's) life, so that it shall have a good reputation.
421 flg. $\mu \mathbf{0} \sigma$ ou wal. docfiv, the strains of ancient lays. - ipreofoun $=$ i $\mu$ roûral. This kind of contraction is rare in tragedy: Hipp. 167 dotreve, Iph. A. $789 \mu v \theta e \hat{c} \sigma a c$. ijveiv has a bad sense here, as not unfrequently. Eurip. was thinking of passages in Homer and Hesiod, but especially of the iambi of Archilochus.

424 fig．of ybp，$x_{.}$т．$\lambda .:$ the sense is，＇we wemen have not the poetic gift，or we might ourselves sing a song in answer to men．＇rá is used in anticipation of the following sentence，the idea being，for a song might easily be sung，though I cannot myself sing it．＇－dvríXク每 $\mathrm{av}_{\mathrm{v}}$ ，would （proceed to）sing．See on 1351．－wiruce Cfontv doldáv：Homeric ；Odyss． $\theta 498$.

428 flg ．$\mu$ axpòs $8^{\prime}$ alán，к．т． $\mathrm{\lambda}_{\mathrm{i}}:$ a long life（the experience of a long life）hous（i．e．can furnish）much to say about．．．，etc．－$\mu$ रv－тE：see on 125. －$\mu$ oipav，mutual relations，properly part or share in life in relation to one another．

431 flg．rampêos shortens the penult often in Eurip．，only，however，in lyrical passages or anapaests．Many critics distrust the Mss．and would restore тátplos everywhère．－dploara，parting；passing between．（Others， passing the limits of，as in Aesch．Suppl．544，yaíal dpl\}en, but this sense seems natural only with raias，$\pi \delta \lambda \Delta v$ ，and the like．）
 Iph．T．857，к入əбla $\lambda e ́ \kappa \tau \rho \omega \nu$, Alc．925，H．F．798，Soph．Ant．425，Aesch． Pers． 543.

439．Xd́pls，reverence．
 vfora，but another princess，more potent（to charm）than that couch of thine， has risen up against thy household．－otre－$\delta E$ instead of odice－re，by a
 ral $\delta \omega \nu \delta \ell$ ，and elsewhere．

446．of vow，к．т．$\lambda_{\text {．：cp．} 292 . ~}^{\text {．}}$
451， 452 wdцمl $\mu \grave{v}, \times . \tau$ ．$\lambda$ ：for myself indeed I care not；go on for－ ever，if you choose，saying that．．．，etc．－＇Id́owv outside its clause，yet
 sทreî mu．

453，454．Tupárvovs，the royal family．－mâv ktpoos，clear gain．－ \＄vyî，with exile only，and not rather with death．

456．d中hpovv ：impf．of attempted action．
459，460．rdx тivis，even after this．－Tb $\sigma d \boldsymbol{} 8 t$ mpook．in opposition to dwapףkes ：not having failed my friends，but，on the contrary，provid－
 dative in two ways．（1）Dat．of disadv．；flag，or give out in serving；as áravסây $\phi$（ $10<1$ ，deesse amicis，Andr． 87 ；and in this place．（2）Dat．of canse ；sink under，give out in；so dтeєтeîv кaкoîs，diyce，rbvocs，Or．91， Hec．942，Alc．487．In hoth these cases the verb has its meaning of tire， flag．Quite distinct is（3）its use with accus．，meaning renownce，disown；
 （4）the meaning forbid．
463. kal yap el, for even if; kal going with cl, and $\gamma$ dp referring to $\$ k \omega$ above, the intermediate sentence being parenthetic.
 est reproach for thy unmanliness which $I$ can utter in language ( $\gamma \lambda \omega \dot{\sigma} \sigma \eta$ ), though I feel yet deeper scorn in my heart.
468. Interpolated from 1324.
469. Opdoos in a good sense, = od́poos.
474. кaxís goes with $\kappa \lambda u v^{\prime} \omega \nu$ as well as $\lambda \epsilon \xi a \sigma \alpha$. The student will remem-

476. A noteworthy example of Euripidean sigmatism, a trait ridiculed by the comic poets. Cp. 380, 404, 1217, and for other alliterations 323, 340.
 бтaroûva). - ©avdб. yíqv : see Introd. § 11.
482. кrelvaca: by proxy. She put the dragon to sleep by her enchantments, and so enabled Jason to kill it. Similarly just below, 486, dutkтetva. H. 686. - dvéXov, к. т. $\lambda_{\text {. }}^{\text {: held up for you a torch of safety. }}$ (Wecklein, however: rose on you as a guiding star.)
 - oффтifa see H. 660 b.

490, 491. Childlessness of a wife was held to justify her divorce and the taking of another. - ovypword. : see on крdicota, 384. The best Mss. $\sigma u \gamma \gamma \nu \omega \sigma \tau \partial \nu j \nu$, which some defend on the principle of $\chi \rho \hat{\eta} \nu$, elixds $\eta \eta$, etc. (GMT. §49, 2, N. 3). But these inperfects are regularly used without $\boldsymbol{d}^{2}$ only when the necessity or propriety is not met by the facts. In the present case $\sigma v \gamma \nu \omega \sigma \pi \delta \nu x^{2}$ would mean, 'you would be justified in doing what you are now not doing,' but $\sigma v \gamma \gamma \omega \dot{\sigma} \tau^{\prime}$ a $j^{j n}$, 'you would be justified in doing what you are now not justified in doing.' Of course, the latter is the meaning here. Infractions of this usage are found, it is true, but they are rare. Moreover, $\sigma u \gamma \gamma \nu \omega \sigma \boldsymbol{\sigma}^{\prime} a \nu \quad j_{\nu}$ is certain Elec. 1026 in an exactly similar passage.

493, 494. $\#$ - $\$$ in indirect disjunctive questions, after Homeric fashion, occurs in a few passages of the tragic poets. Many discredit it, and substitute ci-\%. - $\theta \in \sigma \mu \alpha$ : heterogeneous plural of $\theta \epsilon \sigma \mu \delta s$, only here and Soph. frag. 90.
497. Tîvסє yovdrav: genitive instead of vocative, because the speaker
 hands and knees when Jason was a suppliant for her favor. See on 709.
 forsooth? (None, of course.) Still I will do it.
503. oîs...kal тd́spar : cp. 163. - á中ко $\mu \eta v$, came hither.

506 flg. of orkotev \$0hor are kindred, friends by natural relationship. Cp. Andr. 979, rúxaıs taîs olko日єv, domestic calamities; Pind. Pyth. 8. 72,

Td otko日ev，his family ties；Troad．963，td olko日ev keîva，those natural en－ docoments；Troad．648，371．－ois \＆́，Pelias＇s family．－obx＇xpfiv，not ought not，but had no nced，no motive．

509．mo八入ais $\mu$ akaplar，happy in the view of（H． 601 end）many women， i．e．envied by them．Said with bitter irony，in remembrance of former promises of Jason．

512．ci－ Y as 88.

 stone，$\beta$ d $\sigma$ aros，is meant．The same sentiment，Hipp． 925.

523．This verse is borrowed from Aesch．Theb．62．－\＆$\sigma$ тє $=\boldsymbol{\omega} \sigma \pi \epsilon \rho$ ， not rare in tragedy，see 1200， 1213.
 y $100 \sigma \sigma a \lambda$ yla is likened to a sudden gale．

526．kal emphasizes，not $\lambda$（av merely，but the whole clause：since， moreover（besides reviling me），you exaggerate the favors you have done me． Cp．Soph．Phil．380，O．T． 412.

529． Z （\＄00\％os for Jason，because apparently boastful．The sense： ＇You have intelligence enough to understand，though it is invidious for me to relate，that it was Love that，＇etc．The antithesis（ $\mu(v-d \lambda \lambda A)$ is between voûs and $\lambda \delta$ бos．

532． $\mathbf{d \lambda} \lambda^{\prime}$ oik，к．т．$\lambda_{\text {．：}}$ but I will not undertake to settle the point with over－nicety；will not draw needlessly fine distinctions as to your motives．

533 fig．Yàp oiv，for really．－тifs \＆$\mu$ ifs $\sigma \omega$ rnplas，in return for saving $m e$ ，genit．of price with $\lambda a \mu \beta d \nu \omega$（Orest．502），as if it were $\alpha \nu \tau i \lambda a \mu \beta d \nu \omega$ ．

538．$\mu \grave{\eta}$ тpds loxios Xd́ptr，without giving way to violence，allowing violence its swoay．Cp．H．F．779，dvoulq $\chi$ djev diסot＇s．

542 fig．Xpuซós and írvffoul are parallel．－ytvouro：GMT．§ 34， 1 （a）．
546．d $\mu \mu \lambda \lambda a v$, к．т．$\lambda$. The same words Suppl． 428.
548 fig．yeyos：supplem．partic．－$\sigma$ oфpow，chaste，virtuous；the op－ posite of dxparvs，incontinent，lustful．His proof of coola， 551 flg ，of
 gesture of impatience．
 298.

555．กิ नì кvifet，the thing at which you are nettled．
 tive used for the genit．of its derivative abstract substantive；a favorite
 $\mu \mathrm{l}$ ，є甘̈т $\epsilon \kappa \nu$ о $\chi \rho \eta \sigma \mu \mathrm{l}$（I．T．412，1148，776，Ion 423）：see also 1010.

564．cls raúro，on the same footing，making no distinction，that is，be－
tween them and Medea's children; by this the latter would gain in consideration ; cp. 596. - In the next line, Elmsley's conjecture, cúdauovoi$\mu \in \nu$, certainly improves the sense.

 frequently in tragedy.

573 fig. The same sentiment again, Hipp. 616 fig., at greater length. Xрfiv : imperf. of unfulfilled necessity ; GMT. § 49, 2, Note 3 ; G. § 222, N. $2 ;$ H. 703. - ybip, the fact is. It may, like that in 122, be explained by assuming an ellipsis: 'Things are not as they ought to be, for...' But it must be borne in mind that rdp does not always mean for, and is not always a causal particle. Its original force ( $\gamma \epsilon+\alpha_{\rho}$ ) must have been intensive and consecutive, something like surely then, and the recognition of this accounts for many uses of $\gamma \alpha \rho$ which otherwise can only be laboriously explained. So particularly the ráp of wishes, not only in the formula el rd $\rho$,
 might be roughly rendered would then indeed. And so it may be taken here, as $\chi \rho \hat{\eta} \nu$ is nearly the same as $\omega \phi \in \lambda o v$. On this matter consult Klotz ad Devar. p. 231 fig., Bäumlein's Untersuch. üb. d. gr. Partikeln, p. 68 flg.; Kuihner's Ausf. Gramm. II. p. 724. - odx etvah : see on 73. - This speech of Jason's, 522-575, is just equal in length to Medea's, 465-519, each having 53 verses, excluding, of course, 468 . This correspondence is common in the argnmentative parts of Eurip. plays.
577. Tapd $\gamma \mathbf{v} \mu \boldsymbol{\eta} v$, contrary to your mind or wishes.
580. \& $\mu$ ol, to $m y$ mind: see on 404.
 - ouk dyav rodos: Cp. Hec. 1192, where it is said that such men are sodol, but not סicd ré̉ous ropol.

584 flg. is kal $\sigma \dot{v}, \kappa_{.}$r. $\lambda$. There is a slight turn in this sentence, from an assertion to a prohibition : As for instance you - had best not undertake to be, etc.; the full thought being, 'as, for example, you are a person of this sort, but beware of attempting your sophistries with me.' For is kal бú cp. Andr. 703 ; Hipp. 651. - ekcreveî: a wrestler's phrase.

591 flg. The thought is abridged ; it is in full : It was not that (fear of my anger) that restrained you (from telling me) but the consciousness that your real motive in deserting me was a different one, namely that your marriage with a foreigner was likely to prove not reputable for your old age; i. e. if continued through life.

594, 595. үीpar : infin. after oi $\delta \alpha$ instead of participle. This occurs only with $\boldsymbol{t} \sigma \boldsymbol{\theta}$, chiefly after the phrase $\boldsymbol{\epsilon} \boldsymbol{\delta} \boldsymbol{\tau} \boldsymbol{\delta} \delta^{\prime} \boldsymbol{t} \sigma \boldsymbol{\theta} \boldsymbol{l}$, seldom elsewhere (Soph. Ant. 473, Phil. 1329). - $\lambda$ \&ктpa Barinhur, the royal bride. Baci入écer is
generalizing plural ；of a royal personage，of royalty．The Mss，reading入．Baбı入éces could only mean a king＇s wife．The correction is Elmsley＇s．


598，599．Let me not have prosperity which shall be galling，nor wealth which shall gnaw my conscience ；such as Jason＇s must be．－кwifor ：GMT． § 64， 1 ．
 since $\mu \in \tau \in \dot{U} \xi \in \mathrm{is}$ in thought subordinate to фavei．

606．yapốra，by taking another wife，as you did！ $\mid$｜．
608．dpaios，a curse，curse－bringing．A dark threat．dpaîos has this sense Hipp．1415，Iph．T．778，and elsewhere．

609．is with future indic．at the beginning of a speech，expressive of firm resolution ；an Euripidean idiom．Sometimes，as here，in opposition to the preceding，sometimes in vehement assent．Usually explained（ $\sigma_{\sigma} \theta_{l}$ ） ws，but perhaps rather the is is causal：＇It is useless to talk，for－＇； ＇Have no fear about that，for－．＇－крıvoû～ah，litigabo．－rîv6e：H．577， Rem．c；G．§ 173，1，note．

613．$\sigma \dot{\sigma} \mu \beta=\lambda a$ ：in contracting $\xi \in v i a$ ，guest and host broke a small bone （darpára入os），and retained each a half，to be used thereafter as a creden－ tial either by themselves or others whom they might send ；an interesting usage of the heroic age．

617．8C8ov，offer ；GMT．§ 11，N． 2 ；H． 702 end．
619． $\mathrm{a}^{\prime} \lambda \lambda^{\prime}$ oiv ：well，at any rate．
 Suppl．1038），and ridiculed by Aristophanes，Thesm． 881.

625，626．Fiv 0cî $8^{\prime}$ elpfocran，with leave of Heaven be it said；a for－ mula to avoid the appearance of presumption and consequent divine dis－ pleasure．－bpveional，will be fain to disoron．

627 flg．Jason having departed，the chorus（1）praises moderation and contentment in love and wedlock，and（2）bewails the lot of the homeless． Medea remains upon the stage．－imip－Kyav，plus nimio；as it were，＇in over－excess．＇Sometimes joined írepárav．

629 flg ．тapetakav ：gnomic aorist．The plural of aor．in－ka，Heracl．
 675．－dics，（just enough and no more）in moderation，as Alc．907．－ Alot：GMT．§ 54，2，（a）．

633 flg．xpv̌ซtav ：xpúvєos has ǔ often in lyric passages，a license bor－
 as with a poison．－olợóv ：obj．of éqelns．Aphrodite appears here armed with Eros＇bow．

635．oT\＆pac，lovingly watch over，as a parent over children．

ing peaceful unions may she woith keen judgment regulate the conjugal rela－ tions of women．
647．olkтpótarov dxfuv，pitiable from its woes；dxéwv genit．of cause， as with olkтelpw．Cp．$\mu 0$ pas evidaluoves，Iph．T． 1491.
648 flg. Oaváre．．．．．．．javíaraca：rather（than live an exile）may I perish by death，whenever I have come to that day．This is，I think，the best understanding of this perplexing sentence．$\dot{\xi} \xi a v v^{\prime} \omega$ ，dv＇w often mean reach， arrive at，usually，it is true，with accus．of place；but Tro．595，surd $\delta^{\circ}$力nure doù̀ca，very much as here．（Others render having exded this life； but $\dot{\eta} \mu^{\prime} \rho a$ in this sense must have an adjective with it．Hermann＇s ex－ planation，moriar potius quam hunc diem exegerim，according to which


654．$\mu \hat{i \theta o v}$ ：obj．of $\mathrm{t} \chi \omega$ ．－фpacaotar，to receive into my mind，to recog－ nize the truth of．

659．áxápıттоs $\mathbf{6 \lambda o t r o , ~ m a y ~ h e ~ p e r i s h ~ g r a c e l e s s l y ~ o r ~ d i s m a l l y ; ~ w i t h o u t ~}$ having any $\chi$ ápss，grace or favor，shown him．Jason，the author of all this unhappiness，occurs suddenly to mind．－ 8 т甲 тd́peotvr，who can find it in his heart．－кa0apáv（unless indeed ка日aрâ）poetically joined to $\kappa \lambda \bar{\eta} \delta \alpha$ in－ stead of $\phi \rho \in \omega \hat{\omega}$ ：undoing the bolt of a guileless heart，disclosing frankly
 ${ }^{\ell} \mu \mathrm{ol} \mu^{\boldsymbol{i} v}$ ：opposition to others（ $a \lambda \lambda o c s \delta_{\epsilon}$ ）is implied．

663．Aegeus enters from the right，as coming from the harbor（682）．
 was belicered to mark the centre of the earth．

 too wise for a man in respect of understanding them＇；that is，too vise for $a$ man to understand．Notice $\alpha_{\nu \delta p a}=\mathbb{d} \nu \rho \omega \pi \pi \nu$.
676．$\mu^{\prime} v$（without $\delta^{\prime}$ ）is not unfrequent in questions．Cp． 1129.
677．trel rol kat：this formula means especially as．
679．The scholiast gives as the current form of the oracle ：－
（so，with slight variations，Plutarch and Apollodorus），and explains its

 $\pi \rho i \nu \in \pi \kappa \beta \hat{\eta} \nu a \iota \tau \hat{\eta} s \pi a \tau \rho i \delta o s$. Medea attempts no solution of the mystery．
682．os $\tau l$ Xpifitov：GMT．8 109，Note 4，（a）．Exactly，under the feeling of what need？is is not quite meaningless．
 and Thyestes at least were not ejं的位s at all．
688. Medea turns away as if to end the interview abruptly. Aegens' attention is thus drawn to her sorrowful appearance.
689. 88e, thus: see on 50.
690. Aegeus, I have, etc.

 'over the head,' as we might say, of some one, either the first wife or the children. Alc. 305, 372, Orest. 589, Herod. IV. 154.
695. in wou, if right, must mean, Is it passible that-? (Really in any way-?) But it is not elsewhere used in questigns implying surprise or incredulity as to a statement already made, but in those containing a suggestion of the speaker's, which he brings forward with more or less hesitation. Cp. 1308. Accordingly the conjecture $\mu \dot{\eta} \boldsymbol{\pi} 0 v$ (Weil) has much in its favor.
696. трd тоө : H. 525 d; G. 143, 2.
 with a mighty passion (ironical). Why, he is faithless to his loved oncs. She next explains that this passion is ambition for rank.

703. Iv: GMT. § 11, Note 6.
707. \&xpívera: see on 223.
 patient under the affliction. This last with irony, as it were Jason's own hypocritical language. She means that he is secretly glad of it. So understood, the vulgate, which has caused some perplexity, seems to give good sense.
709. Suppliants clasped the knees, grasped the right hand, or stroked the beard of the person supplicated.
715. $\delta \lambda \beta r o s$ 0drous: that is, 'may you live happy till your death.'
717. $\delta \mathcal{L}$, as often, where $\gamma \dot{\alpha} \boldsymbol{\rho} \rho$ would have been in place.
720. Ceiv: the gods are the guardians of suppliants; Medea, in saying ixeola $\gamma$ (rvopal (710), had put herself under their protection.
722. фpoû6bs clpe, ain helpless, undone, have utterly failed. Cp. Heracl. 703. (Others, am eager ; but there is no example of such a use of $\phi \rho o \hat{\delta} \delta o s$.
724. mapdoopan-Skcucos ${ }^{2 v} v$, shall be justified in trying. According to Greek views of the jus gentium it would be right for Aegeus to protect Medea if she fled of herself to him as a suppliant, but not to take her himself out of another's dominions.

725-728. These four lines seem to be a paraphrase of 723, 724, 729, 730, repeating a part of the thought in a diluted form. They seem to have been written as a substitute for them, by some one who thought the original expression obscure. Hence I have followed Kirchhoff in bracketing them.

Nanck rejects 723, 724, and 729, and places 730 after 726. - os $\sigma$ кì $\mu \mu \hat{\omega}$ : GMT. \& 89, 1 ; H. 845. - tin: dativus commodi.

 a kind of cognate accusative (as it were, walk a footstep); eapecially common in Eurip. Alc. 1153, Elec. 94, 1173, Hec. 53, 1071.
735 fg . Join roúrous dyouou ix yalas $4 \mu$, at the bidaing of these, should they attempt to carry me off out of the country. i $\mu k$ cannot depend on $\mu \mathrm{e}$ $\theta \in i o$, which would require a genit. The Mss. have $\mu \in \theta$ eis, which, if right, would be for $\mu \in \theta e i n s$, a solitary instance of its kind; this shorter form ( $\mu$ e日eimev, etc.) is common enough in plural, but not in singular. ayw of forcible abduction.
 $\mu a \sigma \iota$ oúc àv $\pi / \theta 000$ : this makes the passage merely a repetition of the first part of the sentence. But plainly $\lambda$ dyots 8 \& stands in opposition to dpolour $\mu$ fv, and the meaning must have been, 'but if you make an agreement in words merely, and not with oaths, then you will be likely to yield to my
 furnished by a scholium. I have written the passage, nearly with Nauck, so as to give the needed sense, without feeling at all sure that the words are Euripides'. - $\phi$ ( ${ }^{\circ}$ os : namely of $m y$ enemies.
739. rapá: nearly equivalent to ${ }^{\text {chw. Cp. Andr. }} 235$.
741. Dafas = tick

744 flg. Construe Sexvivan 'xovte, to show that I have: cp. 548. *xovra (instead of $\varepsilon_{\text {xorrt }}$ ) agreeing with the omitted subject of the inf.;
 erly dictate, go over beforehand) the gods I am to swear by. So $\mathbb{E} \xi \mathrm{apx}$ ' opron, Iph. T. 743, administer the oath.
747. ouvribie, together, comprehensively; yuos belongs with \%uvv. Cp. Hec. 1184 ; fragm. 658. Verse 748 occurs again, Iph. T. 738.
750. didos, on the other hand; Cp. on 296.
753. \& for raturocs $\alpha$. It might have been ots.

 259. - Aegeus here departs towards the left, as going to foreign parts.
759. тоцтaios: Hermes, adept in cunning and subterfuge, guides persons through difficult enterprises and journeys: Rhes. 216; Soph. Elec. 1395 ; Phil. 133 ; Aesch. Eum. 90 ; II. $\omega$, 182.
760 flg . The construction is apdfads $T$ (exciva) iv trivovav karixuy
 ley.) Cp. $\pi b \theta_{0}$ катt $\chi \omega v$, Phoen. 330.
763. Seforngou: the dramatists use the tenses doxtow, etc., freely, especially in choral passages.
766. de $\delta \delta \delta v \boldsymbol{\beta} \boldsymbol{\beta} \neq \mathrm{hka} \mathrm{\mu vv}$ : that is, we are no longer wandering at random, see our course clearly before us.
768 flg. रi, where; кat' $\delta \boldsymbol{\mu}$ épos. Schol. In the very matter, she means, which perplexed her most ; see 386 flg . - גxduvopev : as a ship in distress: cp. Aesch. Theb. 210. - $\lambda_{\mu \mu \eta \nu}$ : so Andr. 891 Orestes is called a haven.
770 flg . xpvuvfinv xdinv: the ancients moored their ships with the stern towards the shore. - $\mu$ 人dorres: see on 314. - dotv, the lower town; тбльона, the acropolis.
773. 8txov, expect.

778, 779. These two verses come in very awkwardly after 777. .They were plainly written as a substitute for it, not to follow it.
 ticiple represents the optative. - The next line is suspected by many; ep. 1060.

 This verse (lacking in a good Ms.) is also suspected.
 given up her former plan (375) of causing Jason's death. The idea which has all along been dimly present to her mind has now taken definite shape; she will take a more exquisite revenge by killing his children with his new wife, leaving him childless and without prospect of issue, to pass an old age of regret and remorse.
795. фovov фeifovara the place of the murder was accursed for the murderer; he was obliged to flee and seek expiatory rites (kaOd $\rho \sigma i c a$ a arwor $\mu a$ ) at the hands of some one at a distance, to be freed from blood-guiltiness ( $\mu \mathrm{la} \mathrm{\sigma} \mu a, ~ a t \mu a)$.
798. The thought suddenly strikes her that her life must be rendered miserable by such a deed, but she dismisses it with Never mind; what profits me ny life in any case? KTw: a formula of indifference or defiant resolution ; cp. 819 ; Heracl. 455 ; Orest. 794 ; cp. also 699.
802. oiv 0xî, with Heaven's help; cp. 625.

814 fig. ouk kotiv, it cannot be. - Whoxovoav after rol : see on 660 .
819. otv (i. e. ot $t y) \mu(\sigma \varphi$, , intervening; ''all that you can say meanwhile.' Cp. Hel. 630; Or. 16; H. F. 94. (Or perhaps between us; 'the present discussion'; cp. Hel. 844 ; Elec. 797.)
820 fig. Addressed to the nurse, who has come out from the house. moTh, confidential matters. - Seowdraus, the generalizing plural; she means herself. - yvvi $\tau^{\prime}$ Uфvs : so as to sympathize with another woman.
824 fg . The first strophe and antistrophe celebrate the praises of Athens. After this apparent digression, the chorus returns to the matter in hand
with the thought，＇How can such a place harbor a criminal such as you will be，＇and appeals again to Medea to desist from her design．

825 flg．Ocôv raîbes：Erechtheus（or Erichthonius）was a son of He － phaestus and Gaea．－dropofrov ：so that the autochthonic race have always remained in possession．－The ropla is thought of as a natural product of the country．－$\lambda$ apmpordrov：the clear air of Attica was fa－ mous，and was thonght to impart vivacity and grace．

834．＇Appoviav must be subject to фureîбar，not object，for nine Muses could not bear one daughter．That the Muses were born in Attica，and that Harmonia was their mother，seems to be an invention of Euripides． Hesiod makes them daughters of Zeus and Mnemosyne，born in Pieria near Olympus．

835 fig ．The text is in disorder．As it stands，the goddess dips water from the river to infuse its coolness into the breezes she wafts over the land．This is perhaps endurable，but hardly the double accus．with kata－
 have（after rejecting aojpas，impossible for metrical reasons）a gap of seven syllables，best placed with Kirchhoff after $\chi \dot{\omega} \rho a \nu, \smile ー ー ー \smile \smile$ — The lost words contained some equivalent to aüpas．

844 flg ．Loves which are the companions of wisdom are chaste and tem－
 philosophers；see Eur．frag．342．Such are mavrolas dperâs छuvepyof，that is，join with wisdom in producing every virtue．
 t $\xi \in \iota \sigma \epsilon \ldots$ ，etc．－Lepêv moтapîv ：gen．of characteristic，H．568．－$\phi \lambda_{\omega v}$ $\pi \delta \mu \pi \mu \mathrm{os}$ safely harboring its friends，affording them a safe refuge．In
 ס $\sigma$ lav $\mu$ ет ${ }^{\circ}$ aldav，you the polluted among your fellow－men．

854．$\pi \dot{d} v \boldsymbol{q}_{\eta} \sigma^{2}$ Nauck for $\pi d \nu \tau \epsilon s$ ．The repetition of $\sigma \epsilon$ is not surprising．
856 flg．фpevds．．．Xelpl．．．kapoiq re：a curious enallage；boldness either of mind or in your hand and heart．－rekvov（vocative），Nauck．But even thus the text is hardly sound．

861 flg．\＆8akpuv．．．\＄ovov，keep tearless the lot of murder，i．e．＇keep from weeping at the murder you are destined to commit．＇The emphasis
 1290.

864．\＄otvlav of the effect ；＇stain your hand red．＇
866 flg ．Kal yáp as at 314 ．－outadv：ờtoc du．


876．$\dagger_{\mu} \mu v$ ，of course，with $\sigma \nu \mu \phi о р \hat{\tau} \tau a \tau a$ ．She gives him back his own arguments ；see 563， 595 ；and so in the following sentences．

879．Ti $\pi d \sigma X{ }^{\text {s }}$ ；what am I thinking of？what possesses me to act as I do：Cp． 1049.

880．raifes：referring to 565．－x00́va фefyovras：their banishment from Iolcus is meant．－خ $\boldsymbol{\mu}$ âs：Jason and all the family ；see $551-554$ ．

884．नwdpoviv refers to 549.
 $\mu \varepsilon \tau \in \in \in \omega$ had preceded，instead of the impersonal $\bar{\eta} . . . \mu \in \tau \varepsilon i v a l . ~ H e n c e, ~ t o o, ~$ the accus．кฑסeíovaay．－тapeorávar $\lambda^{\prime} X \in \in$ ：that is，assist at the bridal ceremonies，particularly in conducting the bride into the $\theta d \lambda a \mu o s$. －vó $\mu$－

 in reference to 573 flg ．－yovaickes is predicate nom．，＇in short，we are women＇－kakois：generalizing plural；you were not therefore bound to imitate a bad example like myself．She compliments him on his forbear－ ance at their previous interview．－By vfara she means blind，senseless invective．

892．тарицеб才а，I speak you fair，I crave your good－will．тapleotas is used of one who by concessions and fair words tries to win over another． －фpoveiv ：infin．of the imperfect ；GMT．§ 15， 3.

896．SLa入入AX自TE Tffs $\pi p$ ．＇XDpas，make peace in renouncing your former enmity．Since $\delta$ da入入d $\sigma \sigma o \mu a l$ is strictly effect a change in my relations，it can，like any other compound of $\dot{d} \lambda \lambda d \sigma \sigma \omega$ ，take the genitive．－The chil－ dren，in answer to this summons，appear from the house accompanied by their guardian．
 dea＇s grief overcome her in spite of the part she is acting，so as almost to betray her．Her tears burst forth at sight of the children，and these words escape her almost involuntarily．But，recovering herself，she goes
 of the hidden future，and refer her emotion to natural anxiety for the chil－ dren＇s life．

904 flg ．Xpóve，at length．－тhvee，as you see．
906 flg ． $\mathrm{X}^{\lambda}$ op $\delta v$ ，fresh．Like our green（wood，fruit，etc．），it is opposed to dry，withered，without reference to color ；so，finally，as applied to wine （Cycl．67）or water（Phoen．660）it can mean little else than sparkling．－


908．Ikeiva，your former conduct．
 （aüroî）：genitive absolute，instead of the dative with $\pi b \sigma e c$, simply for con－ venience of the verse．H．791．d．Cp．Soph．Trach． 803.
 at once）．For this use of $\dot{\alpha} \lambda \lambda$, H． 863 a．
 Tìv Ocois, as 802.
917. rd upira of persons of the highest rank, Or. 1248 and elsewhere.
920. Tilos, period. Just so Alc. 412, ripows rethes. -
922. aüт ${ }^{2}$ as vocative; H. 680 a; G. 8148, N. 2.
926. $\epsilon \hat{\theta} \theta \in \sigma \theta a l$ ref $\tau u 0 \%$ is not Greek. The right expression (see Iph. T.
 two syllables ( $-\cup$ ), containing the article, have fallen ont.
928. $\mathbf{k r i}$ Saxpvocs l $\mathrm{l} v$, is by nature prone to tears.
929. rdicuva, tenderly; poor wooman. This verse comes in rather abruptly here. The coherenee is improved by placing 929-931 between 925 and 926.
931. oikcos d, a compassionate anxiety (ein wehmudtiges Gefihl, Klotz) as to whether. Cp. 184.
934. trech, к. т. $\lambda$. : the apodosis is 938 fig. - droorratau: a mild term.

938 flg . dwalpopev: the present in a future sense, like $\epsilon \tau_{\mu}$. H. 699 a ; GMT. \& 10, 1, Notes 6 and 7. - 8 mwe dv : H. 741 ; GMT. \& 44, 1, N. 2.
942 d $1 \lambda$ as as 912 ; at any rate. - rucposs: the genitive with alreiotac (as if $\delta \bar{\epsilon} \hat{\sigma} \theta a c$ ) is surprising ; cp. 1154.
944 flg . mdiosty $\sigma$ 体, that I shall persuade her (not that she will persuade him), as 946 shows. The following verse then means, 'if she is soft-hearted and susceptible to your blandishments like others of her sex.' Medea slyly flatters Jason's self-complacency ; he prides himself on his influence with women. The Mss. continue 945 to Jason; that it belonged to Medea is seen from the scholia.
949. From 786. Elmsley and Kirchhoff reject it there and admit it here.

958. о才тои $\mu$ митTh, not to be despised, with a double meaning. The reader should not fail to note the covert irony of many of Medea's phrases, as $952,957$.
962 خ $\boldsymbol{\mu} \mathrm{a} \mathrm{E}_{\text {, me }}$ mason's vanity is wounded at the thought that gifts can prevail more than his own influence.
 Plat. Rep. 390, runs:-

paraphrased, Ovid, Ars Amat. iii. 653, munera, crede mihi, capiunt hominesque dearque.
966 fg . The argument is: 'such finery beseems a fortunate princess rather than an outcast like myself, and as for its value, I would give even my life to keep my children from banishment.' - $\delta$ 8afpav, Fortuna, the luck. - ikeiva $=$ rd èkeivns. - wia ruparvé, she is young-a princess. -

中uyds：that is，the remission of the penalty．diddaceolar is receive in exchange for，purchase at the price of（less often give in exchange）．
 cedent depends on eddrrelou．－The children here depart with their guar－ dian－slave and Jason．
978 fg ．dva\＆eopâv drav，the bane of the head－bands＝the baneful head－


985．vuнфокорfбa：namely，as bride of Hades；the same idea Iph． Aul．461，Or． 1109.
989．－rwepqíteran：as out of a snare in which the feet are entangled： cp．Aesch．Pers．100．Three syllables（ $-\checkmark$ ）are lacking after this word．
992 flg．سoulv－－
 Bacch． 619 ；Heracl． 63.
995．$\mu$ 伿as wapolxch are at fault respecting your bot，fail to realize what awaits you ；literally，have atrayed beyond it．（Not，＇how art thou fallen from thy high estate．＇）
996．мercoortvopau，I pass to bewailing，I bewail in twrn（after having

 or aftervoard．Ср．метебхомац， 600.
1000．नou：dat，of disadvantage．
1002．The rauday $\alpha$ 万bs，who has accompanied the boys to the palace，here returns with them，and addresses his mistress in breathless cagerness to tell the good tidings．．Meden，acsured of the success of her plans，and now brought face to face with her dreadful task，stands motionless with horror， and seems not to hear him．－dipefveras：cp．the construction of didetras here with that at 1155．Creon＇s consent had not yet been obtained （ 1156 fg ．），but as the bride has promised to intercede，the servant thinks the matter certain．
1004．Thaceiev，$s 0$ far as matters in that quarter are concerned．
1006 fig．From 923 fig．
1009 fg ．Mîv．．．otw otsa，do I，without kwoving it，announcs some mis－ chance？$\tau\left(\sigma^{\prime} \eta\right.$ in a bad sense，as 1203 ．－ $86 f \mathrm{fa}$ eddryenos is the credit of bringing good tidings；see on 557.
1011．Ḧryeidas of＇tryaidas：cp． 889.
 idea is，＇my own perverseness，under influence of the gods，has brought this about．＇She is thinking of the sending of the fatal gifts，but the old man understands her impending banishment，and answers accordingly．

thy children. -xardfw in doable sense ; shall restore from banishment, and shall bring donon to Hades.
1018. Ovqrov dura, one who is mortal.
1020. The attendant enters the house; the children remain. In the remarkable scene which follows, Medea is swayed now this way, now that, by conflicting emotions.
 with significance.

1026 fig. $\lambda$ éxpa : not pleonastic, but $=$ match, marriage. $-\lambda$ apmdifas: to carry torches at the bridal festivities was the special duty of the mothers of the contracting parties.
1029. $6 \lambda \lambda$ os, to no purpose. - 1030 also in Troad. 755.
1035. $\$ \eta \lambda$ corov: feminine, or neater referring to the infin. clause? Probably the latter.
1039. $\alpha \lambda \lambda 0 \quad \sigma \times \eta \mu a \alpha$ $\beta$ lov: ambiguous; the boys understand the splendid life in the palace ; she means the life below.

1046 flg. roúruv with emphasis; 'by harming them,' not the guilty man himself. - $\delta$ ls $\tau \delta \sigma \sigma a$ : twice as great as I inflict on him.
 considered no virtue, but a weakness.
 infinitive expressing astonishment; GMT. \& 104. Shame on my covardice / To think that I should even have let slip soft words from my heart.

1054 flg. Ofpacuv: she speaks of the murder as of a sacrifice, and says, 'let him whose conscience forbids his presence, stay away.' The language is that of one warning the unholy away from a sacred act. - aüvê $\mu \lambda \lambda \eta \sigma e$,
 cordia. (Pflugk.) The idea is enfeeble, destroy the force of; so rywimp סcapoelpecv, allow my resolution to waver, Aesch. Ag. 932.

1056 fg . Oupi : Medea addresses her passion as it were another person. She falters again for an instant, but with a sudden revulsion of feeling bursts forth $\mu$ d rovis, к. т. $\lambda$. - ikci: in Athens.

1059 fig. With these words Medea's frenzy culminates; hereafter her mood is one of calm and unflinching resolution. - raptow: she persuades herself, in spite of 1045 and 1058, that it is too late to saye the boys by flight. - 1062, 1063, from 1240, 1241.
1064. $\pi$ єтрактаи: GMT. § 17, N. 6.
1069. mporanceiv: this word means either to greet at meeting (895) or to bid farewell at parting ; here the latter. The children reappear from the house.
1078. dxef-dvod8e: both with a double meaning.


1077. ota $=$ ota re. So Kirchhoff. But the text is very uncertain.
1079. Bovdcupoirwv, better judgment. This sentiment Euripid. has

 Medea (Met. 7, 20), video meliora proboque, deteriora sequor.
1081. The children have again entered the house ; Medea remains anxionsly looking for further news. Meanwhile the chorus-leader recites the following verses, which are not a stasimon, but only an anapaestic passage separating the parts of the episode, like that at 357, but of unusual length. She prepares the way for the sentiments about children she expresses below (1090) by saying that she, in spite of her sex, has participated in philosophical speculations, since some women, though few, have intel-
 > $\mu$ 人 $10 v$, have engaged in subtler arguments; cp. 872.
1087 fig. raipov Yivos, a small class: supply éerlv. $\mu$ lav was ingen-

 freely at the end ; of womankind namely, referring to $\gamma \in \pm \frac{1}{}$.
1091. ãeبpon, namely raidozotas, as the next clause shows. A like sentiment, Alc. 880 ; the reverse, Ion 488.
 ruxorres, inasmuch as they have none (children).

1101 flg. тра̂тov $\mu \mathrm{lv}-\mathrm{re}$ : see on 126. - $8 \pi \mathrm{~ms}$ Qpływort: GMT. § 85 and
 of an object clause after an expression of care or anxiety; cp. GMT. § 45 Remark, and foot-note.
1103. dk , after.
1105. Td $\pi$. $\lambda$ olothov kaxbv, the crovening evil of all.
1107. kal 8 f as 386.
1109. el 87 кuphfau $\delta a l p a v y$ obros, si tamen ea fortuna eveniat. (Elmsley.)
 children by death, and the sense is: 'Why, for the sake of having children, should men incur such afflictions at the hands of the gods?'

1123. $\lambda_{\text {troifa }}$ : that is, 'not leaving unused,' taking the first means of conveyance that offers. vatav dxfin C : a circumlocution for ship, like $\nu$ diò $\delta \chi \eta \mu a$, Iph. T. 410.
1129. $\mu$ fv as in 676 . - фpoveís bpAa, are you in your right mind ?
1133. 仿 $\sigma \pi t p x \circ v$, don't be excited. - $\phi$ lios : nomin. for vocative.

1141. $\delta \mu^{\mu} v$ тss: H .525 a , fine print. Tis shows that $\delta \mu \hat{\rho}$ does not refer to any particular person.
1143. ortyas yovacion (accus of place whither), the guvacusitis or women's apartment. It was unusual for a man to enter this, but the joy of the moment excused this infraction.
1144. Daupaţopev, look up to. (Elmsley.)
1150. ©pyàs d́dripar: 456 and note.
 wrathful...but ceasc...and turn, etc. GMT. § 89, 2 and Note 1, where similar examples. The futures express a command, and are probably interrogative, ov going with all of them, $\mu \nmid$ only with $\begin{aligned} & \text { E/Gel } \\ & \text { Otherwise Good- }\end{aligned}$ win, 1. c. Rem. 1.

1154 fig. тараитfन्e: тараurєiofar ratpos is less anomalous than alтeídac жarpbs, 942, but both are singular. - 4ìiv Xaptv adverbial, for my sake.

1158 fig. dreival: the boys returning home with their attendant, Jason
 double angment, is very doubtful.
1162. cix́s (gen. cixoûs, Hel. 77), collateral form of eik心y.
 certainly the foot (properly the sizew of the heel), as Bacch. 938 , and $\delta \rho \theta 6$ s seems to mean raised on tiptoe. She stands on tiptoe and looks over her shoulder to survey the fall of the robe.
1167. todretios, deinde. Strictly an appositive; as the next thing in order.
 (instead of the more regular xpiv $\pi \epsilon \sigma \epsilon \hat{\nu} \nu$ ), since it implies prevention, a negative idea. GMT. § 95, 2 (c); H. 838. Scarcely does she throw herself...in time to avoid falling, etc.
1172. Ilavds bpyds. Such a sudden and unaccountable feeling of terror as sometimes comes over one in deep forests and lonely mountain glades the Greeks believed to be sent by Pan, and thence any apparently causeless fright or panic ( $\pi$ avıкду $\delta \in i \hat{\mu} a$ ), even in battle, as well as sudden madness and epileptic fits, were thought to come from him. A like crazing influence over the mind was ascribed to other deities, Dionysus, Hecate, Cybele. In such cases it was proper that the divine presence be recognized by an $6 \lambda_{0} \lambda \nu \gamma \boldsymbol{f}$ or prayerful ejaculation, a peculiar cry of the women, expressive of religious fervor and joy, and used on divers sacred occasions.


 Alc. 922, ì uevalwy roos dyrima入os.

 have been reaching the goal of a course six plethra long（that is，would have walked a stadium），when she，etc．The transcribers strangely misunderstood and garbled this passage．The reading in the text is Porson＇s，after cor－ rections of Reiske and Muagrave．But even this is hardly sound；d $v e \lambda x \omega \nu$ ， in this connection，for ${ }^{2}$ vaxou申i $\} \omega v, \epsilon \xi a / p \omega v$, is odd，and as all the Mss．have
 Agam．344）meant one side of a double race－course，and that dveixwr has replaced some other participle，with the idea of passing over；perhaps dutpruv or deviAúv（Weil dvei入ûv）．
 Transl．from this condition of，or afler remaining with．－dvaúSov with в $\mu \mu$ atos by a kind of zeugma Elmsl．compares ruф入ì $\chi$ кipa，Ph．1699， тиф $1 \hat{\psi}$ тоठl，Hec． 1050.
1193．By obveeopa are meant claspe of some sort（cp．Becch．697），by which the head－dress was fastened on，and＇the gold held the clasps＇means simply that the golden clasps would not give way．

1196．кdepra 8vopaAn）s isaiv，very hard to recognize at sight．
1197．Sfinos：see on 61．－кathotarus，expression，strictly settled con－ dition．
1200．meíxuvov 8áxpu• tioca Hesych．
 calamity．

1209．répovia is used adjectively．Yépar rúußos，of an old man ripe for the grave，occurs again Heracl． 166.

1216．i $8^{\circ}$ dureddivio：of course only in appearance，by the adhesion of the robes；it does not imply，as the Schol．thought，that she was still alive．－тpds $\beta$ lav ayou，struggled violently．

1218．dజforn，desisted．
1221．roonvin Saxprourt ：a misfortune welcome to tears is boldly put for one which calls for，or excites a desire for tears．（The meaning to be mourned for，which Liddell and Scott，6th ed．，assign to roocubs here，it cannot possibly have．）

1222．The sense：＇your situation I will not speak of．＇
1224 fig．The messenger closes with some rather cynical reflections： there is，he thinks，no such thing as true happiness among men ；philoso－ phers，who pretend to have found the key to eíjachovia，are guilty of most serious deceit．－of vôv $\pi$ раิ̂ov：cp．293， 446.

1227．In $\boldsymbol{\mu}$ lav：they deserve punishment，he means，for misguiding the multitude．Many write $\mu \omega \rho /$ lay on conjecture．

1228 fig．He distinguishes between cídauovia，complete happiness un－
alloyed with misery, and ciruxia, mere good lack for the time being. The messenger now departs.

1236 fg . rotpyov: subject of $\delta t \delta o r$ rac and explained by the inf. $\mathbf{d} \phi \circ \rho \mu$ and érooival as appositives. - кravoíg-ayovalav: the nearer conforms itself to $\mu$ ot, the latter falls back into the accus.
1240. madrow, in any case. Even if she spared them, they would be killed as instrumental in causing the death of the princess and Creon.
1243. $\mu \grave{\eta}$ тpagoav: $\mu 力$ ovं (which Elmsley restored) would be in place here, but is not necessary ; see GMT. $8 \mathbf{9 5}$, 2, Note 2, last part.
1245. Balproa: the deed is to be the beginning of a long career of wretchedness, which she likens to a race. - $\lambda$ varipaly goes in thought rather with $\beta$ lov ; see note on кaOapdr, 660.
1250. Tt- 86 : H. 855 b. - Medea enters the house.

1251 fg . The text of this ode is corrupt in several places, though its tenor is plain. The chorus calls, as a last resort, on the gods to prevent the impending crime; on the Sun, Medea's and the children's ancestor, and the Earth, who will be polluted by the blood; deplores then the murderous frenzy which can bring nothing but evil in its train.

1252 fg . 'A Ahes has not often $\breve{a}$, but a clear case seems to be Soph.
 other examples. The preposition belongs equally to both verbs. 'Look on her before she does the deed ' implies, of course, 'prevent her.'
1255 flg. The Mss. oâs rdp drd against metre; dirb has crowded out some trochaic word beginning with a consonant. - $\beta$ 人actev: who ! Medea, as it stands. But it is the boys' divine origin that the chorus is thinking of, not Medea's, who is referred to in the next line as duepes.

 tained a word designating the children. Wecklein writes $\sigma \pi i \rho \mu a ;$ it might be a neut. plural. - $\theta$ cov, к. $\boldsymbol{\tau}_{\text {. }}$. ., there is fear that a god's blood (in the boys' veins) be shed by human hands. The Mss. aimatc, giving neither sense nor metre; - $\boldsymbol{\tau}$ is a trace of some lost word; Wecklein $\pi \in \delta o u$. Per-

 geance, bloodthirsty, driven hither and thither by the Furies. Not Medea herself, but rather her guiding genius is meant. I have written nearly with Weil ; the Mss. reading violates the inetre, and affords no dependence
 for $\boldsymbol{d} \lambda \dot{d} \sigma \tau \omega \rho$.
1261. $\mu$ ox0os r kwwy, the toil expended on the children.
1267. apeeßeral as it stands must be rendered comes in turn, ensues. But the metre betrays a gap of two short syllables.

1268 flg . Obscure and corrupt. The most that can be made of it is: grievous to mortcls is the stain of kindred blood ( $\dot{\mu} \mu \gamma \in \nu \hat{\eta} \mu \mathrm{c} \dot{\alpha} \sigma \mu$.) abroad in the land, recoiling from the divine hand ( $\theta \in \delta \theta \epsilon \nu$ $\pi i \tau \nu o \nu \tau a)$ as corresponding
 $\sigma v \gamma \Psi \delta \dot{6}$, sc. $\tau 0 i \hat{s} \mu \iota \dot{\alpha} \sigma \mu a \sigma \iota \nu$; commensurate with the guilt.
1271. The voices of the boys are heard behind the scene. The two verses ol $\mu$ оt... $\dot{b \lambda \lambda u ́ \mu \in \sigma \theta a}$ үáp come in the Mss. before 1273. But the antistrophe shows that two trimeters are wanting after 1274, and it seems best (as Seidler first proposed) to insert these, and supply their place above with some exclamation (as alai) standing extra metrum. The falling out of this word occasioned the transposition.

 But, with a timidity characteristic of the chorus, they do not venture after all. So Aesch. Ag. 1346 the chorus, in a similar situation, talk of coming to the rescue, but do not do it. Cp. Hipp. 782.
 фо́рогб.

1281. tékvav גротоv (segetein liberorum, Pflugk) periphrasis for tekva.
 $\sigma \phi a \gamma \hat{n}$, Orest. 947.
1284. Ino, daughter of Cadmus, wife of Athamas, had incurred Hera's anger by caring for the infant Dionysus, whence she and her husband were visited with madness. The commoner form of the story is that Athamas slew one of their children, Learchus, and would have slain the other, Melicertes, but that Ino fled from him and leaped into the sea with the infant in her arms. But Euripides has here followed another account, not elsewhere found, which makes Ino kill both children in her frenzy, and then throw herself into the sea in despair. The gods took pity on Ino and she became a sea-goddess under the name of Leucothea; Odyss. $\epsilon$, 333.
1286. ф $\delta v \varphi$ is dat. of cause.
 namely in the act of stepping off into the sea.
1290. $\delta \in\left\llcorner\downarrow \delta{ }^{2}\right.$ : that is, that can be called terrible in comparison with these crimes.
1293. Jason comes in breathless haste to save his children from the vengeance of the Corinthians.
$1296 \mathrm{flg} . v \nu-\sigma \phi \in$ : the repetition of the pronoun after so short an interval is singular. But as $\delta \in \hat{\imath}$ can take an accus. even without an infinitive (as $\delta \epsilon \hat{\imath} \mu \epsilon \tau \operatorname{cou} \tau o v$ ), it is possible that $\nu \iota \nu$ was felt to belong so closely to $\delta \epsilon \hat{\imath}$ as to justify another subject for the infinitive, somewhat as in Paley's ren-
dering, "it is needful for her that she..."- $\pi \tau \eta v \delta v$, on wings. - ©l $\mu \eta$ 8(wee, if she means to escape paying; GMT. § 49, 1, Note 3.
1300. airth: "plane hic otiosum et supervacaneum vocabulum." Hermann. Not so ; the sense is, 'does she who killed others expect to escape death herself?'
 cp. 1067, 1344.
 897 , Note 1, latter part.

1304 flg . $\mu \mathrm{ot}$ : dat. incommodi of the person remotely interested, as in 273. With $\delta p a \sigma \omega \sigma t$ understand aüroús. - oi aporfkovtes Yévet: sc.


1309. taifes- $\sigma \in \theta e v$ together. $\sigma \in \theta \in \nu$ is similarly placed, Suppl. 133 ; Phoen. 1213, 1588.
1310. Ti $\lambda_{\ell j \in \epsilon s ; ~(G M T . ~ § ~ 25, ~ 1, ~ N o t e ~ 6, ~ l a s t ~ p a r t), ~ w h a t ~ d o ~ y o u ~ m e a n ~ ? ~}^{\text {? }}$ The future as if the speaker did not comprehend the whole calamity and expected some further account.
 \$povrifg, consider solemnly, take it to heart.
1314 flg. Addressed to the slaves within, who alone can undo the fastenings. Cp. Or. 1561 ; H. F. 332 ; Hipp. 808 ; I. T. 1304 (roîs Evסov $\lambda \in \neq \gamma \omega)$.
 there is an abrupt change of construction; we should expect $\tau \grave{\eta} \nu \delta \varepsilon \in \kappa \epsilon \epsilon \nu a-$

1317. While Jason is trying to force the door, Medea suddenly appears aloft in a chariot drawn by dragons (see Hypothesis), bearing the bodies
 orperpa, not, however, on the stage. That Jason actually uses a lever is hardly to be thought ; probably the word is applied metaphorically to his efforts to lift the door off its hinges. But the phrase excited the ridicule of Aristophanes, Clouds 1397.
1322. Épupa $X \in p o ́ s$, protection against the hand.
 Alc. 790.
1329. фроvผิv : participle of the imperfect ; GMT. § 16, 2.
1333. T $\omega \boldsymbol{\nu} \sigma \hat{\omega} \nu . . . \theta \in \mathrm{ol}$, an avenging demon which haunted thy family the gods have hurled upon me. This refers back to $\nu \hat{v} \nu \phi \rho o v \hat{\omega}, 1329$. The sense of the whole is, ' Now I realize what I did not realize before; an ancestral curse which rested on thy family has passed over upon me.' The idea of the $\dot{\alpha} \lambda \dot{\alpha} \sigma \tau \omega \rho$, so prominent in Greek tragedy, had its roots in the popular belief. It is a demon of vengeance, which ceaselessly haunts its victims,
and passes from generation to generation perpetaating crime and misery: So here the ${ }^{2} \lambda d \sigma \tau \omega \rho$ spoken of (the evil genius which actuates Medea) is the personification of an ancient curse clinging to Medea's family; it had wreaked itself on that family in the murder of Apsyrtus, and now on Jason in the murder of his children. (The reading $\tau \hat{\omega} \nu \sigma \hat{\omega} v \dot{\alpha} \lambda$. is due to Wecklein, who, however, interprets it wrongly 'the demon that avenged thy kindred.' But d $\lambda d \sigma \tau \omega \rho$ $\tau \omega b$ s is, in good writers, never the demon which avenges one, but that which haunts one.)
1334 raptotiov heightens the guilt. He had fled to the écrla as a suppliant. Eurip. adopts the account, also followed by Sophocles in the Ko八xifes, that Apsyrtus was murdered at home. The common story is that he accompanied Medea and Jason in their flight, and was slain on the way.

 ceding.
1342. Tupoquc6os: either Italian (the Etruscans being to Eurip. the representative people of Italy), or because she lived at the entrance to the Tuscan sea. Cp. 1359.

1347. $\pi$ бра $=\pi$ требт ; ср. 443.

1351. \&ferava: the aor. refers to the present moment, the idea being, $I$ should undertake to make a long speech (which, however, I do not), whereas
 f 49, 2, Note 5 ; H. 746 a, last part. Cp. v. 425.
 word has Hipp. 1417, Aesch. Ag. 1279. It takes the emphasis; 'Creon was not going to banish me without my having my revenge.' aruos gets this meaning naturally; it is, without satisfaction, deprived of one's due, since vengeance was a $\tau \iota \mu \eta$ or natural right.

1359 fig. \$x ' comme il faut,' finely.
1362. $\lambda$ iee (566) dגyos, grief profits me ; i. e. I can afford to grieve.
1364. vóre, morbid passion.

1367. $\gamma$ belongs to $\lambda \epsilon \chi$ ous : an enclitic (or $\mu \epsilon \theta, \delta \epsilon$ ) often separates $\gamma \in$ from its word.
1371. clolv answers oúket' clol of the previous verse. 'They live as ruthless avengers to haunt thee.' $\mu$ dotap (polluter) is either (1) a guiltstained wretch whose contact defiles others, or (2) the ghost of a murdered man haunting the murderer, and producing $\mu l a \sigma \mu a$, blood-guiltiness.

Here and Aesch. Eum. 177 it has the latter sense. Hence $\sigma \hat{\varphi}$ кd́pq, because their blood is upon Jason's head.
 above. - $\boldsymbol{\beta}$ 占tv here means conversation, society.
 plied in 1374), that she may accomplish undisturbed the burial of her children before setting out for Athens. He says, riddance is easy, i. e. to be had on easy terms. She scornfully asks 'how $q$ ' affecting to be anxious to comply. (Yet we fail to see how Jason's presence is any hindrance to Medea, for she is mistress of the situation, and can proceed in her dragoncar at any moment to bury the bodies. But to take dimadaaral, with Paley, to mean divorce does not help the matter.)
1379. The most famous Corinthian temple of Hera akpala (goddess of the heights) was at the end of the Heraean promontory in the Corinthian gulf, distant from the city several miles in a straight line across the bay. Elmsley and most others have supposed that temple to be meant here. But the local tradition represented the children as buried in the city itself; at least their monument ( $\mu \nu \hat{\eta} \mu a$ ) stood there, near the street leading toward Sicyon. And we know that in the same quarter, on a spur of the Acrocorinthus, there was a temple of Hera $\beta$ ovvala. Now as $\beta$ ovvala and dxpaia seem to be equivalent terms, it is altogether probable that this was the temple in which the rites relating to Medea were celebrated, and in the $\tau \in \mu$ evos of which the children's graves were. This view is confirmed by the Schol. on this passage, who says that the temple here mentioned was situated on the Acrocorinthus. See E. Curtius, Peloponnesus, Vol. II. p. 533.
1380. ws $\mu \boldsymbol{\mu} \boldsymbol{\tau} \mathbf{\tau}$, к. т. $\lambda$. The sacredness of the place would insure this.

1386. Medea here appears endowed with the prophetic gift, to which she has a right as a sorceress and the grand-daughter of a god. As to Jason's death, see the first Hypothesis. The Schol. knows another account, according to which Jason had hung up the ship's gunwale in the temple of Hera, and this fell down and crushed him. See also Neophron, frag. 3, Appendix.

1389 fg . $d \lambda \lambda \alpha^{\prime} \sigma($ not $d \lambda \lambda \alpha \sigma \epsilon$, with emphasis on the pronoun. 'Epıvis rekvav : the Erinys of a particular person is often spoken of as avenging his death. - 中ovla, i. e. requiting murder with marder.
1396. oẗँw $\theta \rho \eta$ vets: the sense is, 'You do not yet know what grief is. Wait till you are old.' (Paley.) He will then feel what it is to be childless. - kal $\gamma \hat{\eta} \rho a s$, age in addition to your present afflictions.
1400. тробттígactar (here $=$ kiss, cp. Phoen. 1671), infin. of purpose added epexegetically.
1401. mpoorav\&ậs : see on 1069. This verb is regularly used of farewell words spoken to the dead, - a Greek custom. - dowdyt: of a parting salutation, as Tro. 1276.
1408. סтббov refers to the whole of the next line. 'I do at least what I can, I lament...'
1413. фvoras: the participle contains the leading idea, as often. Would that I had never begotten them, to see them, etc. - 8фe入ov: augmentless also Aesch. Pers. 915.

1416 fig. These seem to have been stock verses of Euripides, for they conclude not only this play, but also the Alcestis, Andromache, Bacchae, and Helena. On this Hermann (Bacch. 1388) says: "Qui factum sit ut Euripides quinque fabulas iisdem versibus finierit, non memini me a quoquam interpretum indicatum legisse. Scilicet, ut fit in theatris, quum actorum partes ad finem deductae essent, tantus erat surgentium atque abeuntium strepitus, ut quae chorus in exitu fabulae recitare solebat, vix exaudiri possent. Eo factum, ut illis chori versibus parum curae impenderetur." Others have thought that such endings were added by the actors. Wecklein points out that 1417 fig. do not apply to the Medea.

## CHIEF DEVIATIONS

## FROM THE BEST MANUSCRIPTS.

The following list includes only cases in which the reading adopted in the text is found in no manuscript of the 1st class (see Intr. §8). Before the colon stands the adopted reading, after it the reading of the 1st class Mss., minor variants neglected. Where the former is derived from Mss. of the 2d class it is marked 2; where from the scholia, $S$; otherwise it. stands by conjecture only. Smaller corrections are omitted.

[^5]
## CHIEF DEVIATIONS. 127










## METRES OF THE LYRICAL PARTS．

Five kinds are used in this play．
1．Dactylo－epitritic（or Doric）strophes are composed of the following elements（series or cola）：
（1）ノーソニーソーー．Dactylic tripody，with spondee in 3d place．
（2）レーニー Second epitrite（trochee and spondee）．
Either of these may be catalectic ；so arise ：
（3） ユーいニーし－
（4）レーニ
These elements are combined in various ways，mostly two or three uniting to form a verse．Forms（1）and（2）may shorten the last syllable in caesura， even in the middle of a verse．An anacrusis may be prefixed to any verse． Sometimes，especially at the end of the strophe，other dactylic and trochaic series are employed．The movement is in common（ $\mathbf{q}^{2}$ ）time；the trochee being

2．Logaoedic strophes；see Hadl．916．They unite dactyls and trochees in the same series（colon）．Pure trochaic（or iambic）series may be used with the logaoedic．They move in triple（ $\frac{3}{8}$ ）time ；the dactyls being cyclic （ $\sqrt{5}$ ）and the spondees irrational（ $\hat{\lambda}$ ）．

3．Dactylo－trochaic strophes consist of dactyls and trochees（or iambi） in separate series．A dactylic and a trochaic series may，however，unite to form one verse（Hadl． 909 n．o．p．）．A spondee standing for the last dactyl of a series may shorten its final syllable even in the middle of a verse．The movement is in triple time，with cyclic dactyls and irrational spondees．

4．Dactylic verse ；H．908．Common（4）time．
5．Dochmii ；see H．928．Their rhythm is broken，$\frac{5}{8}$ alternating with $\frac{8}{8}$ ； Nld ded etc．

In the following schemes the foot－ictus is marked with •，the first ictus of each series（colon）with＇．The sign L denotes a triseme long syllable （d．），a tetraseme（d）．

PARODOS．
Proode（131－138）．
Dactylic，with anapaestic introduction．
ーレレ－ニーレーレーニ
－ 1 －－
ハーレーレーンーレンーし
－－ニーへニーーニーし These four cola form one long verse or
ーレーニーレンーレーンー hypermeter．
ーーレンールニールニーノ
ール ட ー ட ー ட（ Iambic close；sync．tetrap．hypercat．

Strophe and Antistrophe（148－159＝173－184）．
Logaoedic，with anapaestic introduction．
－ノー－－－－シー
-1 －－－－－
-1 －－

$\simeq$ ノ $-\quad \therefore \quad$ Brachycat．tripody with anacr．
ー－－－Troch．
レーンー・•－
ーレー－レ－

ー டレட－Syncopated trochaic tetrap．
へー－－ニ ニ On the next to the last syll．see H． 916 c．

```
                    Epode (204-213).
                    Dactylo-trochaic.
ーレー ட - - - - Iamb. sync.
```



```
-1 - - ! - - - Troch. dipod. W. anacr. + dact.
```




```
!!-土ーシ
    ノ_- - Dact. tetrap. brachycat.
                    FIRST STASIMON.
        1st Strophe and Antistr. (410-420=421-431).
            Dactylo-epitritic.
ニリーーシーーンール゙ーシー
    ! - - リーーシーーシ
    エーソニールニー!ーシ
    ノーレンールニ -
```



```
    !- - ! - - リーニ
    シーーニーーンーリービーヒー Troch. tripod. as close.
        2d Strophe AND ANTISTR.(432-438=439-445).
            Logaoedic.
ー - - - - - - - Hexapody, sycop. before the dactyl.
```



```
ッ1- - - 
```



SECOND STASIMON．
1st Strophe and Antistrophe（627－634＝635－642）．
Dactylo－epitritic．


2d Strophe and Antistrophe（643－652 $=653-662$ ）．
Logaoedic．
ーーレー ́ー・
ーーーーロ－$\quad$ Two cola：pentap．
 ーーレーニーニー ーー［ synizesis．
 ーーシーレ－

THIRD STASIMON．
1st Strophe and Antistrophe（824－834＝835－845）．
Dactylo－epitritic．

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { ニレーレーレーニ ニ ! - - } \\
& \text { レー - ー ーーーンーー - }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { ーレーニンーン - レ - - - } \\
& \text { ロ - ニーレレー ட - Glyconic as close. }
\end{aligned}
$$

2d Strophe and Antistrophe（846－855 $=856-865$ ）．
Logaoedic．

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { - ローンーン } \quad \text { Tripodies and brachycat. tetrapodies, ending with a } \\
& \text { ーー - ーロ - } \\
& \text { ーベー - レ - } \\
& \text { ーシーー ーレ - } \\
& \text { ーレー ー - - } \\
& \text { ーシーンー・• } \\
& \text { ー ーーンーレー - } \\
& \text { ートーンー - } \\
& \text { 1~ー - }
\end{aligned}
$$

## FOURTH STASIMON．

1st Strophe and Antistrophe（976－982＝983－989）．
Dactylo－epitritic．
ーーーレーーーンーレー－
レー－ー ローーンーー－－
レー－ー レーーンーーンー
レー－－レー－－
，Spondee for dact．in 1st place；an

レーレーリーレー ー ヒー Trochaic tripody as close．

2d Strophr and Antistrophe（990－995＝996－1001）．

## Dactylo－trochaic．

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { ーー - レ・ - }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { ー ーレー ーーンーレ }-\quad \text { Iamb. hexap. syncop. and }
\end{aligned}
$$

## METRES OF THE LYRICAL PARTS． 133

## FIFTH STASIMON．

1st Stropir and Antistrophe（ $1251-1260=1261-1270$ ）．
Dochmii．
－ 1 —－－－Bacchic tripody catal．Hadl． 929 b．

ー－－－－！－－•＂＂
ー 1－－－ローー－＂＂
$ー ト ー ー ン ー$－－Dochmius and iamb．dipody．

－シ－－Dochmius．
ニ＇セ－ー－ー＇ை－－－）Six dochmii ；belong together as one


2d Strophe and Antistrophe（1271－1281＝1282－1292）．
Dochmii，with iambic trimeters．
ートーー・ーローー・
ートーーンー＇゚ールン
Two iamb．trim．
ートーーンートーーン
ーローー－
Two iamb．trim．


## APPENDIX.

## I.

## FRAGMENTS OF NEOPHRON'S MEDEA.

(See Nauck, Trag. Graec. Fragm., p. 565 fig.)
1.





## 2.





 $\delta \rho \bar{\omega} \sigma^{\prime}$ ढ̈ $\rho \eta \mu о \nu$ каі̀ $\pi a \rho \eta \mu \in \lambda \eta \mu \in \in \eta \nu$










## 3.



APPENDIX. ..... 135




II.<br>FRAGMENTS OF ENNIUS' MEDEA.<br>(Ribbeck, Trag. Lat. Reliq., p. 36 fig.)

1. (Eurip. v. 1.)

Utinám ne in nemore Pélio securibus caesa cecidisset abiegna ad terrám trabes, neve inde navis incohandae exbrdium coepisset, quae nunc nominatur nomine Argo, qua vecti Argívi delectí viri petébant illam pêlem inauratam arietis Colchis, imperio régis Peliae, per dolum. Nam numquam era errans méa domo ecferrét pedem Medéa, animo aegra, ambre saevo saúcia.
2. (7. 49.)

Antíqua erilis fida custos corporis, quid sic te extra aedis éxanimata eliminas?
3. (7. 67.)

Cupido cepit miseram nunc me, proloqui caelo átque terrae Médeaï miserias.
4. (7. 181.)
. . . . fluctus vérborum aures alucupant.

> 6. (7. 214.)

Quaé Corinthum arcem altam habetis, matronae opulentae, 6ptumates -

Múlti suam rem béne gessere et públicam patria procul, multi qui domi aétatem agerent, própterea sunt ímprobati.

> 6. (7. 250.)
. . . . nam tér sub armis malim vitam cérnere, quam semel modo parere.
7. (7. 858.)

Si té secundo lumine hic offéndero, moriére.
8. ( 7.885.$)$

Néquaquam istuc ístac ibit: magna inest certatio.
nám ut ego illis sápplicarem tanta blandiloquéntia -?
9. (7. 871.)

Ílle transversa ménte mi hodie tradidit repágula, quíbus ego iram omném recludam atque illi perniciém dabo, míhi maerores, illi luctum, ex́tium illi, exilium mihi.
10. (7. 502.)

Quo nanc me vortam? quod iter incipiam ingredi? domúm paternamne ánne ad Peliae filias?

$$
\text { 11. (v. } 580 .)
$$

Tu me amoris magis quam honoris sérvavisti grátia
12. (r. 764.)

Sol, qui candentem in caélo sublimas facem.
13. (v. 1069.)
. . . . . . . . . . . . salvete optima corpora, cétte manus vestras measque accípite
14. (7. 1251.)

Juppiter tuque adeo summe Sol, qui omnis res inspicis, quíque luminé tuo maria térram caelum cóntines, inspice hoc facinus priusquam flat: prohibessís scelus.

## 15. (See Introd. § 18.)

Qui ipse sibi sapiéns prodesse nón quit, nequiquam sapit.
16.
[Médea, utinam ne umquam Colchis capido corde pedem éxtulisses.]

In all probability the two following fragments belong here too: Inc. Inc. tab. 94 (hur. V. 476.)
Nón commemoro quod draconis saévi sopivi impetum, nón quod domui vím taurorum et ségetis armataé manus.

Shan. inc. nom. 25 (Eur. v. 714.)
Út tibi Titanis Trivia déderit stirpem líberum.

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[^0]:    * Boeckh fancied that in the first edition of the piece it was Hera herself who commanded this in person.

[^1]:    * Wecklein contends that the notice in question is wrong, and that Euripides' first Medea was older than Neophron's. But surely Aristotle and his pupil were in a situation to know from the original records to which play the priority belonged.

[^2]:    *Od. к 137, м 70; Il. $\eta 468$.

[^3]:    * Schol. Med. 11 ; Schol. Pind. O1. xiii. 52.
    + Schol. Med. 10.
    $\ddagger$ Schol. Med. 10 ; Schol. Pind. OL xiii. 52 ; Pausan. ii. 3, 8.

[^4]:    * Schol. Med. 273.
    † ii. 3, 6.
    $\ddagger$ Schol. Med. 10.

[^5]:    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    

